GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS)

Chapter-1 Real Numbers

1 marks:

1.	If two positive integer	s p and q can be ex	expressed as $p = ab^2$	and $q = a^3 b$, where a
	and b are prime numb	pers then $LCM(p,q) =$		[BOARD 2024]
	a) ab	b) a^2b^2	c) a^3b^2	d) a^3b^3
2.	If p and q are natural	numbers and 'p' is	the multiple of 'q', t	hen what is the HCF
	of 'p' and 'q'?			[BOARD 2023]
	a) pq	b) <i>p</i>	c) q	d) $p + q$
3.	If $x = ab^3$ and $y = a^3b$ w	here a and b are pri	ime numbers then H	CF(x,y) - LCM(x,y) is
	equal to			[BOARD 2025]
	a) $1 - a^3b^3$	b) $ab(1 - ab)$	c) $ab - a^4b^4$	d) $ab(1 - ab)(1 + ab)$
4.	Let $x = a^2 b^3 c^n$ and $y =$	$= a^3 b^m c^2$, where a, b	and c are prime nu	imbers. If $LCM(x, y) =$
	$a^3b^4c^3$ then $(m+n)$ is			[BOARD 2025]
	a) 10	b) 7	c) 6	d) 5
5.	Let $a = p^2q^3r^n$ and $b =$	$p^3q^mr^2$, where p, q, 1	are prime numbers	. If $LCM(a,b) = p^3q^4r^3$
	then $(3n-2m)$ is			[BOARD 2025]
	a) -1	b) 1	c) 3	d) -3
6.	The sum of exponents	of prime factors in t	he prime factorization	on of 4004 is
				[BOARD 2025]
	a) 3	b) 4	c) 5	d) 2
7.	The sum of exponents	of prime factors in t	he prime factorization	on of 1764 is
	a) 3	b) 4	c) 5	d) 6
8.	The total number of fa	actors of prime numb	per is	
	a) 1	b) 0	c) 2	d) 3
9.	The HCF of 40, 110 ar	nd 360 is		[BOARD 2025]
	a) 40	b) 110	c) 360	d) 10
10.	The HCF and LCM of	378, 180, 420 are		[BOARD 2024]
	a) 6, 3980	b) 12, 3780	c) 6, 3780	d) 12, 3980

11. If the product of two co-prime numbers is 553, then their HCF is [BOARD 2024]				
a) 1	b) 553	c) 7	d) 79	
12. The LCM of small	est two digit composi	ite number and sma	allest composite number	
is				
a) 12	b) 4	c) 20	d) 44	
13. The ratio of LCM a	nd HCF of the least o	composite and the le	ast prime numbers is	
			[BOARD 2023]	
a) 1:2	b) 2: 1	c) 1: 1	d) 1: 3	
14. If $HCF(336, 54) = 6$,	<i>LCM</i> (336,54) is			
a) 2024	b) 3024	c) 1012	d) 1512	
15. The value of 'x', if	HCF(x, 18) = 2 and LCN	M(x, 18) = 36, is		
a) 2	b) 5	c) 7	d) 4	
16. HCF of two number	ers is 27 and their L	CM is 162. If one of	the numbers is 54 then	
the other number	is			
a) 36	b) 35	c) 9	d) 81	
17. The LCM of two n	umbers is 14 times ti	heir HCF. The sum	of LCM and HCF is 600.	
If one number is 2	80 then the other nu	mber is		
a) 20	b) 28	c) 60	d) 80	
18. 225 can be expres	sed as			
a) 5×3^2	b) $5^2 \times 3$	c) $5^2 \times 3^2$	d) $5^3 \times 3$	
19. 108 can be expres	sed as a product of it	s prime as		
a) $2^3 \times 3^2$	b) $2^3 \times 3^3$	c) $2^2 \times 3^2$	d) $2^2 \times 3^3$	
20. When 2120 is expr	ressed as the product	of its prime factors	we get	
a) $2 \times 5^3 \times 53$	b) $2^3 \times 5 \times 53$	c) $5 \times 7^2 \times 31$	d) $5^2 \times 7 \times 33$	
21. If a and b are two	positive integers sucl	n that the least prim	e factor of a is 3 and the	
least prime factor	of b is 5. Then the lea	ast prime factor of (a	(a+b) is	
a) 1	b) 2	c) 3	d) 4	
22. Select the least n	umber that is divisib	ole by all numbers 1	between 1 and 10 (both	
inclusive)				
a) 2520	b) 5040	c) 1010	d) 2020	
23. If 'n' is a natural n	umber then which of	the following numb	ers end with zero?	
			[BOARD 2023]	
a) $(3 \times 2)^n$	b) $(2 \times 5)^n$	c) $(6 \times 2)^n$	d) $(5 \times 3)^n$	

24.	$2\sqrt{3}$	is number			
	a)	Integer	b) rational	c) irrational	d) whole
25.	If p	$p^2 = \frac{32}{50}$ then p is	number.		[BOARD 2023]
	a)	Whole	b) integer	c) rational	d) irrational
26.	$\sqrt{0}$	$\frac{1}{4}$ is a/an nun	nber.		[BOARD 2025]
	a)	Natural	b) integer	c) rational	d) irrational
27.	If t	he <i>HCF</i> (2520, 6600) =	= 40 and <i>LCM</i> (2520, 6	$(600) = 252 \times k \text{ then}$	the value of k is
					[BOARD 2024]
	a)	1650	b) 1600	c) 165	d) 1625
28.	If H	ICF(98,28) = m and L	CM(98, 28) = n then 1	the value of $n - 7m$	is [BOARD 2025]
	a)	0	b) 28	c) 98	d) 198
29.	If x	is the LCM of 4, 6	, 8 and y is the LCM	If of 3, 5, 7 and p is	the LCM of x and y,
	the	n which of the follo	wing is true?		[BOARD 2025]
	a)	p = 35x	b) $p = 4y$	c) $p = 8x$	d) $p = 16y$
30.	If a	$a = 2^2 \times 3^x, b = 2^2 \times 3$	\times 5, $c = 2^2 \times 3 \times 7$ an	$\operatorname{ad} LCM(a,b,c) = 3780$	then x is
					[BOARD 2024]
	a)	1	b) 2	c) 3	d) 0
31.	If 3	$825 = 3^x \times 5^y \times 17^z$	then the value of $x +$	y-2z is	[BOARD 2024]
	a)	0	b) 1	c) 2	d) 3
32.	If 1	$080 = 2^p \times 3^q \times 5 \text{ the}$	en $p-q$ is		[BOARD 2025]
	a)	6	b) -1	c) 1	d) 0
33.	If a	$a^b = 32$, where a and	b are positive integer	ers then the value of	f b^{ab} is
					[BOARD 2025]
	a)	72	b) 5 ¹⁰	c) 2 ¹⁰	d) 5 ¹²
34.	Ар	pair of irrational nur	nbers whose produc	t is a rational numb	er is [BOARD 2024]
	a)	$(\sqrt{16}, \sqrt{4})$	b) $(\sqrt{5}, \sqrt{2})$	c) $(\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{27})$	d) $(\sqrt{36}, \sqrt{2})$
35.	The	e smallest irrationa	l number by which	$\sqrt{20}$ should be mul	tiplied so as to get a
	rat	ional number, is			[BOARD 2024]
	a)	$\sqrt{20}$	b) $\sqrt{2}$	c) 5	d) $\sqrt{5}$
36.	The	e greatest number	which divides 70	and 125, leaving	remainder 5 and 8
	res	pectively, is			[BOARD 2025]
	a)	13	b) 65	c) 875	d) 1750

