MATHEMATICS (BASIC) - Code No. 241 SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER CLASS - X (2025 - 26)

Maximum marks:80 Time :3 hour

General Instructions

Read the following instructions carefully and follow them:

- 1. This question paper contains 38 questions. All Questions are compulsory.
- 2. This Question Paper is divided into 5 Sections A, B, C, D and E.
- 3. In Section A, Question numbers 1-18 are multiple choice questions (MCQs) and question no.19 and 20 are Assertion- Reason based questions of 1 mark each.
- 4. In Section B, Question numbers 21-25 are very short answer (VSA) type questions, carrying 02 marks each.
- 5. In Section C, Question numbers 26-31 are short answer (SA) type questions, carrying 03 marks each.
- 6. In Section D, Question numbers 32-35 are long answer (LA) type questions, carrying 05 marks each.
- 7. In Section E, Question numbers 36-38 are case study-based questions carrying 4 marks each with sub parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.
- 8. There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice in 2 questions of Section B, 2 questions of Section C and 2 questions of Section D has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in all the 2 marks questions of Section E.
- 9. Draw neat and clean figures wherever required. Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ wherever required if not stated.
- 10. Use of calculators is not allowed.

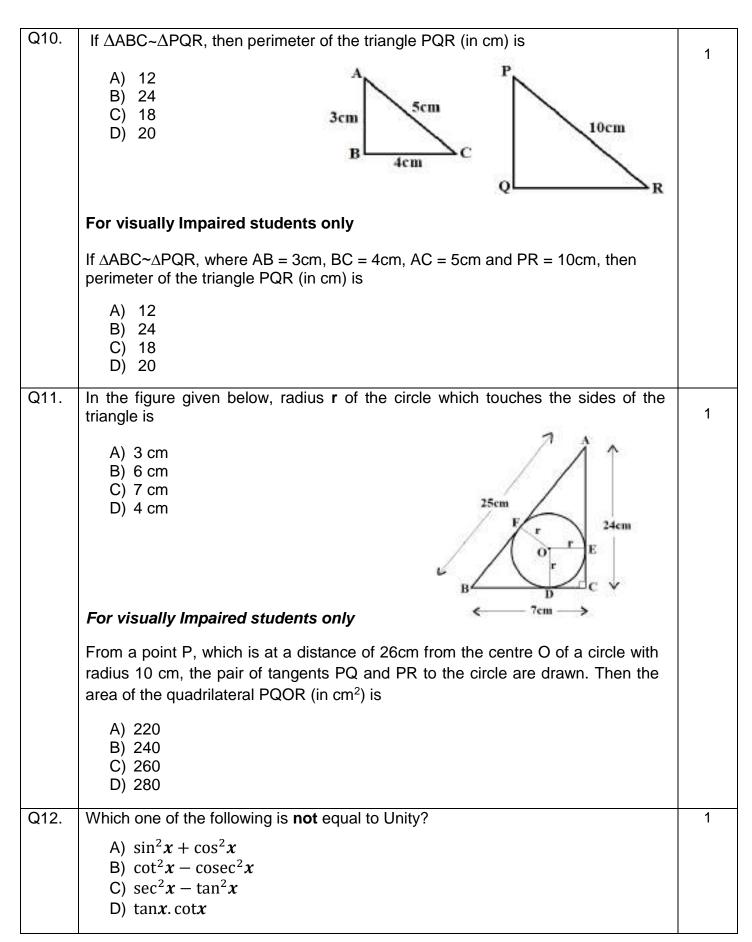
SECTION – A (Multiple Choice Questions) Each MCQ of 1 mark, has four options with only one correct option, choose the correct option

Q. No.	Question	Marks
Q1.	The exponent of 3 in the prime factorization of 2025 is	1
	A) 1	
	B) 2 C) 3	
	D) 4	
Q2.	If $2024x + 2025y = 1$; $2025x + 2024y = -1$, then $x - y =$	4
	A) 0	'
	B) -2 C) 2	
	D) – 1	

