



Final Term Maths MIND CURVE Practice Paper Series 2024-25

PRACTICE PAPER 02

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S no	Syllabus Covered	Marking Scheme
1.	Unit 1 Number system	10
2.	Unit 2 Algebra	20
3.	Unit 3 Coordinate Geometry	04
4.	Unit 4 Geometry	27
5.	Unit – 5 Mensuration	13
6.	Unit – 6 Statistics & Probability	06

Note: Students/Teachers can refer to this Sample Paper for practice purpose. However, students may find or experience different exam pattern as syllabus or marking scheme may vary school to school.

MM:8

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

TIME:3H

READ CAREFULLY ALL INSTRUCTIONS

V

1. This Question Paper has 5 Sections A, B, C, D and E.

- 2. Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each
- 3. Section B has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.
- 4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
- 5. Section D has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.
- 6. Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with sub parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.
- All Questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 Qs of 5 marks, 2 Qs of 3 marks and 2 Questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2marks questions of Section E
- 8. Draw neat figures wherever required. Take $\pi = 22/7$ wherever required if not stated.
- 9. This paper consists of 38 questions.
 - a. Write your answers neatly and legibly.
 - b. Ensure you have not left any question unanswered

CLASS IX FINAL TERM TEST – 02 (2024-25)

	Section A	
1	Consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each.	1
–	$\begin{array}{c} \text{The value of } 1(x) = 5x - 4x^{-} + 3 \text{ when } x = -1, \text{ is} \\ (x) = 2 \\ (x$	L
2	If Ω is the centre of the circle and $(1)^{10}$ Find the value of x in the given figure	1
2		-
	A 1350 B	
	D	
	(a) 67.5° (b) 22.5° (c) 45° (d) 50°	
3	Any point on the line $x = y$ is of the form:	1
	(a) (k, -k) (b) (0, k) (c) (k, 0) (d) (k, k)	
4	The value of $p(t) = 2+t+2t^2-t^3$ when t=0 is	1
	(a) 2 (b) 1 (c) 4 (d) 0	
5	A diagonal of a rectangle is inclined to one side of the rectangle at 25°. The acute angle	1
	between the diagonals is	
6	$(a) 55^{\circ} (b) 50^{\circ} (c) 40^{\circ} (d) 25^{\circ}$	1
o	(a) 12 x^{0} E x^{0} (b) 2E ⁰ EE ⁰	L L
	(a) $15x^2, 5x^2$ (b) $25^2, 05^2$ (c) $65^2, 25^2$ (d) $65^2, 25^2$	
7	One of the linear factors of $3x^2+8x+5$ is	1
,	(a) $(x+1)$ (b) $(x-2)$ (c) $(x+2)$ (d) $(x-4)$	-
8	The height of cone is 16cm and its base radius is 12cm. The curved surface area and total	1
Ū	surface area are in the ratio	-
	(a) 5:8 (b) 8:5 (c) 5:3 (d) 3:5	
9	In the class intervals 10-20, 20-30, 20 is included in which interval?	1
	(a) 10-20 (b) 20-30	
	(c) Both the intervals (d) None of the intervals	
10	The sides of a triangle are 35 cm, 54 cm and 61 cm, respectively. The length of its longest	1
	altitude	
	(a) $16\sqrt{5}$ cm (b) $10\sqrt{5}$ cm	
	(c) $24\sqrt{5}$ cm (d) 28 cm	
11	In given figure, the measure of ∠BAC is	1
1	A UCATIONAL INSTITUT	
	- Re-	
	Sold of B	
	$\frac{\sqrt{50^\circ}}{B}$ 5 cm C	
	(a) 60° (b) 50° (c) 70° (d) 80°	
12	ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral such that AB is a diameter of the circle circumscribing it and	1
	$\angle ADC = 140^{\circ}$, then $\angle BAC$ is equal to:	
	(a) 30° (b) 40°	
	(c) 50° (d) 80°	
13	If angles A, B, C and D of the quadrilateral ABCD, taken in order, are in the ratio 3:7:6:4,	1
	then ABCD is a	
	(a) Kite (b) Rhombus	
	(C) Parallelogram (d) Trapezium	
14	The angle subtended by the diameter of a semi-circle is:	1
	(a) 90° (b) 45° (c) 180° (d) 60°	