37. The greatest number which divides 283	l and 1249 leaving	remainder 5 and 7
respectively, is	12 13, 10011118	[BOARD 2024]
a) 23 b) 276	c) 138	d) 69
38. The least number which is a perfect square	•	,
50 is		[BOARD 2025]
a) 1200 b) 100	c) 3600	d) 2400
39. Which of the following is a rational numb	er between $\sqrt{3}$ and $\sqrt{5}$	[BOARD 2025]
a) 1.4142387954012	c) π	
b) 2.32 ¯ 6	d) 1.857142	
40. $(1+\sqrt{3})^2-(1-\sqrt{3})^2$ is a		[BOARD 2025]
a) Positive rational number	c) negative integer	
b) Positive irrational number	d) negative irration	al number
41. $(\sqrt{3} + 2)^2 + (\sqrt{3} - 2)^2$ is a/an		[BOARD 2025]
a) Positive rational number	c) negative rational	number
b) Positive irrational number	d) negative irration	al number
42. If $(-1)^n + (-1)^8 = 0$ then n is		[BOARD 2025]
a) Any positive integer	c) any odd number	
b) Any negative number	d) any even numbe	er
43. Which of the following cannot be the unit	digit of 8^n where n is	a natural number?
		[BOARD 2025]
a) 4 b) 2	c) 0	d) 6
Options for Assertion and Reasoning Q	uestions:	
a) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) a	re true and reaso	n(R) is the correct
explanation of assertion(A)		
b) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are	e true but reason(R) is not the correct
explanation of assertion(A)		
c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is f	alse	
d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is	true	
44. Assertion (A): If HCF of 510 and 92 is 2 t	hen their LCM is 324	-60.
Reason (R): $HCF(a,b) \times LCM(a,b) = a \times b$		
45. Assertion (A): For any two prime number	s x and y $(x < y)$,	
HCF(x,y) = x and LCM(x,y) = y.		[BOARD 2025]

 $\label{eq:prepared_prepared_prepared} \textbf{Prepared by:} \underline{\textbf{H.Sabareesh}} \ (\underline{\textbf{PGT Mathematics}})$

Reason (R): $HCF(x,y) \leq LCM(x,y)$ where x, y are any two natural numbers.

46. **Assertion (A):** For any two prime numbers p and q, their HCF is 1 and LCM is p + q. **[BOARD 2025]**

Reason (R): For any two natural numbers, $HCF \times LCM = Product$ of numbers.

47. **Assertion** (A): Unit digit of 3^n cannot be an even number for any natural number n.

Reason (R): 2 is not a prime factor of 3^n for any natural number n. **[BOARD 2025]**

48. **Assertion** (A): The number 5^n never ends with digit 0 for any natural number n. **Reason** (R): Prime factorisation of 5 has only two factors, 1 and 5. [BOARD 2023]

49. **Assertion (A):** The largest number that divides 70 and 125 which leaves remainder 5 and 8 is 13.

Reason (R): HCF(65, 117) = 13

2 marks:

- 1. Explain why $(7 \times 13 \times 11) + 11$ and $(7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1) + 3$ are composite numbers. [BOARD 2024]
- 2. Explain whether $(3 \times 12 \times 101) + 4$ is a prime number or a composite number.
- 3. Given that HCF(306, 1314) = 18. Find LCM(306, 1314).
- 4. Check whether 4^n can end with the digit 0 for any natural number n.

[BOARD 2023 & BOARD 2024]

- 5. Show that $5\sqrt{6}$ is an irrational number.
- 6. If two positive integers p and q are written as $p = a^2b^3$ and $q = a^3b$ where a and b are prime numbers then verify $LCM(p,q) \times HCF(p,q) = pq$.
- 7. Prove that $3 + \sqrt{5}$ is an irrational number.

[BOARD 2023]

8. Prove that $6 - \sqrt{7}$ is an irrational number.

[BOARD 2023]

- 9. Two numbers are in the ratio 2:3 and their LCM is 180. What is the HCF of these numbers? **[BOARD 2023]**
- 10. Using prime factorization find HCF and LCM of 96 and 120. [BOARD 2023]
- 11. Two numbers are in the ratio 4:5 and their HCF is 11. Find their LCM?

[BOARD 2025]

- 12. Find the greatest number which divides 85 and 72 leaving remainders 1 and 2 respectively. [BOARD 2023]
- 13. Find the smallest number which is divisible by both 644 and 462. **[BOARD 2025]**

14. Find the greatest 3-digit number which is divisible by 18, 24 and 36.

[BOARD 2023]

- 15. Find the least number which when divided by 12, 16 and 24 leaves remainder 7 in each case. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 16. Find the smallest natural number by which 1200 should be multiplied so that the square root of the product is a rational number.
- 17. In a school, there are two sections of class X. There are 40 students in the first section and 48 students in the second section. Determine the minimum number of books required for their class library so that they can be distributed equally among students of both sections. [BOARD 2024]

3 marks:

1. Prove that $\sqrt{2}$ is an irrational number.

[BOARD 2025]

2. Prove that $\sqrt{3}$ is an irrational number.

[BOARD 2025]

3. Prove that $\sqrt{5}$ is an irrational number.

[BOARD 2023 & BOARD 2025]

4. Prove that $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ is an irrational number.

[BOARD 2025]

5. Given that $\sqrt{3}$ is an irrational, prove that $5 + 2\sqrt{3}$ is an irrational number.

[BOARD 2024]

- 6. Given that $\sqrt{5}$ is an irrational, prove that $2\sqrt{5} 3$ is an irrational number.
- 7. Given that $\sqrt{3}$ is an irrational, prove that $\frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{5}$ is an irrational number.

[BOARD 2024]

8. Prove that $\left(5\sqrt{3} + \frac{2}{3}\right)$ is an irrational number given that $\sqrt{3}$ is irrational number.

[BOARD 2025]

9. Prove that $\left(4\sqrt{2} + \frac{5}{3}\right)$ is an irrational number given that $\sqrt{2}$ is irrational number.

[BOARD 2025]

- 10. Given that $\sqrt{2}$ is an irrational, prove that $5 + 3\sqrt{2}$ is an irrational number.
- 11. Prove that $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})^2$ is irrational number, given that $\sqrt{6}$ is an irrational number.

[BOARD 2024]

12.Let x and y be two distinct prime numbers and $p = x^2y^3$, $q = xy^4$, $r = x^5y^2$. Find the HCF and LCM of p, q and r. Further check if $HCF(p,q,r) \times LCM(p,q,r) = p \times q \times r$ or not. **[BOARD 2025]**

- 13. State true of false for each of the following statements and justify in each case:
 - (i) $2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7 + 7$ is a composite number.
 - (ii) $2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7 + 1$ is a composite number.

[BOARD 2025]

- 14.Let p, q and r be three distinct prime numbers. Check whether p.q.r+1 is a composite number or not. Further, give an example for 3 distinct primes p, q, r such that **[BOARD 2025]**
 - (i) p.q.r + 1 is a composite number.
 - (ii) p.q.r + 1 is a prime number.
- 15. Write the smallest number which is divisible by both 306 and 657.
- 16. Find HCF and LCM of 26, 65 and 117 using prime factorization. [BOARD 2023]
- 17. Find by prime factorization the LCM of the numbers 18180 and 7575. Also find the HCF of two numbers. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 18.144 cartons of Coke cans and 90 cartons of Pepsi cans are to be stacked in a canteen. If each stack is of the same height and if it equal contain cartons of the same drink, what would be the greatest number of cartons each stack would have?
- 19. Three bells toll at intervals of 9, 12, 15 minutes respectively. If they start tolling together, after what time will they next toll together? **[BOARD 2024]**
- 20. Three bells ring at intervals of 6, 12 and 18 minutes. If all the three bells rang at 6 a.m., when will they ring together again? [BOARD 2023]
- 21. Four bells toll at an interval of 8, 12, 15 and 18 seconds respectively. All the four begin to toll together. Find the number of times they toll together in one hour excluding the one at the start.
- 22. The length, breadth and height of a room are 8m 50cm, 6m 25cm and 4m 75cm respectively. Find the length of the longest rod that can measure the dimensions of the room exactly.
- 23.On a morning walk, three persons step off together and their steps measure 40 cm, 42 cm and 45 cm respectively. Find the minimum distance each should walk so that each can cover the same distance in complete steps.
- 24. The traffic lights at three different road crossings change after every 48 seconds, 72 seconds and 108 seconds respectively. If they change simultaneously at 7 a.m, at what time will they change together next? [BOARD 2023]
- 25. National Art convention got registrations from students from all parts of the country, of which 60 are interested in music, 84 are interested in dance and 108

students are interested in handicrafts. For optimum cultural exchange, organisers wish to keep them in minimum number of groups such that each group consists of students interested in the same artform and the number of students in each group is the same. Find the number of students in each group. Find the number of groups in each art form. How many rooms are required if each group will be allotted a room?

- 26. In a teacher's workshop the number of teacher teaching French, Hindi and English are 48, 80 and 144 respectively. Find the minimum number of rooms required if in each room the same numbers of teachers are seated and all of them are of same subject.