^{*}Please note that the assessment scheme of the Academic Session 2024-25 will continue in the current session i.e. 2025-26

	1
quadratic equation?	1
	'
(x + 10) and $(3x + 2)$ are the three consecutive terms	1
, then k =	1
	•
nts (cos30°, sin30°) and (cos60°, – sin 60°) is	1
	'
which is mirror image of the point $(-3, 5)$ about γ -axis	
which is thin or image of the point (0, 0) about x axis	1
1.0	
AC then they will be similar when	4
	1
	a quadratic equation? $\frac{2}{(2x-3)}$ $\frac{2}{(x+1)^3}$ $x+10) \text{ and } (3x+2) \text{ are the three consecutive terms}$ $\frac{2}{(x+1)^3}$ $\frac{2}{(x+1)^$

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Q13.	Consider the following frequency distribution							
	Class	0 – 5	5 – 10	10 – 15	15 – 20	20 – 25		
	Frequency	11	12	13	9	11		
	The upper lim	nit of media	n class is					
	A) 10							
	B) 13							
	C) 15 D) 20							
	<i>D)</i> 20							
Q14.	=				sures of cent	tral tendency be	1	
	a (Median) = N	vioue + b (i	nean), then t	$(2\mathbf{D} + 3\mathbf{a}) =$				
	A) 11							
	B) 12 C) 13							
	D) 14							
Q15.	From an exter	rnal point C) the length	of tangent to	a circle is 12	cm and the distance	1	
Q 10.	From an external point Q, the length of tangent to a circle is 12 cm and the distance of Q from the centre of circle is 13 cm. The radius of circle (in cm) is							
	A) 10							
	B) 5							
	C) 12							
	D) 7							
Q16.	In the given fi O and diamet	_	_			o a circle with centre	1	
	A) 25°				Ą			
	B) 30°				\mathcal{A}	/ /		
	C) 20°				/ [_	~~		
	D) 65°			/		1150		
	В							
	For visually Impaired students only							
						angent XAY is drawn		
	to the circle.	The length	of the chor	d CD paralle	el to XY and	at a distance 18 cm		
	A) 24 cm							
	B) 25 cm							
	C) 26 cm D) 18 cm							
	<i>D)</i> 10 cm							

A) 3:4 B) 4:3 C) 9:16 D) 46:0	1
D) 16:9	
An event is most unlikely to happen. Its probability is	
A) 0.0001 B) 0.001 C) 0.01 D) 0.1	1
Each of the following questions contains two statements i.e., ASSERTION and REASON, and has following four choices. Only one of which is the correct answer.	
ASSERTION (A) : Line joining the midpoints of two sides of triangle is parallel to the third side.	1
REASON (R) : If a line divides two sides of a triangle in the same ratio then it is parallel to the third side.	
A) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).B) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).	
C) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.D) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.	
ASSERTION (A) : Two coins are tossed simultaneously. Possible outcomes are two heads, one head and one tail, two tails. Hence, the probability of getting two heads is $\frac{1}{3}$.	1
REASON (R) : Probabilities of 'equally likely' outcomes of an experiment are always equal.	
 A) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A). B) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct 	
explanation of assertion (A). C) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.	
t I K	B) 0.001 C) 0.01 D) 0.1 Each of the following questions contains two statements i.e., ASSERTION and REASON, and has following four choices. Only one of which is the correct answer. ASSERTION (A): Line joining the midpoints of two sides of triangle is parallel to the third side. REASON (R): If a line divides two sides of a triangle in the same ratio then it is parallel to the third side. A) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A). B) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A). C) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false. D) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true. ASSERTION (A): Two coins are tossed simultaneously. Possible outcomes are two heads, one head and one tail, two tails. Hence, the probability of getting two heads is $\frac{1}{3}$. REASON (R): Probabilities of 'equally likely' outcomes of an experiment are always equal. A) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A). B) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).