15	The length of the longest pole that can be put in a room of dimensions (10 m × 10 m × 5m)					
	is :					
	(a) 15m (b) 16 m (c) 10 m (d) 12m					
16	A diagonal of a rectangle is inclined to one side of the rectangle at 25°. The acute angle	1				
	between the diagonals is :					
	(a) 25° (b) 40° (c) 50° (d) 55°					
17	A cone is 8.4 cm high and the radius of its base is 2.1 cm. It is melted and recast into a	1				
	sphere. The radius of the sphere is					
	(a) 4.2 cm (b) 2.1 cm					
	(c) 2.4 cm (d) 1.6cm					
18	The point on the graph of the linear equation $2x - 5y = 19$, whose ordinate is 1^{-1} times its	1				
	abcrissa is t					
	(a) (23) $(b) (32)$					
19	$(c_1 (2, 3))$ $(u_1 (3, 2))$	1				
15	Assertion (A): perimeter of triangle = $\left(\frac{a+b+c}{2}\right)$.	-				
	Reason(R): If the sides of the triangle are 30m, 24m and 22 m then it's perimeter is 76 m.					
	(a) Both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion					
	(b) Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion					
	(c) Assertion is true but reason is false.					
	(d) Assertion is false but reason is true.					
20	Assertion(A) :0.468 is a terminating decimal	1				
	Reason (R) : A decimal in which a digit or a set of digits is repeated periodically, is called a					
	repeating or a recurring decimal					
	(a) Both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct evolution of assertion					
	(a) both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion					
	(c) Assertion is true but reason is false					
	(d) Assertion is false but reason is true					
	Section B	<u> </u>				
	Consists of 5 guestions of 2 marks each					
21	If a point C lies between two points A and B such that AC = BC then prove that AC = ^{-1}AB	2				
	Evaluin by drawing the figure $\frac{1}{2}$					
22	Explain by drawing the figure	2				
22	Find the value of the polynomial $5x - 4x^2 + 3$ at $x = 2$ and $x = -1$.	2				
	UI Find the values of a and h so that $(2y^3 + 2y^2 + y + h)$ has $(y + 2)$ and $(2y - 1)$ as factors					
22	Find the values of a and b so that $(2x + dx + x + b)$ has $(x + 2)$ and $(2x - 1)$ as factors.	2				
23	In the given figure $\angle BCD = \angle ADC$ and $\angle ACB = \angle BDA$. Prove that $AD = BC$ and $\angle A = \angle C$.	2				
	A B					
	or					
	In the given figure ,which of the two triangles are congruent? Name them in symbolic					
	form.					
	P					
2/	Find the coordinates of two points on x-axis and two points on y axis which are at equal $\frac{1}{2}$	2				
24	This the coordinates of two points of x-axis and two points offly axis which are at equal	~				

25	Draw a har gra	nh to renr	esent the da	ta given he	low ·				2
23	The data represents the expenditure of a family on different heads in a month							2	
	Head	Food	Education	Clothing	House	Others	Savings		
					rent				
	Expenditure	4000	2500	1000	3500	2500	1500		
	(in Rs)								
				Section	С				
	1		Consists of	5 questions	of 3 marks	each.			
26	What must be	subtracted	l from 4x ⁴ –	$2x^3 - 6x^2 + x^2$	∝ – 5 so that	the result	is exactly o	livisible by	3
	$2x^2 + 3x - 2$?								
	$\mathbf{M} = \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{M}$	a 3 · a 2	h ¹	0	r . 1 l	4		10	
	when $f(x) = x^{+}$	- 2X ² + 3X ²	– ax + b is d	IVIDED by X	+1 and $x - 1$	1 , we get	remainders	as 19 and	
27	In the Figure li	rinu the n		(x) is unvio	$r DOV = QO^{\circ}$	nda·h-	$2 \cdot 3$ find c		2
27	in the righte, in				_FOT = 50 8	inu a . u –	2.5, 1110 C	•	3
	M								
	b)a								
	* Ce	Ŷ							
							01		
	N ^A								
	In the Figure F			Or	Jan ta lina D	0.00 :			
	In the Figure, POQ is a line. Ray OR is perpendicular to line PQ. OS is another ray lying								
	between lays o		. Prove that	ZRU3 - 1/2	.(2003 - 21	-03).			
	S TR								
				_					
	- VI		TTA	717	700	7 7			
	P O	Q				V			
						N			
28	Show that the	points A (1	., 2), B (– 1,	– 16) and C	(0, – 7) lie d	on the grap	h of the lir	iear	3
	equation $y = 9x - 7$.								
						•			
29	If $a = \frac{1}{3-\sqrt{8}}$ and	$b = \frac{1}{3 + \sqrt{8}}$, f	ind the value	$e ext{ of } (a+b)$	$^{2}.011D$				3
	Or								
	If $x = \frac{\sqrt{2}+1}{\sqrt{2}+1}$ and	$dy = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$	1, then show	w that x^2	$+ xy + y^2 =$	= 35	TIT	UTE	
30	The ages (in ve	$\sqrt{2+}$ ars) of 360) patients tre	eated in a h	ospital on a	particular	dav are giv	en below :	3
	Age in years	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50 50	-60 60-	70		•
	No. of patient	s 90	40	60 2	20 12	0 30			
	Draw the frequ	iency poly	gon for abov	e data.					
31	Factorize : $7\sqrt{2}$	2 k² – 10 k -	$4\sqrt{2}$.						3
-				Section	D				
1			Consists of	4 questions	of 5 marks	each.			-
	-				1	1 11 1			
32	Prove that qu	uadrilatera	l formed by	angle bisec	tor of cyclic	quadrilate	eral is also c	cyclic also	5
32	Prove that qu find I+m in th	uadrilatera ne figure gi	l formed by ven below:	angle bisec	tor of cyclic	quadrilate	eral is also c	cyclic also	5
32	Prove that qu find I+m in th	uadrilatera ne figure gi	l formed by ven below:	angle bisec	tor of cyclic	quadrilate	eral is also c	cyclic also	5
32	Prove that que find I+m in the	uadrilatera ne figure gi	l formed by ven below:	angle bisec	tor of cyclic	quadrilate	iral is also c	yclic also	5
32	Prove that que find I+m in the find I+m in the find I+m in the final sector of the final sector of the first sector of the fir	uadrilatera ne figure gi	l formed by ven below:	angle bisec	tor of cyclic	quadrilate	irai is also c	yclic also	5
32	Prove that que find I+m in the R	uadrilatera ne figure gi	l formed by ven below:	angle bisec	tor of cyclic	quadrilate	irai is also c	yclic also	5