 [BOARD 2024]
- 27. Three sets of Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics books have to be stacked in such a way that all the books are stored subject-wise and the height of each stack is the same. The number of Physics books is 144, the number of chemistry books is 180 and the number of Mathematics books is 192. Assuming that the books are of same thickness, determine the number of stacks of Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics books.

 [BOARD 2025]

Case Based Questions:

1. February 14 is celebrated as International Book Giving Day and many countries in the world celebrate this day. Some people in India also started celebrating this day and donated the following number of books of various subjects to a public library: History = 96, Science = 240, Mathematics = 336.

These books have to be arranged in minimum number of stacks such that each stack contains books of only one subject and the number of books on each stack is the same.

[BOARD 2023]

Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) How many books are arranged in each stack?
- (ii) How many stacks are used to arrange all the Mathematics books?
- (iii) (a) Determine the total number of stacks that will be used for arranging all the books.

(b) If the thickness of each book of History, Science and Mathematics is 1.8 cm, 2.2 cm and 2.5 cm respectively, then find the height of each stack of History, Science and Mathematics books. 2

2. Three sets of English, Hindi and Mathematics books have to be stacked in such a way that all the books are stored topic wise and the height of each stack is the same. The number of English books is 96, the number of Hindi books is 240 and the number of Mathematics books is 336.



Assuming that the books are of the same thickness.

Find the number of stacks of Hindi books? (i)

1

(ii) Find the number of stacks of English books? 2

OR

Find the number of stacks of Mathematics books?

2

What is the number of books that can be stored in each stack? (iii)

1

3. Teaching Mathematics through activities is a powerful approach that enhances students' understanding and engagement. Keeping this in mind, Ms. Muktha planned a prime number game for class 5 students. She announces the number 2in her class and asked the first student to multiply it by a prime number and then pass it to second student. Second student also multiplied it by a prime number and passed it to third student. In this way by multiplying to a prime number, the last student got 173250. [BOARD 2024]

Now, Muktha asked some questions as given below to the students:

What is the least prime number used by students? (i)

1

(ii) How many students are in the class? 2

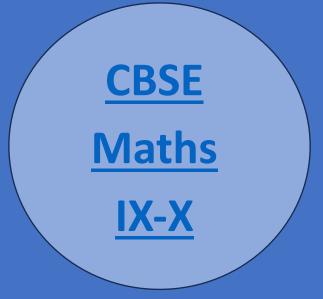
OR

What is the highest prime number used by students?

2

(iii) Which prime number has been used maximum times? 1

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GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS)

Chapter-2 Polynomials

-	marks:
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1.	If one zero of the quad	ratic polynomial x^2	+3x + k is 2 then the	e value of k is
				[BOARD 2023]
	a) 10	b) -10	c) 5	d) -5
2.	If one zero of the quad	ratic polynomial kx^2	2 + 3x + k is 2 then the	ne value of k is
	a) 5/6	b) -5/6	c) 6/5	d) -6/5
3.	If one zero of the quad	ratic polynomial (k	$(-1)x^2 + kx + 1$ is -3 t	then the value of k is
	a) 4/3	b) -4/3	c) 2/3	d) -2/3
4.	If -4 is a zero of the po	olynomial $x^2 - x - (2$	+2k), the value of k	is [BOARD 2025]
	a) 3	b) 9	c) 6	d) -9
5.	If -1 is a zero of the po	olynomial $x^2 - 7x - 8$	then other zero is,	
	a) 4	b) 8	c) 1	d) -4
6.	If one zero of the poly	momial $6x^2 + 37x - 6$	(k-2) is the reciproof	cal of the other, then
	value of k is			[BOARD 2023]
	a) -4	b) -6	c) 4	d) 6
7.	If one zero of the pol	$lynomial (p^2 + 4)x^2 -$	+65x + 4p is the red	ciprocal of the other,
	then value of p is			[BOARD 2025]
	a) -1	b) 1	c) -2	d) 2
8.	If the zeros of the pos	$lynomial ax^2 + bx +$	$\frac{2a}{b}$ are reciprocal of	each other, then the
	value of b is			[BOARD 2025]
	a) 2	b) $\frac{1}{2}$	c) -2	d) $\frac{-1}{2}$
9.	If one zero of the polyr	$nomial x^2 - 3kx + 4k$	be twice the other,	then the value of k is
				[BOARD 2023]
	a) -2	b) 2	c) $\frac{1}{2}$	d) $-\frac{1}{2}$
10.	If sum of the zeros of	the quadratic polyn	$10mia1 \ 2x^2 - k\sqrt{2}x + 1$	is $\sqrt{2}$ then the value
	of k is			[BOARD 2024]
	a) $\sqrt{2}$	b) 2	c) 2√2	d) $\frac{1}{2}$
11				_
	The sum of zeros of th	e polynomial √2x² –	· 17 are	[BOARD 2023]

12.	Th	e sum of the zeros o	f the polynomial $5x$ -	$-7x^2 + 3$ is	[BOARD 2025]
	a)	-7 5	b) $\frac{7}{5}$	c) $\frac{5}{7}$	d) $\frac{-5}{7}$
13.	If t	the zeros of the quad	ratic polynomial x^2	+(a+1)x + b are 2 a	nd -3 then
	a)	a = -7, b = -1	b) $a = 5, b = -1$	c) $a = 2, b = -6$	d) $a = 0, b = -6$
14.	If c	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial x^2 –	-1 then the value of	$\alpha + \beta$ is
					[BOARD 2023]
	a)	2	b) 1	c) -1	d) 0
15.	If c	α and β ($\alpha > \beta$) are the	ne zeros of a polynon	$nial - x^2 + 8x + 9 ther$	$\alpha (\alpha - \beta)$ is
					[BOARD 2024]
	a)	-10	b) 10	c) ±10	d) 8
16.	If a	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial $3x^2$	2 + 6x + k such that	$\alpha + \beta + \alpha \beta = -\frac{2}{3}$ then
	the	e value of k is			[BOARD 2025]
	a)	-8	b) 8	c) -4	d) 4
17.	If c	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial x^2 –	-ax - b then value of	$f \alpha + \beta + \alpha \beta$ is
					[BOARD 2025]
	a)	a + b	b) $-a - b$	c) $a-b$	d) - a + b
18.	If c	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial kx^2	$-30x + 45k$ and $\alpha +$	$\beta = \alpha \beta$ then k is
					[BOARD 2025]
	a)	$\frac{-2}{3}$	b) $\frac{-3}{2}$	c) $\frac{3}{2}$	d) $\frac{2}{3}$
19.	If c	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial px^2	$-2x + 3p$ and $\alpha + \beta$	$= \alpha \beta$ then p is
					[BOARD 2024]
	a)	-2/3	b) 2/3	c) 1/3	d) -1/3
20.	If c	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial ax^2	$-5x + c$ and $\alpha + \beta =$	$\alpha\beta = 10$ then
					[BOARD 2023]
		L	2	c) $a = \frac{5}{2}, c = 1$	_
21.	If c	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial x^2 –	$-4\sqrt{3}x + 3$ then the v	alue of $\alpha + \beta - \alpha\beta$ is
	a)	$\sqrt{3}(2-\sqrt{3})$	b) $\sqrt{3}(2+\sqrt{3})$	c) $\sqrt{3}(4+\sqrt{3})$	d) $\sqrt{3}(4-\sqrt{3})$
22.	If c	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial x^2 +	$-2x + 1$ then $\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta}$ is	[BOARD 2023]
	a)	-2	b) 2	c) 0	d) 1