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SECTION – B (Very Short Answers)

	(Very Short Answers)	
	This section comprises of VSA of 2 marks each	
Q21.	(A) Show that the number $2 \times 5 \times 7 \times 11 + 11 \times 13$ is a composite number. OR	2
	(B) Find the smallest number which is divisible by both 306 and 657.	
Q22.	Find the radius of the circle with centre at origin, if line l given by $x + y = 5$ is tangent to the circle at point P.	2
Q23.	If the zeroes of the quadratic polynomial $x^2 + (a+1)x + b$ are 2 and -3 , then find the values of a and b .	2
Q24.	Find the nature of roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 + 4x - 3\sqrt{2} = 0$.	2
Q25.	(A) Evaluate : $2 \sin 30^{\circ} \tan 60^{\circ} - 3 \cos^2 60^{\circ} \sec^2 30^{\circ}$	
	OR (B) If $\sin x = \frac{7}{25}$, where x is an acute angle, then find the value of $\sin x \cdot \cos x (\tan x + \cot x)$.	2

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SECTION – C (Short Answers) This section comprises of SA type questions of 3 marks each

Show that $\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}$ is an irrational number.

Q26.

Q27.	(A) The frequency distribution table of agriculture holdings in a village is given
	below:

Area of land (in hectares)	1-3	3-5	5 – 7	7 – 9	9 – 11	11 – 13
No. of families	20	45	80	55	40	12

Find the modal agriculture holdings of the village.

3

3

OR

(B) If the mean of the following distribution is 54, find the value of p.

Class Interval	0 – 20	20 – 40	40 – 60	60 – 80	80 – 100
Frequency	7	р	10	9	13

Q28. A quadrilateral ABCD is drawn to circumscribe a circle, as shown in the given

3

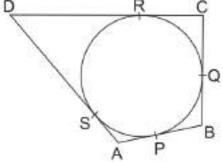


figure. Show that
$$\frac{AB + CD}{AD + BC} = 1$$

For visually Impaired students only

Show that parallelogram circumscribing a circle is a rhombus.

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Q29.	(A) On a particular day, 50000 people attended a Cricket Test Match between India and Australia in Sydney Cricket Ground. Let <i>x</i> be the number of adults attended the cricket match and <i>y</i> be the number of children attended the cricket match. Cost of an adult ticket was ₹1000 while cost of a child ticket was ₹200. On that day Revenue earned by selling all 50,000 tickets, was ₹4,20,00,000. Find how many adults and how many children attended the cricket match?	3
	OR	
	(B) Solve for x and y , graphically: $2x + y = 6$; $x + y = 5$	
	For visually Impaired students only	
	(A) On a particular day, 50000 people attended a Cricket Test Match between India and Australia in Sydney Cricket Ground. Let <i>x</i> be the number of adults attended the cricket match and <i>y</i> be the number of children attended the cricket match. Cost of an adult ticket was ₹1000 while cost of a child ticket was ₹200. On that day Revenue earned by selling all 50,000 tickets, was ₹4,20,00,000. Find how many adults and how many children attended the cricket match.	
	OR	
	(B) A 2-digit number is 6 times the sum of its digits. The number formed by reversing the digits is 9 less than the given number. Find the number.	
Q30.	Prove that : $(\sin x - \cos x + 1) \cdot (\sec x - \tan x) = (\sin x + \cos x - 1)$	3
Q31.	The sum of first n terms of an AP is $5n^2 - n$. Find the n th term of the AP.	3
	SECTION – D (Long Answers) This section comprises of LA type questions of 5 marks each	
Q32.	Prove that a line drawn parallel to one side of a triangle intersecting other two sides in distinct points, divides the other two sides in the same ratio.	5
Q33.	(A) The numerator of a fraction is 3 less than its denominator. If 2 is added to both of its numerator and denominator then the sum of the new fraction and original fraction is $\frac{29}{20}$. Find the original fraction.	5
	(B) A train covers a distance of 300 km at a uniform speed. If the speed of the train is increased by 5 km/hr, it takes 2 hours less in the journey. Find the original speed of the train.	

