



BGS INTERNATIONAL PUBLIC SCHOOL

SECTOR-5, DWARKA, NEW DELHI -75

PREBOARD - I (2023-24)

SUB: APPLIED MATHEMATICS (241)

CLASS: XII

SET: 1

SCHOOLCODE: 25279

TIME: 3 Hours

M.M:80

General instructions:

- (i) This question paper contains 5 sections A, B, C, D and E. Each section is compulsory.
- (ii) Section -A carries 20 marks weightage, Section -B carries 10 marks weightage, Section- C carries 18 marks weightage, section- D carries 20marks weightage and section- E carries 3 case based with total weightage of 12 marks.
- (iii) Section A : It comprises of **18 MCQ's of 1 mark** each and **2 Assertion- Reasoning Based** questions
- (iv) Section B : It comprises of **5 VSA type questions of 2 marks** each,
- (v) Section C: It comprises of **6 SA type of questions of 3 marks** each.
- (vi) Section D :It comprises of **4 LA type of questions of 5 marks** each.
- (vii) Section E: It has **3 CASE STUDY BASED QUESTION of 4 marks** each.

SECTION - A

(All questions are compulsory. No internal choice is provided in this section)

Q1. $[(3 \times 7) + 5] \text{ mod } 4$ is

- (a) 3 (b) 2 (c) 4 (d) 5

OR

A person can row a boat 5 km an hour in still water. It takes him thrice as long to row upstream as to row downstream. Find the rate at which the stream is flowing.

- (a) 1.5 km/hr (b) 2.5 km/hr (c) 2km/hr (d) 3 km/hr

Q2. In what ratio must rice at Rs 69 per kg be mixed with rice at Rs 100 per kg so that the mixture be worth ₹ 80 per kg?

- (a) 11:20 (b) 11: 10 (c) 20:11 (d) 10:11

Q3. pipes A and B together can fill a pipe in 4 hours, pipe B take 6 hours more than A to fill the tank, if they opened separately. The time taken by A to fill the tank alone is

- (a) 2 hours (b) 4 hours (c) 6hours (d) 8 hours

Q4. The feasible region of the inequality $x + y \leq 1$ and $x - y \leq 1$ lies in quadrants.

- (a) Only I and II (b) Only I and III (c) Only II and III (d) All the four

OR

For the LP problem maximize $Z = 2x + 3y$. The co-ordinates of the corner point Of the bounded feasible region are A (3, 3), B (20, 3), C (20, 10), D (18, 12),E (12, 12). The Maximum value of Z is

- (a) 72 (b) 80 (c) 82 (d)70

Q5. $A \# B$, means A is greater than B,

$A * B$, means A is smaller than B,

$A \% B$, means A is equal to B

$A @ B$, means A is greater than equal to B,

$A \textcircled{C} B$, means A is smaller than equal to B

Statement: $S \textcircled{C} P @ Q \# R$

Conclusion I: $S @ R$

Conclusion II: $R * P$

(a) Only conclusion I is true

(b) Only conclusion II is true

(c) Both conclusion I and II are true

(d) Neither conclusion I nor II is true

(e) Either conclusion I or II is true

Q6. If matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 \\ -3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and $A^2 = \alpha A$ then write the value of α
 (a) 9 (b) 6 (c) 18 (d) 12

Q7. A is a skew-symmetric matrix and a matrix B such that $B'AB$ is defined, then $B'AB$ is a:
 (a) symmetric matrix (b) skew-symmetric matrix
 (c) Diagonal matrix (d) upper triangular symmetric

Q8. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ write A^{-1} in terms of A
 (a) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ -5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ (b) $\frac{1}{19} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ (c) $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ (d) $\frac{1}{19} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

Q9. Find the intervals in which the functions $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 6$ is strictly increasing
 (a) $(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$ (b) $(2, \infty)$ (c) $(-\infty, 2)$ (d) $(-\infty, 2] \cup [2, \infty)$

Q10. Suppose that demand is given by the equation $x_d = 500 - 50P$, where x_d is quantity demanded, and P is the price of the good. Supply is described by the equation $x_s = 50 + 25P$ where x_s is quantity supplied. What is the equilibrium price
 (a) 100 (b) 200 (c) 250 (d) 300

Q11. $\int_{-2}^2 x^5 dx$
 (a) $2 \int_{-2}^2 x^5 dx$ (b) $\frac{32}{5}$ (c) $\frac{64}{5}$ (d) 0

Q12. The highest order derivative of the dependent variable with respect to the independent variable involved in the given differential equation is called _____ of the differential equation.
 (a) homogeneous (b) power (c) degree (d) order

Q13. In a Poisson Distribution, if 'n' is the number of trials and 'p' is the probability of success, then the mean value is given by?
 (a) $m = np$ (b) $m = (np)^2$ (c) $m = np(1-p)$ (d) $m = p$

Q14. The shape of the Normal Curve is
 (a) Bell Shaped (b) Flat (c) Circular (d) Spiked

OR

Which one is not a requirement of a binomial distribution.