23.	If a	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial $4x^2$	$-3x - 7$ then $\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta}$ is	[BOARD 2024]
	a)	$\frac{7}{3}$	b) $-\frac{7}{3}$	c) $\frac{3}{7}$	d) $-\frac{3}{7}$
24.	If a	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial $2x^2$	-4x + 5, the value o	of $(\alpha - \beta)^2$ is
	a)	_	b) 1	c) -1	d) -6
25.	If a	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial $2x^2$	-4x + 5, the value o	of $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$ is
					23 & BOARD 2024]
	a)	-7	b) 1	c) -1	d) -6
26.	If	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial x^2	-ax - b then the val	ue of $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$ is
					[BOARD 2023]
	a)	a^2-2b	b) $a^2 + 2b$	c) $b^2 - 2a$	d) $b^2 + 2a$
27.	If a	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial $2x^2$	-4x + 5, the value o	$f\frac{1}{\alpha^2} + \frac{1}{\beta^2}$ is
	a)	<u>4</u> <u>25</u>	b) $-\frac{4}{25}$	c) $\frac{4}{5}$	d) $-\frac{4}{5}$
28.	If a	α and β are the zeros	of a polynomial x^2 –	-x-4 then the value	e of $\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} - \alpha\beta$ is
	a)	15/4	b) -15/4	c) 4	d) 15
29.	If n	n and n are the zeros	of a polynomial $3x^2$	+11x - 4 then the v	value of $\frac{m}{n} + \frac{n}{m}$ will be
	a)	12 145	b) $-\frac{12}{145}$	c) $-\frac{145}{12}$	d) $\frac{145}{12}$
30.	If a	and b are the zeros	of a polynomial x^2	+ax+b, the value of	f a and b are
	a)	1 and 2	b) 1 and -2	c) -2 and 1	d) 2 and 1
31.	If t	the sum of the zeros	s of the quadratic p	olynomial $kx^2 + 2x - $	+3k is equal to their
	pro	oduct then k			
	a)	1/3	b) -1/3	c) 2/3	d) -2/3
32.	The	e sum and product o	of zeros of a quadrat	ic polynomial are 2v	$\sqrt{3}$ and 3 respectively,
	the	quadratic polynom	ial will be		[BOARD 2024]
	a)	$x^2 + 2\sqrt{3}x - 3$	b) $(x - \sqrt{3})^2$	c) $x^2 - 2\sqrt{3}x - 3$	d) $x^2 + 2\sqrt{3}x + 3$
33.	The	e quadratic polynom	ial p(x) with 3 and -	$-\frac{2}{5}$ as sum and produ	act of its zeros
	a)	$x^2-3x-\frac{2}{5}$	b) $x^2 - 3x - 2$	c) $5x^2 - 15x - 2$	d) $15x^2 - 5x + \frac{2}{5}$
34.	The	e quadratic polynom	ial whose sum and	product of the zeros	are $\frac{21}{8}$ and $\frac{5}{16}$, is
	a)	$16x^2 - 42x + 5$ b) $\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{6}(16x^2 - 42x + 5)$ c)	$\frac{1}{12}(16x^2 + 42x + 5)$	d) $\frac{1}{12}(16x^2 + 42x - 5)$

35.	35. A quadratic polynomial whose zeros are -3 and 4, is			
	a) $x^2 - 2x + 12$	b) $x^2 + x + 12$	c) $\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x}{2} - 6$	d) $2x^2 + 2x - 24$
36.	The maximum number	r of zeros a cubic po	lynomial can have, i	S
	a) 1	b) 2	c) 3	d) 4
37.	Which of the following	is a quadratic polyr	nomial having zeros -	$-\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{2}{3}$.
				[BOARD 2023]
	a) $4x^2 - 9$	b) $\frac{4}{9}(9x^2+4)$	c) $x^2 + \frac{9}{4}$	d) $5(9x^2-4)$
38.	Write a quadratic poly	nomial whose sum o	of zeros is $-\frac{1}{4}$ and pro	oduct of zeros is $\frac{1}{4}$
	a) $4x^2 + x + 1$	b) $x^2 + 4x - 1$	c) $2x^2 + 3x - 1$	d) $x^2 - 2x + 1$
39.	The quadratic polynon	nial whose zeros are	reciprocals of the ze	ros of the polynomial
	$ax^2 + bx + c, a \neq 0, c \neq 0$)		
	a) $bx^2 + ax + c$	b) $ax^2 + cx + b$	c) $cx^2 + bx + a$	d) $bx^2 + cx + a$
40.	The zeros of the polyno	omial $7y^2 - \frac{11}{3}y - \frac{2}{3}$ a	re	[BOARD 2025]
	a) $\frac{-2}{3}$, $\frac{-1}{7}$	b) $\frac{-2}{7}$, $\frac{-1}{3}$	c) $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{1}{7}$	d) $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{-1}{7}$
41.	The zeros of the polyno	omial $x^2 - 3x - m(m)$	+3) are	
	a) $m, m + 3$	b) $-m, m + 3$	c) $m, -(m+3)$	d) $-m, -(m+3)$
42.	The zeros of the polyno	omial $\sqrt{3}x^2 - 8x + 4\sqrt{3}$	3 are	[BOARD 2023]
	a) $2\sqrt{3}$, $\sqrt{3}$	b) $2\sqrt{3}$, $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	c) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$, $\sqrt{3}$	d) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$, $2\sqrt{3}$
43.	The zeros of the polyno	omial $4x^2 - 12x + 9$ v	will be [BOARD 20	023 & BOARD 2024]
	a) $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{3}{2}$	b) $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{1}{3}$	c) $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$	d) $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{3}$
44.	The zeros of the polyno	omial $x^2 - 3\sqrt{2}x + 4$	are	[BOARD 2025]
	a) $2,\sqrt{2}$	b) $2\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{2}$	c) $4\sqrt{2}$, $-\sqrt{2}$	d) $\sqrt{2}$,2
45.	The zeros of polynomia	al $ax^2 + bx + c$ are re	ciprocal of each othe	r if
	a) $b=2a$	b) $c = b$	c) $b = a$	d) c = a
46.	If zeros of the polynom	ial $x^2 + 4x + 2a$ are	a and $\frac{2}{}$ then the value	e of a is
	py		a error error vara	
	a) 1	b) 2	c) 3	d) 4
47.		b) 2	c) 3	d) 4
47.	a) 1	b) 2 nomial $x^2 + (a + 1)x$	c) 3 + b are 2 and -3 then	d) 4 n [BOARD 2023]
	a) 1 If the zeros of the poly	b) 2 nomial $x^2 + (a + 1)x$ b) $a = 5, b = -1$	c) 3 + b are 2 and -3 then c) $a = 2, b = -6$	d) 4 (a) $a = 0, b = -6$
	a) 1 If the zeros of the polya a) $a = -7, b = -1$	b) 2 nomial $x^2 + (a + 1)x$ b) $a = 5, b = -1$ nomial $x^2 + px + q$ ar	c) 3 + b are 2 and -3 then c) $a = 2, b = -6$	d) 4 (a) $a = 0, b = -6$

۵)	-5
aj	2

b)
$$\frac{5}{2}$$

49. If the square of difference of the zeros of the quadratic polynomial $x^2 + px + 45$ is equal to 144 then the value of p is

$$a) +9$$

c)
$$\pm 15$$

d) ± 18

50. The number of polynomials having zeros as -3 and 5 is

[BOARD 2023]

d) more than 3

51. What should be the subtracted from the polynomial $x^2 - 16x + 30$ so that 15 is the zero of the resulting polynomial? [BOARD 2024]

a) 30

52. What should be the added from the polynomial $x^2 - 5x + 4$ so that 3 is the zero of the resulting polynomial? [BOARD 2024]

b) 1

53. If a polynomial p(x) is given by $p(x) = x^2 - 5x + 6$ then the value of p(1) + p(4) is

[BOARD 2024]

a) 0

54. A quadratic polynomial, one of whose zeros is $2 + \sqrt{5}$ and the sum of whose zeros is [BOARD 2024] 4, is

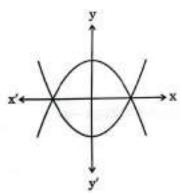
a) $x^2 + 4x - 1$

b)
$$x^2 - 4x - 1$$
 c) $x^2 - 4x + 1$

c)
$$x^2 - 4x + 1$$

d)
$$x^2 + 4x + 1$$

55. Two polynomials are shown in the graph below. The number of distinct zeros of both polynomial is: [BOARD 2025]



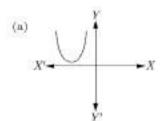
a) 3

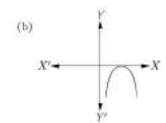
b) 5

c) 2

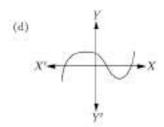
d) 4

56. Which of the following is not the graph of a quadratic polynomial?

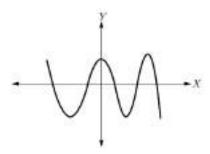




(c) Y

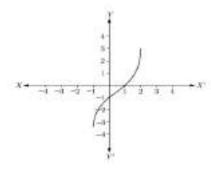


57. The graph of y = p(x) where p(x) is a polynomial in variable x, is as follows:



The number of zeros of p(x) is

58. In the given figure, the graph of a polynomial p(x) is shown. The number of zeros of p(x) will be



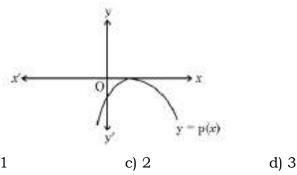
a) 1

b) 2

c) 3

d) 4

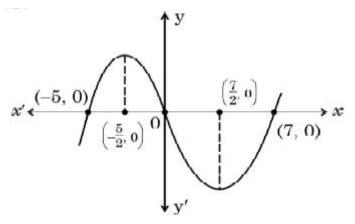
59. The graph of y = p(x) is given for a polynomial p(x). The number of zeros of p(x) from the graph is **[BOARD 2023]**



a) 0

b) 1

- 60. The graph of y = p(x) is given for a polynomial p(x). The zeros of p(x) from the [BOARD 2023] graph are



a) -5, 7

- b) $-\frac{5}{2}$, $-\frac{7}{2}$
- c) -5, 0, 7
- d) $-5, -\frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{2}, 7$