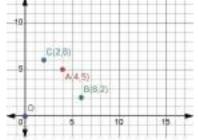
Q34.	(A) The angle of elevation of the top of a chimney from the foot of a tower is 60° and the angle of depression of the foot of the chimney from the top of the tower is 30°. If the height of the tower is 40 meters, find the height of the chimney. Also, find the length of the wire tied from the top of the chimney to the top of tower.	5
	OR	
	(B) The angles of depression of the top and bottom of a 50m high building from the top of a tower are 45° and 60° respectively. Find the height of the tower and the horizontal distance between the tower and the building. ($Use \sqrt{3} = 1.73$)	
Q35.	A solid toy is in the form of a hemisphere surmounted by a right circular cone of height 2cm and diameter of base 4cm. If a right circular cylinder circumscribes the toy, find the difference of the volumes of the cylinder and the toy. [Use $\pi = 3.14$]	5

SECTION - E (Case-study Based Questions)

This section comprises of 3 case-study based questions of 4 marks each with three sub-parts.

Q36. Carpooling is the sharing of car journeys so that more than one person travels in a car, and prevents the need for others to have to drive to a location themselves. By having more people using one vehicle, carpooling reduces each person's travel costs such as: fuel costs, tolls, and the stress of driving. Carpooling is also a more environmentally friendly and sustainable way to travel as sharing journeys reduces air pollution, carbon emissions, traffic congestion on the roads, and the need for parking spaces.





1

2

Three friends Amar, Bhavin and Chetanya live in societies represented by the points A(4,5), B(6,2) and C(2,6) respectively. They all work in offices located in a same building represented by the point O(0,0). Since they all go to same building every day, they decided to do carpooling to save money on petrol. Based on the above information, answer the following questions.

- i) What is the distance between B and C?
- ii) If Bhavin and Chetanya planned to meet at a club situated at the mid-point of the line joining the points B and C, find the coordinates of this point.
- iii) (A) Which society is farthest from the office? Also find its distance from the office.

OR

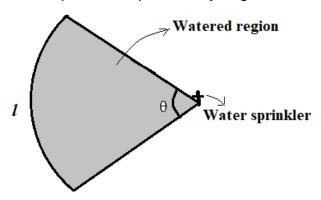
(B) Out of B and C which society is nearer to A? Also find their distances.

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Q37. A water sprinkler is a device used to irrigate agricultural crops, lawns, landscapes, golf courses, and other areas. Water sprinklers can be used for residential, industrial, and agricultural usage.



A water sprinkler is set to shoot a stream of water a distance of 21 m and rotate through an angle which is equal to complementary angle of 10°.



- i) What is the area of sector in terms of arc length?
- ii) What is the area of the watered region (in terms of π)?
- iii) **(A)** If the radius(r) changes to 28m, find the angle θ so that the area of the watered region remains the same.

OR

(B) If the radius(r) is increased from 21m to 28m and the angle remains the same, what is the increase in the area of the watered region?

2

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One of four main blood types can be found in a human body. They are known as A, B, AB and O. Each blood type can be further classified as either a Rhesus positive (+) or Rhesus negative (-). For example, a possible combination is blood type O and Rhesus negative which is written as O⁻

The data below shows the distribution of the blood types and Rhesus types of given blood type for a **Blood Donation Center** recorded (in percentages) for the year 2023.

BLOOD GROUP	RHESUS FACTOR	NUMBER OF PERSONS (in %)
0	0-	x
	0+	30
А	Α-	8
^	A +	24
В	В-	6
	B+	18
AB	AB -	1
AD	AB+	3



1

2

- i) Find the value of x.
- ii) Find the probability that a randomly selected person has a Rhesus negative blood type.
- iii) **(A)** What is the probability that the person selected from the record is Rhesus positive but neither blood type A nor B?

OR

(B) People with blood type AB positive (AB⁺) are known as the universal recipient and with blood type O negative (O⁻) are known as universal donor. Find the probability of a selected person to be neither universal recipient nor universal donor.

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