CLASS XI

CHAPTER-1

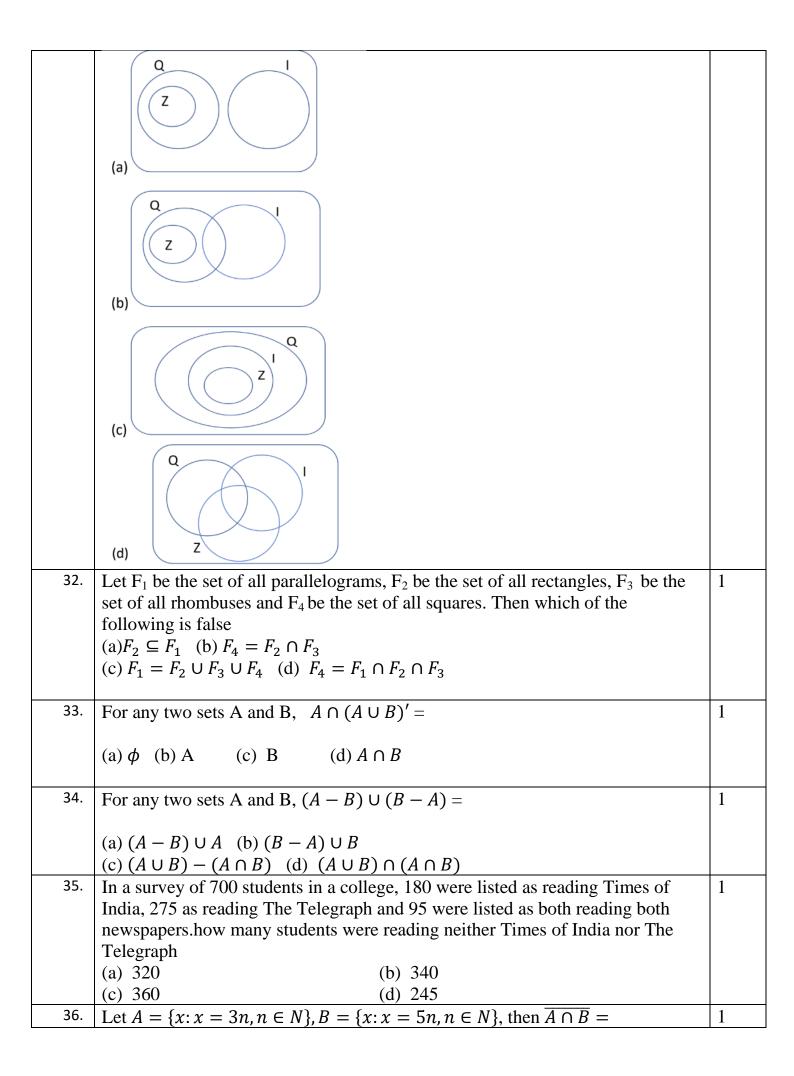
SETS

01 MARK TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. NO	QUESTION	MARK
1.	If ϕ is the empty set, then find the value of $n\{P\lceil P(P(\phi))\rceil\}$.	1
2.	Let A and B be two sets containing 4 and 2 elements respectively. Then find the number of students of the set $A \times B$ each having at least 3 elements.	1
3.	{ x:x is a circle in the plane} .	1
4.	See the given diagram and then find out the youth who does the job but not educated See the given diagram and find out the youth who does the job but not educated Currency Dollar Rupee i. 5 ii. 4 iii. 6	1
5.	iv. 7 The number of elements in the power set P(S) of the set S $\left[\left[\phi\right],1,\left[2,3\right]\right]$ is i. 4 ii. 8 iii. 2 iv. None of these	1
6.	If A = [(-3,5), B = (0,6)], then find A-B.	1
7.	List all the elements of the set, A= $\left\{x: x \in \mathbb{Z}, \frac{-1}{2} < x < \frac{11}{2}\right\}$.	1
8.	Let $A = \{(x, y) : y = e^x, x \in R\}$ $B = \{(x, y) : y = e^{-x}, x \in R\} \text{ then}$ (i) $A \cap B = \phi$ (ii) $A \cap B \neq \phi$	1
9.	(iii) $A \cup B = R^2$ If $X_n = \left\{ z = x = iy : \left z \right ^2 \le \frac{1}{n} \right\}$ for all integers $n \ge 1$. Then, $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n$ is	1
10.	Universal set U, for the sets A and B has 40 elements. If $n(A)=25$ and $n(B)=20$, then least value of $n(A \cap B)$ is	1
11.	let in a group of 400 people, 250 speak Spanish and 200 and can speak English. How many can speak both Spanish and English	1