Options for Assertion and Reasoning Questions:

- a) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true and reason(R) is the correct explanation of assertion(A)
- b) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true but reason(R) is not the correct explanation of assertion(A)
- c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false
- d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true
- 61. **Assertion (A):** If one zero of the polynomial $(k^2 + 4)x^2 + 13x + 4k$ is reciprocal of other then k = 2.

Reason (R): If $(x - \alpha)$ is a factor of p(x) then $p(\alpha) = 0$.

62. Assertion (A): The polynomial $p(x) = x^2 + 3x + 3$ has two real zeros. [BOARD 2023] **Reason (R):** A quadratic polynomial can have at most two real zeros.

63. **Assertion** (A): If the graph of a polynomial touches x-axis at only one point then the polynomial cannot be a quadratic polynomial. [BOARD 2024]

Reason (R): A polynomial of degree n (n > 1) can have at most n zeros.

64. **Assertion (A):** Degree of zero polynomial is not defined.

Reason (R): Degree of a non-zero constant polynomial is 0. [BOARD 2024]

2 marks:

- 1. Find the zeros of the quadratic polynomial $\sqrt{3}x^2 8x + 4\sqrt{3}$.
- 2. Find the zeros of the quadratic polynomial $x^2 + \frac{4}{3}x \frac{4}{3}$. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 3. If the zeros of the polynomial $x^2 + ax + b$ are in the ratio 3:4 then prove that $12a^2 = 49b$.
- 4. If p and q are zeros of the polynomial $21y^2 y 2$ then find the value of (1-p).(1-q). [BOARD 2025]
- 5. Find a quadratic polynomial whose zeros are 2 and $\frac{-7}{5}$. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 6. If α and β are zeros of the polynomial $y^2 5y + 3$ then find the value of $\alpha^4 \beta^3 + \alpha^3 \beta^4$.

[BOARD 2025]

- 7. If the sum of zeros the polynomial $(p+1)x^2 + (2p+3)x + (3p+4)$ is -1 then find the value of p? **[BOARD 2025]**
- 8. If α and β are zeros of the polynomial $x^2 2x 1$ then find the value of $\frac{1}{2\alpha} + \frac{1}{2\beta} + 3\alpha\beta$.

[BOARD 2025]

- 9. Form a quadratic polynomial p(x) with 3 and $-\frac{2}{5}$ as sum and product of its zeros respectively.
- 10. If α and β are the zeros of the polynomial $5x^2 7x + 1$ then find the value of $\frac{\alpha}{\beta} + \frac{\beta}{\alpha}$.
- 11. If α and β are the zeros of the polynomial $x^2 4\sqrt{3}x + 3$, then find the value of $\alpha + \beta \alpha\beta$. [BOARD 2024]
- 12. If α and β are the zeros of the polynomial $x^2 (k-6)x + 2(2k-1)$ find the value of k if $\alpha + \beta = \frac{1}{2}\alpha\beta$
- 13. If one of the zeros of the quadratic polynomial $14x^2 42k^2x 9$ is negative of the other, find the value of 'k'.
- 14. If one zero of the polynomial $2x^2 + 3x + \lambda$ is $\frac{1}{2}$ find the value of λ and the other zero.
- 15. Find the value of k such that the polynomial $x^2 (k+6)x + 2(2k+1)$ has sum of its zeros equal to half of their product.

3 marks:

- 1. Find the zeros of the quadratic polynomial $6x^2 3 7x$ and verify the relationship between zeros and coefficients.
- 2. Find the zeros of the quadratic polynomial $x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x 2$ and verify the relationship between zeros and coefficients.
- 3. Find the zeros of the quadratic polynomial $x^2 15$ and verify the relationship between zeros and coefficients. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 4. Find the zeros of the quadratic polynomial $2x^2 x 6$ and verify the relationship between zeros and coefficients. [BOARD 2024]
- 5. Obtain the zeros of the polynomial $7x^2 + 18x 9$. Hence, write a polynomial each of whose zeros is twice the zeros of given polynomial. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 6. Obtain the zeros of the polynomial $p(x) = 2x^2 5x 3$. Hence, obtain a polynomial each of whose zeros is one less than each of the zeros of p(x). **[BOARD 2025]**
- 7. Find the zeros of the polynomial $p(x) = 6x^2 5x 1$. Hence obtain a polynomial each of whose zeros is three times the zeros of p(x). **[BOARD 2025]**
- 8. Find the zeros of the polynomial $p(x) = 3x^2 4x 4$. Hence obtain a polynomial each of whose zeros is 2 more than the zeros of p(x). [BOARD 2025]
- 9. Find the zeros of the polynomial $p(x) = 4x^2 + 3x 1$. Hence obtain a polynomial each of whose zeros are reciprocal of the zeros of p(x). **[BOARD 2025]**
- 10. If α and β are the zeros of a polynomial $px^2 + qx + 1$ then find a quadratic polynomial whose zeros are $\frac{2}{\alpha}$ and $\frac{2}{\beta}$. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 11. If α and β are the zeros of a polynomial $x^2 ax b$ then obtain a quadratic polynomial whose zeros are $3\alpha + 1$ and $3\beta + 1$. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 12. If α and β are the zeros of a polynomial $ax^2 x + c$ then obtain a quadratic polynomial whose zeros are $\alpha 3$ and $\beta 3$. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 13. If the zeros of the polynomial $x^2 + px + q$ are double in value to the zeros of the polynomial $2x^2 5x 3$ then find the values of p and q.
- 14. If a, b are the zeros of the polynomial $2x^2 5x + 7$ then find a polynomial whose zeros are 2a + 3b and 3a + 2b.
- 15. Find a quadratic polynomial whose zeros are reciprocals of the zeros of the polynomial $ax^2 + bx + c$, $a \ne 0$, $c \ne 0$.

- 16. Find the quadratic polynomial sum and product of whose zeros are -1 and -20 respectively. Also find the zeros of the polynomial so obtained.
- 17. If the sum and product of the zeroes of the polynomial $ax^2 5x + c$ are equal to 10 each, find the value of 'a' and 'c'.
- 18. If one zero of the polynomial $3x^2 8x + 2k + 1$ is seven times the other, find the value of k.
- 19. If α and β are the zeros of a polynomial $2x^2 3x + 1$ then find the quadratic polynomial whose zeros are 3α and 3β .
- 20. If α and β are the zeros of a polynomial $x^2 4x 5$ the find the value of $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$.
- 21. If α and β are the zeros of a polynomial $x^2 + x 2$ then find the value of $\frac{\alpha}{\beta} + \frac{\beta}{\alpha}$.

[BOARD 2024]

22. What number should be added to the polynomial $x^2 - 5x + 4$ so that 3 is the zero of the polynomial?

5 marks:

- 1. If α and β are the zeros of a polynomial $3x^2 + 2x + 1$ find the polynomial whose zeroes are $\frac{1-\alpha}{1+\alpha}$ and $\frac{1-\beta}{1+\beta}$.
- 2. If α and β are the zeros of a polynomial $2x^2 + 5x + k$ satisfying the relation $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 + \alpha\beta = \frac{21}{4}$ then find the value of k.
- 3. If α and β are the zeros of a polynomial $6x^2 5x + k$ such that $\alpha \beta = \frac{1}{6}$ then find the value of k.
- 4. If β and $\frac{1}{\beta}$ are zeros of the polynomial $(a^2 + a)x^2 + 61x + 6a$ find the value of α and β .
- 5. Find the zeros of the quadratic polynomial $7y^2 \frac{11}{3}y \frac{2}{3}$ and verify the relationship between the zeros and the coefficients.
- 6. If α and β are the zeros of a polynomial $2x^2 4x + 5$, find the values of
 - (i) $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$
 - (ii) $\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta}$
 - (iii) $(\alpha \beta)^2$
 - (iv) $\frac{1}{\alpha^2} + \frac{1}{\beta^2}$
 - (v) $\alpha^3 + \beta^3$

Case Based Questions:

1. In a pool at an aquarium, a dolphin jumps out of the water travelling at 20 cm per second. Its height above water level after t seconds is given by $h = 20t - 16t^2$.

