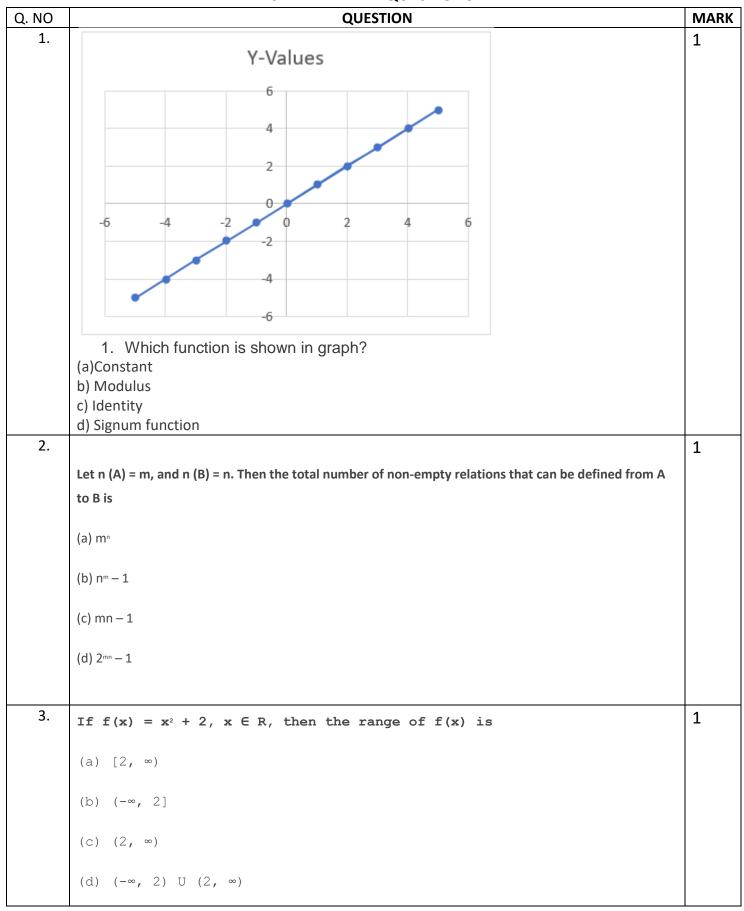
CHAPTER-2 RELATIONS & FUNCTIONS 01 MARK TYPE QUESTIONS



4.	What will be the domain for which the functions $f(x) = 2x^2 - 1$ and $g(x) = 1 - 3x$ are equal?	1
	(a) {-2, 1}	
	(b) {1/2, -2}	
	(c) [2, 12]	
	(d) (-1, 2)	
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5.	If $[x]^2 - 5[x] + 6 = 0$, where [.] denotes the greatest integer function, then	1
	(a) x ∈ [3, 4]	
	(b) x ∈ (2, 3]	
	(c) x ∈ [2, 3]	
	(d) x ∈ [2, 4)	
6.	If $f(x) = ax + b$, where a and b are integers, $f(-1) = -5$ and $f(3) =$	1
	3, then a and b are equal to	
	(a) $a = -3$, $b = -1$	
	(b) $a = 2$, $b = -3$	
	(c) $a = 0$, $b = 2$	
	(d) $a = 2$, $b = 3$	
7.	The domain of the function $f(x) = x/(x^2 + 3x + 2)$ is	1
	(a) [-2, -1]	
	\\\a\\ \[\(\alpha\\) \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	
	(b) R - {1, 2}	
	(c) $R - \{-1, -2\}$	
	(d) R - {2}	

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8.	The range of $f(x) = \sqrt{(25 - x^2)}$ is	1
	(a) (0, 5)	
	(b) [0, 5]	
	(c) (-5, 5)	
	(d) [1, 5]	
9.	The domain and range of the real function f defined by $f(x) = (4 -$	1
	x)/(x-4) is given by	
	(a) Domain = R, Range = {-1, 1}	
	(b) Domain = $R - \{1\}$, Range = R	
	(c) Domain = $R - \{4\}$, Range = $\{-1\}$	
	(d) Domain = $R - \{-4\}$, Range = $\{-1, 1\}$	
10.	The domain and range of the function f given by $f(x) = 2 - x - 5 $ is	1
	(a) Domain = R+ , Range = (− ∞, 1]	
	(b) Domain = R, Range = (− ∞, 2]	
	(c) Domain = R, Range = $(-\infty, 2)$	
	(d) Domain = R+ , Range = (-∞, 2]	
11.	Let $R = \{(x, y) : x, y \in \mathbb{Z}, \ x^2 + y^2 \le 4\}$ is a relation in \mathbb{Z} , then domain of \mathbb{R} is:	1
	a) {0, 1, 2}	
	b) {0, -1, -2} c) {-2, -1, 0, 1, 2}	
	d) None of these	
12.	In the set R of real numbers, two relations are: $R1 = \{(x,y) \colon x,y \in R \text{ and } x^2 + y^2 \le 25 \}$	1
	$R1 = \{(x, y): x, y \in R \text{ and } y \ge \frac{4}{9}x^2\}$	
	Then domain and range of $R1 \cap R2$ is:	
	a) [-3,3], [0,5]	
	a) [-3,3], [0,5] b) [-3,3], [-5,5]	
	c) [-3,4], [0,5]	
	d) [3,4], [0,5]	

What will be the output of $\sqrt{-1}$ if the function in the machine is $f(x) = x^2$ Image: Function machine	1
inputs	
Function outputs	
Machine	
a) 1 b) 0	
c) -1 d) 1	
Let R be a relation from a set A to a set B , then	1
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b) $R = A \cap B$	
d) $R \subseteq B \times A$	
If $f\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) = x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$, then $f(x) = ?$	1
a) x^2	
$(x) x^2$	
If $[x]^2 - 5[x] + 6 = 0$ where [] denotes the greatest integer function:	1
a) $x \in [3,4]$	
b) $x \in (2,3]$ c) $x \in [3,2]$	
d) $x \in [2,4)$	1
Let $f(x) = x$, $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ and $h(x) = f(x)$, $g(x)$, then $h(x) = 1$ for:	
a) $x \in R$ b) $x \in Q$	
c) $x \in R - Q$ d) $x \in R$ $x \neq 0$	
The range of the function $f(x) = \frac{x+2}{ x+2 }, x \neq -2$ is:	1
a) {-1, 1}	
b) {-1, 0, 1} c) {1}	
	Image: Function machine a) 1 b) 0 c) -1 d) 1 Let R be a relation from a set A to a set B , then Darrah Substitution But and B is substitution But a

	d) (0,∞)	
19.	Assertion(A): If $(x + y, 3) = (5, x - y)$ then $x = 4$ and $y = 1$	1
	Reason(R): Two ordered pairs are equal if and only if their corresponding elements are	
	equal	
	a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A	
	b) Both A and R is true but R is not the correct explanation of A	
	c) A is true but R is false	
	d) A is false but R is true	
20.	The figure shows a relationship between the set P and Q. Which of the following is true? P O Fig.	1
	a) Domain of R is {5,6,7}b) Range of R is {3,4,5}	
	c) In roster form $R = \{(5,3), (6,4), (7,5)\}$	
	d) All of these	

ANSWERS:

Q. NO	ANSWER	MARKS
1.	С	1
2.	d	1
3.	а	1
4.	b	1
5.	d	1
6.	b	1
7.	С	1
8.	b	1
9.	С	1
10.	b	1
11.	С	1
12.	A	1
13.	С	1
14.	С	1
15.	С	1
16.	D	1
17.	D	1
18.	A	1
19.	A	1
20.	d	1