	a)35	b)55	c)90	d)50	
12.					1
12.	In a city 20% o	of the populati	on travels by ca	ar, 50% travels by bus and 10% travels by both	1
	•		ravelling by car		
	a)80%	b)40%	c)60%	d)70%	
13.	In a school the	ere are 20 teac	hers who teach	n mathematics or physics. Of these 12 teach	1
	mathematics	and 4 teach bo	th physics and	mathematics. How many teach physics? Then	
	number teach	ners teaching p	hysics is		
	a)4	b)16	c)12	d)8	
14.	In a survey of	425 persons, i	t was found tha	at 115 watch sports channel, 160 watch discovery	1
	channel and 8	0 watch both	sports and disc	overy channels. How many do not watch any of	
	the channels,	then number of	of persons who	do not watch any channels is	
	a)195	b)230	c)80	d)115	
15.	A survey show	vs that 63% of	the people wat	ch a news channel whereas 76% watch another	1
	channel. If x%	of the people	watch both cha	annel then	
	a)x=35	b)x=63	c)39≤x≤63	d)x=39	
16.				thematics,8 have taken mathematics but not	1
				taken both mathematics and biology and the no.	
				athematics each student has taken either	
		or biology or b		(1) 0	
	(a) 4	(b) 2	(c) 1	(d) 3	
17.		in roster form:	$A = \{x \mid x \text{ is a } p\}$	positive integer less than 10 and 2x – 1 is an odd	1
	number}.	4 5)	/b) (4 2 2 4 5	C 7 0 0	
	(a) {1, 2,3 (c) {1, 2,3,	· · ·	(b) {1, 2,3,4,5 (d) {1, 2,3}	,0,7,8,7,0,	
	(C) (1, 2,3,	4;	(u) (1, 2,5)		
18.	A student of c	class 11 th collec	ted a set of squ	uares named as M, a set of parallelogram asQ, a	1
	set of rectang	le named as R	and a set of rh	ombus named as S. He using the set theory made	
	the following:				
	1. S is subset of				
	2.R is subset of	-			
	3.M is subset				
	4. S is subset of	-			
	5. M is subset				
	6. S is subset of				
		following are c			
	(a) (1),(3),(6),((b) (3),(2)(5)		
19.	(c) (3),(2),(5),((d) (6), (4), (2) $A = \{x : x \text{ is an} \}$	<i>)</i> integer and −3 ≤ x < 7}.	1
19.		,0, 1,2,3,4,5,6,7	-	integer and $-3 \le x < 7$.	1
		,0, 1,2,3,4,3,0, ,1, 0,1,2,3,4,5			
	(5) (5, 2,	±, ∪,±,∠,∪,¬,∪	,,,,,		