[BOARD 2023]



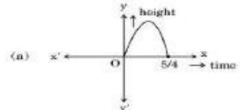
Based on the above, answer the following questions:

(i) Find zeroes of polynomial $p(t) = 20t - 16t^2$.

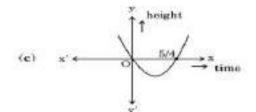
1

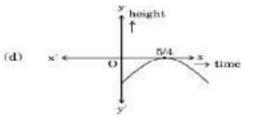
(ii) Which of the following types of graph represents p(t)?

1



(b) $x' \leftarrow 0$ beight $x \rightarrow time$





(iii) What would be the value of h at $t = \frac{3}{2}$? Interpret the result.

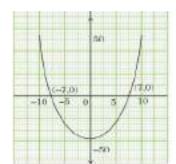
2

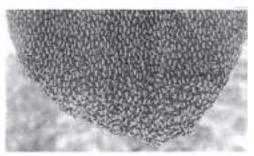
OR

How much distance has the dolphin covered before hitting the water level again?

2. While playing in a garden, Samaira saw a honeycomb and asked her mother what is that. Her mother replied that it's a honeycomb made by honey bees to store honey. Also, she told her that the shape of the honeycomb formed is mathematical structure. The mathematical representation of the honeycomb is shown in the graph.

[BOARD 2023]





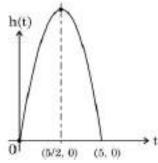
Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) How many zeros are there for the polynomial represented by the graph given?
- (ii) Write the zeros of the polynomial.
- (iii) If the zeros of the polynomial $x^2 + (a + 1)x + b$ are 2 and -3 then determine the values of a and b.

OR

If the square of the difference of the zeros of the polynomial $x^2 + px + 45$ is 144 then find the values of p.

3. A ball is thrown in the air so that t seconds after it is shown, its height h meter above its starting point is given by the polynomial $h = 25t - 5t^2$. **[BOARD 2024]**



Observe the graph of the polynomial and answer the following questions:

(i) Write zeros of the given polynomial.

1

(ii) Find the maximum height achieved by the ball.

1

(iii) After throwing upward, how much time did the ball take to reach to the height of 30 m?

2

OR

Find two different values of t when the height of the ball was 20m.

GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS)

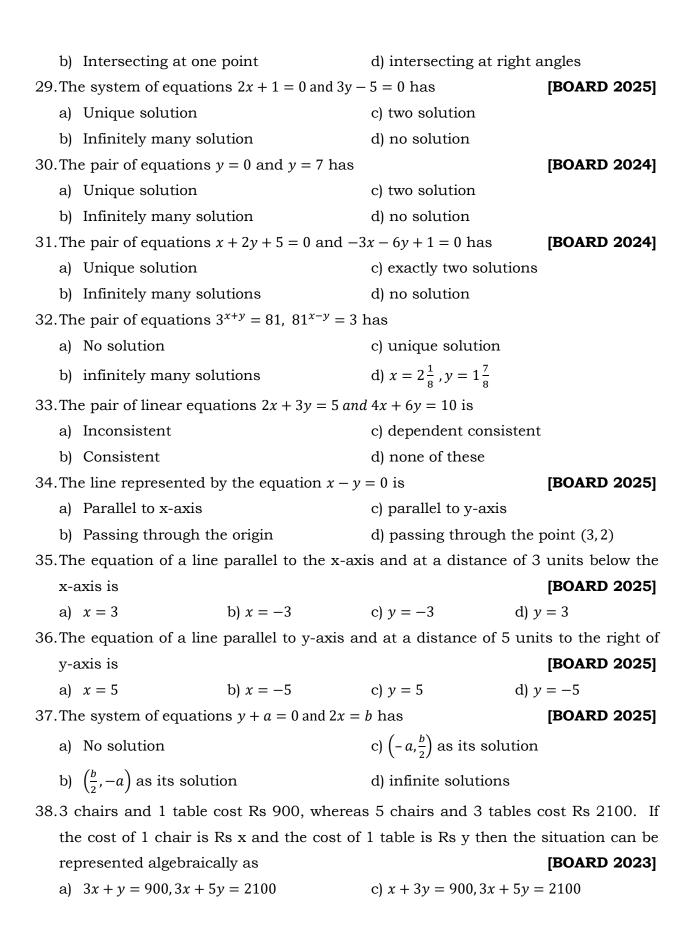
Chapter-3 Pair of linear equations in two variables

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1.	If the system of equa	ations $3x + y = 1$	and $(2k-1)x +$	(k-1)y = 2k+1 is	
	inconsistent then k is				
	a) -1 b) 0) c)	1	d) 2	
2.	For what value of k, the	e system of equat	tions $kx + 3y = 1$,	12x + ky = 2 has no	
	solution				
	a) $k = -6$ b) k	$c \neq -6$ c)	k = 4	d) $k = -4$	
3.	For what value of p the sys	tem of equations h	nave no solution		
(2p-1)x + (p-1)y = 2p + 1, y + 3x - 1 = 0					
	a) $p = 2$ b) p	o ≠ 2 c)	p=4	d) $p \neq 4$	
4.	For which value(s) of p, w	vill the lines repre	sented by the foll	owing pair of linear	
	equations be parallel $3x - y$	y - 5 = 0 and 6x - 2	2y - p = 0		
	a) All real values except 10) c)	10		
	b) 5/2	d)	1/2		
5.	If the lines given by $3x + 2k$	$xy = 2 \ and \ 2x + 5y +$	-1 = 0 are parallel	then value of k is	
	a) -5/4 b) 2	2/5 c)	15/4	d) 3/2	
6.	The pair of equations $ax +$	2y = 9 & 3x + by =	18 represent para	llel lines, where a, b	
	are integers if			[BOARD 2023]	
	a) $a = b$ b) 3	a = 2b c)	2a = 3b	d) $ab = 6$	
7.	The pair of equations $2kx +$	-5y = 7,6x - 5y = 1	1 has a unique so	lution, if	
	a) $k \neq -3$ b) $k \neq -3$	$c \neq \frac{2}{3}$	$k \neq 5$	d) $k \neq \frac{2}{9}$	
8.	For what value of p does	the pair of linea	ar equations giver	n below has unique	
	solution $4x + py + 8 = 0$ and $2x + 2y + 2 = 0$				
	a) $p = 1$ b) p	o = 2 c)	$p \neq 4$	d) $p \neq 2$	
9.	The condition for the syste	m of linear equati	ions $ax + by = c \& l$	x + my = n to have a	
	unique solution is			[BOARD 2023]	
	a) $am \neq bl$ b) a	$al \neq bm$ c)	al = bm	d) $am = bl$	
10	.For what value of k, the eq	uations $3x - y + 8$	= 0,6x - ky = -16	represent coincident	
	lines			[BOARD 2023]	
_					
Pr	epared by: <u>H.Sabareesh (PGT M</u>	Tathematics)			