- (a) There are 2 outcomes for each trial. (b) The probability of success must be same for all trails
 (c) There is a finite number of trails (d) The outcomes must be dependent on each other

Q15. Given below are the consumer price index numbers (CPI) of the industrial workers.

Year	2014	2016	2017
Index Number	145	150	190

Find the best fitted trend line by the method of least squares

- (a) $y = 180 + 25x$ (b) $y = 180 + 50x$ (c) $y = 100 + 25x$ (d) None of these

OR

Increase in the number of patients in the hospital due to heat stroke is

- (a) Secular trend (b) Irregular variation (c) Seasonal variation (d) cyclical variation

Q16. $\int \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{2x^2} \right) e^{2x} dx$ is equals to

- (a) $\frac{e^{2x}}{2} + c$ (b) $\frac{e^{2x}}{2x} + c$ (c) $\frac{e^x}{2} + c$ (d) $\frac{e^{2x}}{2x} + c$

OR

The normal to the curve $x^2 = 4y$ passing through (1, 2) is

- (a) $x + y = 3$ (b) $x - y = 3$ (c) $x + y = 1$ (d) $x - y = 1$

Q17. At 6% converted quarterly, find the present value of a perpetuity of Rs 600 payable at the beginning of each quarter.

- (a) Rs 30,400 (b) Rs 35,500 (c) Rs 40,600 (d) Rs 45,000

OR

CAGR stands for

- (a) Compound Aggregate Growth Rate (b) Compound Annual Growth Rate
(c) Computed Annual Growth Rate (d) Computed Aggregate Growth Rate

Q18. It is given that at $x = 1$, the function $f(x) = x^3 - 12x^2 + kx + 7$ attains maximum value, then the value of 'k'
(a) 10 (b) 12 (c) 21 (d) 13

Assertion Reasoning Based Questions

Q19. **Assertion:** For two matrices A and B of order 3, $|A|=3, |B|=-4$ then $|2AB|=-96$

Reason: For a matrix A of order n and a scalar k $\det(kA)=k^n \det(A)$ raised to the power n. ($\det A$)

- (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
(b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
(c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
(d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.

Q20. **Assertion (A):** An annuity in which the periodic payment begins on a fixed date and continue forever is called perpetuity.

Reason (R): The amount or future value of perpetuity is defined.

- (a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).
(b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).
(c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
(d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.

SECTION – B

(All questions are compulsory. In case of internal choice, attempt any one question only)

Q21 The marginal cost of production of x units of a commodity is $30+2x$. It is known that fixed costs are Rs.120. Find the total cost of producing 100units.

OR

If the demand function for a commodity is $p = 25 - x^2$, find the consumers' surplus for $p_0 = 9$.

Q22. Verify that $y + x + 1 = 0$ is a solution of differential equation $(y - x) dy - (y^2 - x^2) dx = 0$.

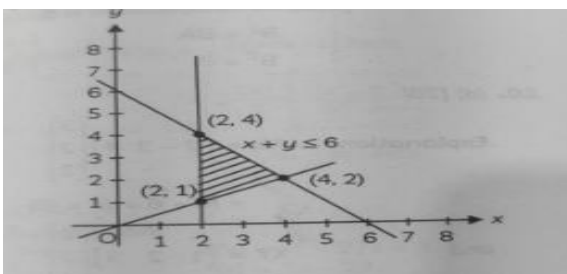
Q23. How much money is needed to endure a series of lectures costing 2500 at the beginning of each year indefinitely, if money is worth 3% compounded annually?

Q24. Experience shows that 1.4 % of telephone calls received are wrong numbers. Determine the probability that among 150 calls received 2 are wrong numbers.

OR

For a certain type of laptops the charging time of batteries is normally distributed with mean 50 hours and standard deviation 15 hours. Arun has one of these laptops, Find the probability that the charging time of battery will be between 50 to 70 hours.

Q25. One very useful application of linear programming is its a graphical method for solving problems in two variable. Mrs. Meena wanted to use this concept to help students figure out how the area of the 3D-model is composed of 3 straight lines. On the below diagram (cross section of 3D model), O is the origin. The shaded region R is defined by three inequalities one of the three inequalities is $x + y \leq 6$.



- (i) Given that the point (x, y) is in the region R, then what is the maximum value of $x + 2y$?
(ii) Does the point $(3, 2.5)$ lies inside the region R?

SECTION – C

(All questions are compulsory. In case of internal choice, attempt any one question only)

Q 26. A firm has the cost function $C = \frac{x^3}{3} - 7x^2 + 111x + 50$ and demand function $x = 100 - p$

- (i) Write the total revenue function in terms of x
(ii) Formulate the total profit function P in terms of x
(iii) Find the profit maximizing level of output x . What is the maximum profit?