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33	Prove that :	5		
	x^{-1} + x^{-1} - $2y^2$			
	$\frac{1}{x^{-1}+y^{-1}} + \frac{1}{x^{-1}-y^{-1}} - \frac{1}{y^2-x^2}.$			
34	In the figure, Δ BCD is a trapezium in which AB DC. E and F are the mid-points of AD and	5		
	BC respectively. DF and AB are produced to meet at G. Also, AC and EF intersect at the			
	point O. Show that :			
	(i) EO AB			
	(ii) AO = CO			
	E O F			
	G			
	A B			
	ABCD is a parallelogram. If the disectors DP and CP of angles D and C meet at P on side AB,			
	then show that P is the mid-point of side AB.	-		
35	A lead pencil consists of a cylinder of wood with a solid cylinder of graphite filled in the	5		
	interior. The diameter of the pencil is 7 mm and the diameter of the graphite is 1 mm. If the			
	length of the pencil is 14 cm, find the volume of the wood and that of the graphite.			
	Or			
	A cloth having area of 165m ² is shaped into the form of a conical tent of radius 5 m .			
	(i) How many students can sit in the tent if a student on an average , occupies			
	$\frac{3}{7}$ m ² on the ground ?			
	(ii) Find the volume of the cone.			
	Section E	1		
	CASE BASE STUDY			
	Consists of 3 questions of 4 marks each.			
36	Reema was very excited about her birthday as only two days were left for her birthday,			
	party. She was telling her tuition teacher about her birthday party and also shown the,			
	things purchased by her for the birthday party such as candles, sweets, caps, cold drinks,			
	cans, fruit juices bottles etc. Her tuition teacher asked Reema to bring caps and cylindrical,			
	containers which they have purchased as she was teaching her "Mensuration Topic"., They			
	observed the cylindrical container has 220 cm circumference and 14 cm height., Conical cap			
	has radius of 15 cm and vertical height 20 cm.			
	On the basis of above information, answer the following questions:,			
	(i) What is the radius of cylinder?,	1		
	(ii)How much fruit juice can be filled in cylinder?,	1		
	(iii)What will be the slant height of cap?,	2		
	Or			
	Find out the C.S.A of conical cap.,			
37	Ram is planning to buy two adjacent plots of land with the dimensions given below.			
	5m D			
	5m fee			
	4m 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5			
	B 3m			
	Using the details given, answer the following questions.	1		
	(i)Find the area of plot ADC.			
	(ii)Find the cost of plot ABC if the rate is Rs. 5000 per square meters.			
	(iii) Find the rate of concreting the area of Plot APC at the rate of Ps. 500 per m^2	1		

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