a)	1/2	b) -1/2	c) 2	d) -2		
11. The value of k for which the pair of equations $kx = y + 2 \& 6x = 2y + 3$ has infinitely						
ma	any solutions, is			[BOARD 2023]		
a)	k = 3	b) $k = -3$	c) $k = 4$	d) doesn't exist		
12.Fc	r what value of k,	the equations $kx + y$	$y = k^2 \text{ and } x + ky = 1$	have infinitely many		
so	lutions.			[BOARD 2024]		
a)	1	b) 2	c) 3	d) 4		
13. The value of k for which the pair of equations $6x + y = 3k & 36x + 6y = 3$ have						
in	finitely many solutio	ns, is		[BOARD 2025]		
a)	6	b) $\frac{1}{6}$	c) $\frac{1}{2}$	d) $\frac{1}{3}$		
14.Th	e value of 'p' for w	hich equations $px +$	-3y = p - 3 and $12x +$	py = p has infinitely		
ma	any solutions is			[BOARD 2025]		
a)	−6 only		c) 6 only			
b)	<u>±</u> 6		d) any real number	except ±6		
15.Oı	ne equation of a pa	air of dependent lir	near equation $-5x$	+7y = 2. The second		
eq	uation can be					
a)	10x + 14y + 4 = 0		c) $-10x - 14y + 4 =$	0		
b)	-10x + 14y + 4 = 0		d) $10x - 14y + 4 = 0$)		
16.Tv	vo lines are given to	be parallel. The equ	uation of one of the	e lines is $4x + 3y = 14$		
th	then the equation of the second line will be [BOARD 2024]					
a)	12x + 9y = 42		c) $12x + 9y = 5$			
b)	12x + 8y = 15		d) $12x + 8y = 42$			
17.Gi	ven the linear equa	tion 3x + 4y = 9, selection	ect another linear e	quation in these two		
variables such that the geometrical representation of the pair so formed is						
in	tersecting lines					
a)	3x - 5y = 10		c) $6x + 8y = 18$			
b)	8x + 12y = 18		d) above all			
18. If $x = 1$ and $y = 2$ is a solution of the pair of linear equations $2x - 3y + a = 0$ and $2x + a = 0$						
3 <i>y</i>	-b = 0 then			[BOARD 2025]		
a)	a = 2b	b) $2a = b$	c) $a + 2b = 0$	d) $2a + b = 0$		
19. If $x = a$ and $y = b$ is the solution of the equation $x - y = 2$ and $x + y = 4$ then the						
values of a and b are, respectively						
a)	3 and 5	b) 5 and 3	c) 3 and 1	d) -1 and -3		

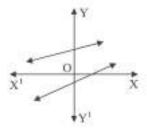
20.W	hat are the values of	x and y for the follo	wing pair of linear ed	quations?			
3x	3x + 2y - 7 = 0 and $4x + y - 6 = 0$						
a)	1 and 2	b) 2 and 2	c) 1 and 1	d) -1 and -1			
21.Th	e solutions of the pa	our of equations $x + y$	y = a + b & ax - by = a	$a^2 - b^2$ is			
				[BOARD 2023]			
a)	x = b, $y = a$	b) $x = -a, y = b$	c) $x = a, y = b$	d) $x = a, y = -b$			
22.If	$ax + by = a^2 - b^2$ and	bx + ay = 0 then th	e value of $x + y$ is	[BOARD 2024]			
a)	$a^2 - b^2$	b) $a + b$	c) $a-b$	d) $a^2 + b^2$			
23.If	2x + y = 23 and 4x - y	y = 19 the value of ($(5y - 2x)$ and $(\frac{y}{x} - 2)$ v	vill be			
a)	$-\frac{5}{7}$,31	b) 31, $-\frac{5}{7}$	c) 37, $\frac{2}{7}$	d) $\frac{2}{7}$, 37			
24.In	the figure, ABCDE	is a pentagon with	$BE \parallel CD$ and $BC \parallel DE$.	BC is perpendicular			
to	CD. $AB = 5 cm, AE =$	5 cm, BE = 7 cm, BC =	= x - y and $CD = x + y$	y. If the perimeter of			
AE	BCDE is 27 cm. The	value of x and y will	be				
		1					
			E				
		e					
a)	3 and 2	b) 2 and 3	c) 1 and 6	d) 6 and 1			
25.Th	e pair of equations a	a = a and $y = b$ graph	nically represents line	es which are			
				[BOARD 2023]			
a)	Parallel		c) intersecting at (a	., b)			
b)	coincident		d) intersecting at (b	o, a)			
26.If	a pair of linear equat	tions is consistent th	nen the lines will be				
a)	Parallel		c) always coinciden	ıt			
b)	Intersecting or coin	cident	d) always intersecti	ing			
27.W	hat do you say abou	t the lines represent	ed by 2x + y = 3 and	4x + 2y = 6?			
				[BOARD 2023]			
a)	Parallel		c) coincident				
,	Intersecting		d) none of these				
28.A system of two linear equations in two variables is inconsistent, if the lines in the							
_	aph are			[BOARD 2025]			
a)	parallel		c) coincident				



b)
$$3x + y = 900, 5x + 3y = 2100$$

d)
$$x + 3y = 900, 5x + 3y = 2100$$

39.In the given figure, graphs of two linear equations are shown. The pair of these linear equations is [BOARD 2024]



- a) Consistent with unique solution
- b) Consistent with infinitely many solutions
- c) Inconsistent
- d) Inconsistent but can be made consistent by extending these lines.

Options for Assertion and Reasoning Questions:

- a) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true and reason(R) is the correct explanation of assertion(A)
- a) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true but reason(R) is not the correct explanation of assertion(A)
- b) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false
- c) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true
- 40. **Assertion** (A): The pair of equations px + 3y + 59 = 0 and 2x + 6y + 118 = 0 will have infinitely many solutions if p = 1.

Reason (R): If the pair of equations px + 3y + 19 = 0 and 2x + 6y + 157 = 0 has a unique solution then $p \ne 1$. [BOARD 2025]

41. **Assertion (A):** x + y - 4 = 0 and 2x + ky - 3 = 0 has no solution if k = 2.

Reason (R): $a_1x + b_1y + c_1 = 0$ and $a_2x + b_2y + c_2 = 0$ are consistent if $\frac{a_1}{a_2} \neq \frac{b_1}{b_2}$.

42. **Assertion** (A): Pair of linear equations 9x + 3y + 12 = 0 and

8x + 6y + 24 = 0 have infinitely many solution.

Reason (R): Pair of linear equations $a_1x + b_1y + c_1 = 0$ and

 $a_2x + b_2y + c_2 = 0$ have infinitely many solutions if $\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} = \frac{c_1}{c_2}$.

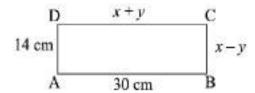
2 marks:

1. For what value of k for which the following pair of linear equations have infinitely many solutions? 2x - 3y = 7, (k + 2)x - (2k + 1)y = 3(2k - 1).

2. For what value of k will the following pair of linear equations have no solution?

$$3x + y = 1$$
, $(2k - 1)x + (k - 1)y = 2k + 1$.

- 3. For what value of p will the following pair of linear equations have infinitely many solutions? (p-3)x + 3y = p and px + py = 12.
- 4. If the system of equations 2x + 3y = 7 and (a + b)x + (2a b)y = 21 has infinitely many solutions, then find a and b.
- 5. In figure, ABCD is a rectangle. Find the values of x and y.



- 6. Solve for x and y: $\sqrt{2}x + \sqrt{3}y = 5$ and $\sqrt{3}x \sqrt{8}y = -\sqrt{6}$. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 7. Solve 30x + 44y = 10 and 40x + 55y = 13 algebraically. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 8. Solve 37x + 63y = 137 and 63x + 37y = 163 algebraically. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 9. Solve 73x 37y = 109 and 37x 73y = 1 algebraically. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 10. Solve 101x + 102y = 304 and 102x + 101y = 305 algebraically. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 11. Solve 217x + 131y = 913, 131x + 217y = 827. [BOARD 2023]
- 12. Solve the pair of equations x = 3 & y = -4 graphically. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 13. Using graphical method, find whether following system of linear equations is consistent or not x = 0 & y = -7. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 14. Solve 7x 2y = 5 & 8x + 7y = 15 and verify your answer. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 15. Sum of two numbers is 105 and their difference is 45. Find the numbers.

[BOARD 2024]

- 16. The cost of 2 kg apples and 1 kg of grapes on a day was found to be Rs 320. The cost of 4 kg apples and 2 kg grapes was found to be Rs 600. If cost of 1 kg of apples and 1 kg of grapes is Rs x and Rs y respectively. Represent the given situation algebraically as a system of equations and check whether the system so obtained is consistent or not.