	(c) {-3, -2, -1, 0,1,2,3,4,5,6}	
	(d) None	
20.	In a class of 50 students, 10 did not opt for math, 15 did not opt for science and 2 did not	1
	opt for either. How many students of the class opted for both mathematics and science?	
	(a) 24 (b) 25 (c) 26 (d) 27	
21.	Let A and B be two sets in the same universal set. Then $A-B=$	1
	a) $A \cap B$ b) $A' \cap B$ c) $A \cap B'$ d) None of these	
22.		1
	The number of subsets of a set containing n elements is –	
	a) n b) $2^n - 1$ c) n^2 d) 2^n	
23.	Which of the following statement is false:	1
	a) $A - B = A \cap B'$ b) $A - B = A - (A \cap B)$ c) $A - B = A - B'$	
	$d) A - B = (A \cup B) - B$	
2.4		_
24.	Let $A = \{x : x \in R, x \ge 4\}$ and $B = \{x \in R : x < 5\}$. Then $A \cap B$ is –	1
	a) (4,5] b) (4,5) c) [4,5) d) [4,5]	
25	Let II be the universal set containing 700 elements. If A. D. are subsets of II such that	4
25.	Let U be the universal set containing 700 elements. If A , B are subsets of U such that $n(A) = 200$, $n(B) = 300$ and $n(A \cup B) = 100$, then $n(A' \cap B') =$	1
	a) 400 b) 600 c) 300 d) None of these	
	a) 400 b) 000 c) 300 d) None of these	
26.	If $A = \{1,2,3,4,5\}$, then the number of proper subsets of A are –	1
20.	a) 120 b) 30 c) 31 d) 32	1
	2,00	
27.	For two sets $A \cup B = A$ if f	1
	a) $B \subseteq A$ b) $A \subseteq B$ c) $A \neq B$ d) $A = B$	_
28.	If A and B are two disjoint sets, then $n(A \cup B) =$	1
	a) $n(A) + n(B)$ b) $n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cap B)$ c) $n(A) + n(B) + n(A \cap B)$	
	d)n(A)-n(B)	
29.	Two finite sets have m and n elements. The number of elements in the power set of first set	1
	is 48 more than the total number of elements in power set of second set. Then the values of	
	m and n are –	
	a) 7,6 b) 6,3 c) 6,4 d) 7,4 e) 3,7	
30.	If $A = \{x : x \text{ is a multiple of } 3\}$ and, $B = \{x : x \text{ is multiple of } 5\}$, then $A - B = \{x : x \text{ is multiple of } 5\}$	1
	a) $A \cap B$ b) $A \cap \bar{B}$ c) $\bar{A} \cap \bar{B}$ d) $\overline{A \cap B}$	
		1
31.	Which of the following diagrams is the correct diagrammaticrepresentation of	1
	the sets of Integers (Z), Rational numbers(Q) and Irrational numbers (I)?	



	(\cdot) (\cdot, \cdot, \cdot) (\cdot, \cdot) (\cdot, \cdot)	
	(a) $\{x: x = 15n, n \in N\}$	
	(b) $\{x: x = 3n \text{ or } x = 5n, n \in N\}$	
	$(c) N - \{x: x = 15n, n \in N\}$	
	(d) $N - \{x: x = 3n \text{ or } x = 5n, n \in N\}$	
37.	Let A and B are two sets and U be the universal sets such that $n(A) = 25$, $n(B) =$	1
	28 and $n(U) = 50$ then least value of $n(A \cap B)$ is	
20	(a) 0 (b) 3 (c) 23 (d) 22	1
38.	(a) 0 (b) 3 (c) 25 (d) 22 If $A = \{(x, y): y = \frac{1}{x}, 0 \neq x \in R\}$,	1
	$B = \{(x, y) : y = x, x \in R\}, \text{ then }$	
	$D = \{(x, y): y = x, x \in \mathbb{N}\}, \text{ then}$	
	$(a) m(A \cap P) = m(A) (b) n(A \cap P) = 0$	
	(a) $n(A \cap B) = n(A)$ (b) $n(A \cap B) = 0$	
	$(c) n(A \cap B) = 1 (d) n(A \cap B) = n(A)$	
39.	Assertion(A) :Out of all students in science stream 89% students took	1
	mathematics and 98% took computer science as elective subjects, then number	
	of students who study both subject lies between 87% to 89%	
	Reason (R): $n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cap B) \le 100$ and $n(A \cap B) \le$	
	$\min(n(A), n(B))$	
	(a) Roth A and P are true and P is correct explanation of A	
	(a) Both A and R are true and R is correct explanation of A	
	(b) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A	
	(c) A is true R is false	
	(d) R is true A is false	
40.	$Assertion(A): A - (A \cap B) = A - B$	1
	$Reason(\mathbf{R})$: $A - B = A \cap B'$	
41.	Describe the following set in the Roster form $\{x: x \text{ is positive integer and a divisor of 15}\}$	1
	a) {0,1,3,5,15} b) {1,3,6,15} c) {1,3,5,15} d) null set	
42.	Which of the following sets is empty set?	1
	a) $A=\{x: x^2-4=0 \text{ and } x \text{ is Natural number } \}$	
	b) B= {x: x is an even prime number}	
	c) $C = \{x: 7 < x < 8, x \in \mathbb{N}\}$ d) $D = \{x: x^2 = 49, \text{ and } x \text{ is an odd integer}\}$	
	$a_j = b_j = \{x, x_j = 49, \text{ and } x_j \text{ is an odd integer } j$	
43.	Find which of the following sets is finite?	1
	a) A= $\{x: x \in Z \text{ and } x^2 \text{ is even.}\}$	
	b) B= $\{x: x \in Z \text{ and } x > -10\}$	
	c) $C = \{x : x \in Z \text{ and } x \text{ is an multiple of 7} \}$	
	d) D= $\{x: x \in Z \text{ and } x \text{ is the root of 36}\}$	
44.	Which of the following sets are equal?	1
	A= $\{x: x \text{ is a letter in the word "REAP"}\}$	
	$B = \{ x : x \text{ is a letter in the word "PAPER"} \}$	
	$C = \{x : x \text{ is a letter in the word "ROPE"}\}$	
	a) A=B=C, b) A=B, c) B=C, d) none are equal	<u> </u>
45.	What is the total number of proper subsets of a set consisting of n elements?	1
	a) 2n, b) $2n-1$, c) $2n-1$, d) 2^n-1 .	

