
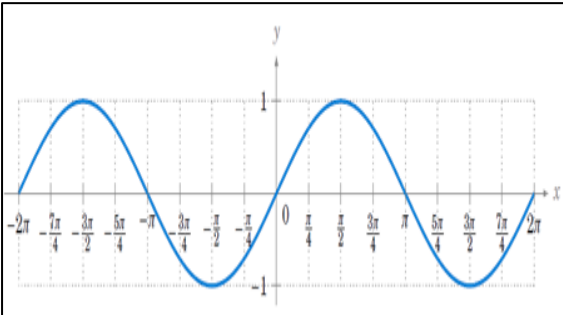
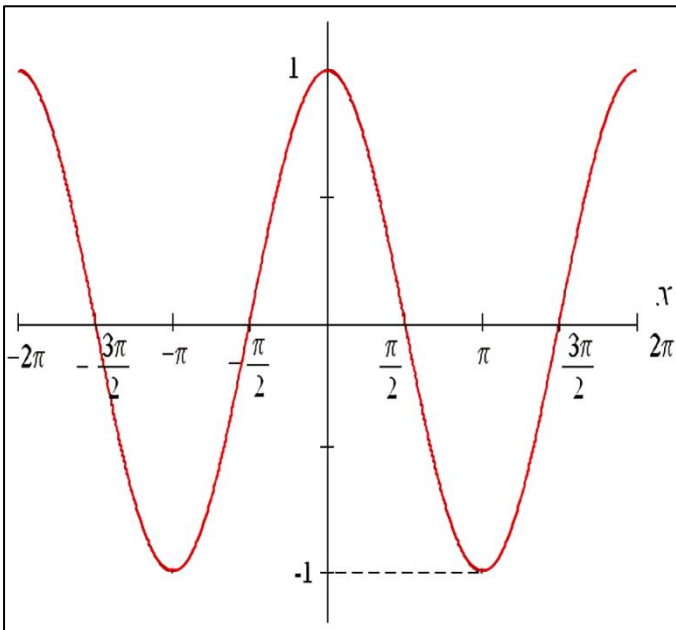




CHAPTER-3
TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS
04 MARK TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. NO	QUESTION	MARK
1.	<p>In a class test of XI a teacher asked to students to consider $A+B = \frac{\pi}{4}$, where A and B are acute angles.</p> <p>Based on the above information, answer the following questions.</p> <p>i) Find the value of $(1 + \tan A)(1 + \tan B)$?</p> <p>ii) Find the value of $(\cot A - 1)(\cot B - 1)$?</p> <p>iii) Find the value of $\sin(A+B) - \cos(A+B) + \tan(A+B)$.</p>	4
2.	<p>A circus artist is climbing through a 15m long rope which is highly stretched and tied from the top of a vertical pole to the ground as shown below.</p> <p>Answer the following question:</p>  <p>i) Find the height of the pole, if angle made by rope to the ground level is 45°</p> <p>a) 15m b) $15\sqrt{2}$ c) $\frac{15}{\sqrt{3}}$ d) $\frac{15}{\sqrt{2}}$</p> <p>ii) Find the height of the pole if the angle made by the rope to the ground level is 30°</p> <p>a) 2.5m b) 5m c) 7.5m d) 10m</p> <p>iii) If the angle made by the rope to the ground level is 30° and 3m rope is broken, then find the height of the pole.</p> <p>a) 2m b) 4m c) 5m d) 6m</p> <p>iv) Which mathematical concept is used here?</p> <p>a) Similar triangles</p> <p>b) Pythagoras theorem</p>	4

	<p>c) Application of trigonometry</p> <p>d) None of these</p>	
3.	<div> <div>  </div> <div> <p>Answer the following questions based on the graph given below.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify the graph above. 2. Write its domain. 3. Write its range. 4. Write the sign of given function in the third quadrant. </div> </div>	4
4.	<div> <div>  </div> <div> <p>Answer the following questions based on the graph given below.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify the graph above. 2. Write its domain. 3. Write its range. 4. Write the sign of given function in the third quadrant. </div> </div>	4
5.	<div>  </div> <p>A submarin is moving in such a way that at particular moment of time its angle of elevation for two ships situated at different position on the surface of water is α and β respectively.</p> <p>If $\operatorname{cosec} \alpha = \sqrt{3}$ and $\sec \beta = 2$ then answer the following</p> <p>1)What will be the value of $\sec \alpha$</p>	4

	<p>i) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}$ ii) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$ iii) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ iv) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}$</p> <p>2) What will be the measure of the angle β in radian</p> <p>a) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ b) $\frac{\pi}{6}$ c) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ d) $\frac{\pi}{12}$.</p> <p>3) What will be the value of $\tan(\alpha + \beta)$</p> <p>i) $\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}$ ii) $\sqrt{6} + 1$ iii) $\sqrt{3}$ iv) $\sqrt{2}$</p>	
6.	 <p>A basketball hoop is the ring that players try to throw the ball into in order to score points for their team. A circular wire of radius 3cm is cut and bent so as to lie along the circumference of a hoop whose diameter is 48cm. Based on the above information answer the following.</p> <p>(i) What is the length of circular wire?</p> <p>(a) 3π cm (b) 4π cm (c) 6π cm (d) none of these.</p> <p>(ii) Angle subtended by the circular wire at the centre of hoop?</p> <p>(a) π (b) $\pi/4$ (c) $\pi/6$ (d) none of these</p> <p>(iii) Angle subtended by the circular wire at the centre of hoop in degree?</p> <p>(a) 45° (b) 67.5° (c) 22.5° (d) none of these</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>(iv) If the radius of the hoop is halved then the angle subtended by the circular wire at the centre of hoop in degree is :</p> <p>(a) 45° (b) 67.5° (c) 22.5° (d) none of these</p>	4

ANSWERS:

Q. NO	ANSWER	MARKS
1.	<p>i)Solution:</p> <p>Given , $A+B = \frac{\pi}{4}$</p> <p>$\Rightarrow \tan \tan (A + B) = 1$</p> <p>$\Rightarrow \frac{\tan \tan A + \tan \tan B}{1 - \tan \tan A \tan \tan B} = 1$</p> <p>$\Rightarrow \tan \tan A + \tan \tan B + \tan \tan A \tan \tan B = 1$</p> <p>$\Rightarrow 1 + \tan \tan A + \tan \tan B + \tan \tan A \tan \tan B = 1 + 1$</p> <p>$\Rightarrow (1 + \tan \tan A)(1 + \tan \tan B) = 2$</p> <p>ii)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\cot \cot (A + B) = \cot \cot \frac{\pi}{4}$</p> <p>$\Rightarrow \frac{\cot \cot A \cot \cot B - 1}{\cot \cot B + \cot \cot A} = 1$</p> <p>$\Rightarrow \cot \cot A \cot \cot B - \cot \cot A - \cot \cot B = 1$</p> <p>$\Rightarrow \cot \cot A \cot \cot B - \cot \cot A - \cot \cot B + 1 = 1 + 1$</p> <p>$\Rightarrow (\cot \cot B - 1)(\cot \cot A - 1) = 2$</p> <p>iii) $\sin \sin \frac{\pi}{4} - \cos \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \tan \tan \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + 1 = 1$</p>	4
2.	<p>i) d)</p> <p>ii) a)</p> <p>iii) c)</p> <p>iv) d)</p>	4
3.	i)y = sinx, ii)R, iii)[-1,1], iv)-ve	4
4.	i)y = cosx, ii)R, iii)[-1,1], iv)-ve	4
5.	1)b 2)a 3)c	4
6.	1)c 2)d 3) c 4) a	4