OR

The marginal revenue function for a firm is given by $\frac{5x^2 + 30x + 51}{(x+3)^2}$. Show that the revenue function is given by $\frac{2x}{x+3} + 5x$

Q27. Find the Probability distribution of the number of Successes of two tosses of a die. Where a Success is defined as “the number greater than 4”. Also find the Mean. Variance and Standard deviation of the distribution.

Q 28. Find the effective rate of interest equivalent to a nominal rate of 6% compounded

- (i) Semi-annually (ii) Quarterly (iii) Continuously

Q29. Show that $\begin{vmatrix} a^2 + 1 & ab & ac \\ ab & b^2 + 1 & bc \\ ca & cb & c^2 + 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 + a^2 + b^2 + c^2$

OR

Show that the matrix $B^T A B$ is symmetric or skew symmetric accordingly when A is symmetric or skew symmetric

Q30. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, then show that $A^3 - 4A^2 - 3A + 11A = 0$

Q31. A steamer can go 24 km in still water in 50 minutes. One day, it went 22.5 km upstream and returned the same distance in downstream. If the difference between the time taken to travel upstream and downstream was 25 minutes, then what was the speed of stream in km per hour?

SECTION – D

(All questions are compulsory. In case of internal choice, attempt any one question only)

Q32. A random sample of size 16 has 53 as mean. The sum of squares of deviations from mean is 150. Can this sample be regard as taken from the population having 56 as mean? Level of significance is 5% (right tail t-test).

Q 33 Consider the following data:

Y e a r	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
P r o d u c t i o n	137	140	34	137	151	121	124	159	157	169	172	150

Calculate a suitable moving average and show on a graph against the original data.

Q34. Suppose Mr. X invested Rs.1,00,000/- in a mutual fund and the value of the investment at the time of redemption was Rs.1,50,000/-. If CAGR for the investment is 8%, calculate the number of years for which he has invested the amount. If CAGR is 4 % what is the number of years of investment?

Q35. (Transportation problem) There are two factories located one at place P and the other at place Q. From these locations, a certain commodity is to be delivered to each of the three depots situated at A, B and C. The weekly

requirements of the depots are respectively 5, 5 and 4 units of the commodity while the production capacity of the factories at P and Q are respectively 8 and 6 units. The cost of transportation per unit is given below:

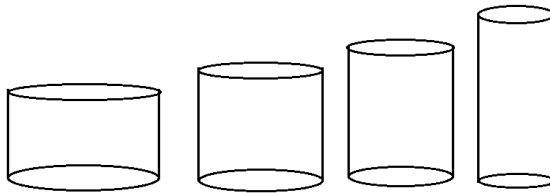
From/TO	COST (IN Rs)		
	A	B	C
	160	100	150
	100	120	100

SECTION - E

(All questions are compulsory. In case of internal choice, attempt any one question only)

Case Study - I

Q36. A company is planning to launch a new product and decides to pack the new product in closed right circular cylindrical cans of volume $432\pi \text{ cm}^3$. The cans are to be made from tin sheet. The company tried different options.



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- If r cm is the radius of the base of the cylinder and h cm is height, then find a relation between r and h .
- If $S \text{ cm}^2$ is the surface area of the closed cylindrical can, then find S in terms of r .
- Find the minimum surface area of cylindrical can

Q37. Case study – II

A factory produces bulbs, of which 6% are defective bulbs in a large bulk of bulbs.

Based on the above information, answer the following questions



- Find the probability that in a sample of 100 bulbs selected at random none of the bulbs are defective
(Use $e^{-6}=0.0024$)
- Find the probability that the sample of 100 bulbs has exactly two defective bulbs.
- Find the probability that the sample of 100 bulbs will include not more than one defective bulb.

OR

Find the Mean and Variance of the distribution of number of defective bulbs in a sample of 100 bulbs.

Q38. Case-Study 3

In mathematics modular arithmetic is a system of arithmetic for integers where numbers "wrap around" when reaching a certain value called modulus. A familiar use of modular arithmetic is in the 12 hour clock in which the day is divided into two 12 hour periods. If the time is 7:00 now, then 8 hours later it will be 3:00. Simple addition would result in $7+8=15$, but clocks "wrap around" every 12 hours. Because the hour number starts over after it reaches 12, this is arithmetic modulo 12. In terms of the definition, 15 is congruent to 3 modulo 12. So 15:00 on a 24 hour clock is displayed 3:00 on a 12 hour clock. Based on the above information answer the following questions

- Evaluate $3^6 \pmod{4}$
- What is the least positive of x for which $100 \equiv x \pmod{7}$
- Evaluate $(137+995) \pmod{12}$

OR

Find the last digit of 12^{12}