46.	Write $A = \{1,4,9,16,25\}$ in set builder form. (a) $A = \{x : x \text{ is a prime number}\}$ (b) $A = \{x : x \text{ is the cube of a natural number}\}$ (c) $A = \{x : x = n^2 \text{ and } n < 6, n \in N\}$ (c) $A = \{x : x = n^2 \text{ is an even natural number}\}$	1
47.	No. of elements in the power set $P(A)$ of a set A is equal to: (a) n (b) $2n$ (c) 2^n (d) n^2	1
48.	Let $U = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10\}$, $P\{1,2,5\}$, $Q\{6,7\}$ then $P \cap Q'$ is: (a) P (b) Q (c) Q' (d) None	1
49.	If A, B and C are three sets, then $A \times (B \cup C)$ is equal to: (a) $(A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$ (b) $(A \cup B) \times (A \cup C)$ (c) $(A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$ (d) None of these	1
50.	Which of the following is an example of null set? (a) $\{x : x^2\}$ (b) $\{x : x \text{ is a even prime number}\}$ (c) $\{x : x < 5 \text{ and } x > 6\}$ (d) None of these	1
51.	If A, B, C be three sets such that $A \cup B = B \cap A$ and $B \cap A = A \cap C$ then, (a) $B = C$ (b) $A = B = C$ (c) $A = C$ (d) $A = B$	1
52.	Given the sets $A = \{1,3,5\}$, $B = \{2,4,6\}$ and $C = \{0,2,4,6,8\}$ which is the following may be considered as universal set for all the three sets A, B and C? (a) $\{0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ (b) $\{2,4,6,8,10\}$ (c) $\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\}$ (d) $\{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10\}$	1
53.	Which of the following is correct for A-B? (a) $A \cap C$ (b) $A' \cap B$ (c) $A \cap B'$ (d) $A' \cap B'$	1
54.	If A = {1,2,3,4,5},then the number of proper subsets of A is: (a) 31 (b) 38 (c) 48 (d) 54	1
55.	If A and B are finite sets, then which one of the following is the correct equation? (a) $n(A - B) = n(A) - n(A \cap B)(b) n(A - B) = n(A) - n(B)$ (c) $n(A - B) = n(B) - n(A \cap B)(d) n(A - B) = n(B) - n(A \cup B)$	1

ANSWERS:

Q. NO	ANSWER	MARKS
1.	N=4	1
2.	219	1
3.	⊄	1
4.	4	1
5.	8	1
6. 7.	[-3,6]	1 1
8.	All the elements are as shown A= $\{0,1,2,3,4,5\}$. $A \cap B = \phi$	1
9.	A single ton set	1
10.	5	1
11.	d	1
12.	С	1
13.	С	1
14.	b	1
15.	c	1
16.	A	1
17.	В	1
18.	В	1
19.	С	1
20.	D	1
21.	C	
22.		1
	D	1
23.	C	1
24.	C	1
25.	С	1
26.	С	1
27.	A	1
28.	A	1
29.	C	1
30.	В	1
31.	(a)	1
32.	(c)	1
33.	(a)	1
34.	(c)	1
35.	(b)	1
36.	(c)	1
37.	(b)	1
38.	(c)	1
39.	(a)	1
40.	(b)	1
41.	c c	1

42.	С	1
43.	d	1
44.	b	1
45.	d	1
46.	С	
47.	С	
48.	d	
49.	a	
50.	c	
51.	a	
52.	d	
53.	С	
54.	a	
55.	a	