 [BOARD 2025]
- 17.In a pair of supplementary angles, the greater angle exceeds the smaller by 50°. Express the given situation as a system of linear equations in two variables and hence obtain the measure of each angle. [BOARD 2025]

3 marks:

1. Solve for x and y: $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{2y}{3} = -1$ and $x - \frac{y}{3} = 3$.

- 2. Solve for x and y: $\frac{x+1}{2} + \frac{y-1}{3} = 9$ and $\frac{x-1}{3} + \frac{y+1}{2} = 8$.
- 3. Solve for x and y: $ax + by = \frac{a+b}{2}$ and 3x + 5y = 4.
- 4. Solve: 2x y 2 = 0 and -4x + y + 4 = 0. Also, find absolute difference between the ordinates of the points where given lines cut y-axis. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 5. Solve: 2x + y = 5 and 4x y = 7 graphically. Hence, write the coordinates of the points where given lines meet y-axis. [BOARD 2025]
- 6. Solve 2x + 3y = 6 and x + y 1 = 0 graphically. Also, find the sum of ordinates of the points where given lines meet y-axis. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 7. Check whether the following pair of equations is consistent or not. If consistent, solve graphically x + 3y = 6 and 3y 2x = -12. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 8. Check whether the following pair of equations is consistent or not. If consistent, solve graphically x 2y + 4 = 0 and 2x y 4 = 0. [BOARD 2025]
- 9. Determine the values of m and n so that the following system of linear equation have infinite number of solutions: (2m-1)x + 3y 5 = 0 and 3x + (n-1)y 2 = 0.
- 10. For what value of p will the following system of equations have no solution?

$$(2p-1)x + (p-1)y = 2p + 1$$
 and $y + 3x - 1 = 0$

- 11. If the system of equations 2x + 3y = 7 and 2ax + (a + b)y = 28 has infinitely many solutions, then find a and b. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 12.A fraction becomes $\frac{1}{3}$ when 2 is subtracted from the numerator and it becomes $\frac{1}{2}$ when 1 is subtracted from the denominator. Find the fraction. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 13. Half of the difference between two numbers is 2. The sum of the greater number and twice the smaller number is 13. Find the numbers. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 14. The sum of the digits of a two digit number is 9. Also 9 times this number is twice the number obtained by reversing the order of the digits. Find the number.
- 15.A number consists of two digits. Where the number is divided by the sum of its digits, the quotient is 7. If 27 is subtracted from the number, the digits interchange their places, find the number.
- 16.A 2-digit number is seven times the sum of its digits. The number formed by reversing the digits is 18 less than the given number. Find the given number.

[BOARD 2023]

17. The sum of the digits of a 2-digit number is 14. The number obtained by interchanging its digits exceeds the given number by 18. Find the number.

[BOARD 2024]

- 18. Two numbers are in the ratio of 1: 3. If 5 is added to both the numbers, the ratio becomes 1: 2. Find the numbers.
- 19.A part of monthly hostel charges in a college is fixed and the remaining depends on the number of days one has taken food in the mess. When a student 'A' takes food for 22 days, he has to pay Rs.1380 as hostel charges. Whereas a student 'B' who takes food for 28 days, pays Rs. 1680 as hostel charges. Find the fixed charges and the cost of food per day.

 [BOARD 2024]
- 20. The ratio of income 2 persons is 9:7 and the ratio of their expenditure is 4:3, if each of them manage to save Rs. 5000/ month. Find their monthly incomes.

[BOARD 2025]

- 21.A shop keeper gives books on rent for reading. She takes a fixed charge for first two days and an additional charge for each day thereafter. Latika paid Rs 22 for a book kept for six days, while Anand paid Rs 16 for the book kept for four days. Find the fixed charge and the charge for each extra day.
- 22. Places A and B are 100 km apart on a highway. One car starts from A and another from B at the same time. If the cars travel in the same direction at different speeds, they meet in 5 hours. If they travel towards each other, they meet in 1 hour. What are the speeds of the two cars?

 [BOARD 2023]
- 23.A train covered a certain distance at a uniform speed. If the train would have been 6 km/hr faster, it would have taken 4 hours less than the scheduled time. And if the train were slower by 6 km/hr, it would have taken 6 hours more than the scheduled time. Find the length of the journey.
- 24. Anuj had some chocolates and he divided them into two lots A and B. He sold the first lot at the rate of Rs 2 for 3 chocolates and the second lot at the rate of Re 1 per chocolate and got a total of Rs 400. If he had sold the first lot at the rate of Re 1 per chocolate and the second lot at the rate of Rs 4 for 5 chocolates, his total collection would have been Rs 460. Find the total number of chocolates he had.
- 25. Meena went to a bank to withdraw Rs. 2000. She asked the cashier to give her Rs. 50 and Rs. 100 notes only. Meena got 25 notes in all. How many notes of Rs. 50 and Rs. 100 she received? [BOARD 2024]

- 26.A man wished to give Rs.12 to each person and found that he fell short of Rs. 6 when he wanted to give to all the persons present. He therefore, distributed Rs.9 to each person and found that Rs.9 were left over. How much money did he have and how many persons were there?
- 27.A father's age is three times the sum of the ages of his children. After 5 years, his age will be two times the sum of their ages. Find the present age of the father.

[BOARD 2023]

- 28. Three years ago, Rashmi was thrice as old as Namza. Ten years later, Rashmi will be twice as old as Namza. How old are Rashmi and Namza now? [BOARD 2024]
- 29. In a chemistry lab, there is some quantity of 50% acid solution and some quantity of 25% acid solution. How much of each should be mixed to make 10 liters of 40% acid solution? [BOARD 2024]
- 30. The two angles of a right angled triangle other than 90° are in the ratio 2:3. Express the given situation algebraically as a system of linear equations in two variables and hence solve it. [BOARD 2025]
- 31. The perimeter of a rectangle is 70 cm. The length of the rectangle is 5 cm more than twice is breadth. Express the given situation as a system of linear equations in two variables and hence solve it.

 [BOARD 2025]

5 marks:

- 1. For what value of k, which the following pair of linear equations have infinitely many solutions: 2x + 3y = 7 and (k + 1)x + (2k 1)y = 4k + 1.
- 2. For what value of a and b does the following pair of linear equations have infinitely many solutions: 2x + 3y = 7, a(x + y) b(x y) = 3a + b 2.
- 3. Find the value of p and q for which the system of equations represent coincident lines 2x + 3y = 7 and (p + q + 1)x + (p + 2q + 2)y = 4(p + q) + 1.
- 4. Solve for x and y: 2x y + 3 = 0 and 3x 5y + 1 = 0.
- 5. Solve graphically: 3x 4y + 3 = 0 and 3x + 4y 21 = 0. [BOARD 2024]
- 6. Draw the graph of the equations x y + 1 = 0 and 3x + 2y 12 = 0. Determine the coordinates of the vertices of the triangle formed by these lines and the X-axis and shade the triangular region.
- 7. Solve the pair of linear equations graphically:

$$x + 3y = 12, 2x - 3y = 12$$

Also shade the region bounded by the line 2x - 3y = 2 and both the coordinate axes

8. Solve the pair of linear equations graphically:

$$x - y = 1,2x + y = 8$$

- Also find the coordinates of the points where the lines represented by the above equation intersect y-axis.
- 9. The area of rectangle gets reduced by 80 square units, if its length is reduced by 5 units and breadth is increased by 2 units. If we increase the length by 10 units and decrease the breadth by 5 units, the area increases by 50 square units. Find the dimensions of the rectangle. [BOARD 2024]
- 10. Yash scored 40 marks in a test, getting 3 marks for each right answer and losing 1 mark for each wrong answer. Had 4 marks been awarded for each correct answer and 2 marks been deducted for each incorrect answer, then Yash would have scored 50 marks. How many questions were there in the test?

[BOARD 2023 & BOARD 2024]

- 11. If three times the greater of two numbers is divided by the smaller one, we get 4 as the quotient and 3 as the remainder. Also, if seven times the smaller number is divided by greater one, we get 5 as the quotient and 1 as the remainder. Find the numbers.

 [BOARD 2024]
- 12.A man lent a part of his money at 10% p.a. and the rate at 15% p.a. His income at the end of the year is Rs 1900. If he had interchanged the rate of interest on the two sums, he would have earned Rs 200 more. Find the amount lent in both cases.

[BOARD 2025]

- 13. Vijay invested certain amounts of money in two schemes A and B, which offer interest at the rate of 8% per annum and 9% per annum respectively. He received Rs 1860 as the total annual interest. However, had he interchanged the amounts of investments in the two schemes, he would have received Rs 20 more as annual interest. How much money did he invest in each scheme? [BOARD 2025]
- 14. The perimeter of an isosceles triangle is 32 cm. If equal side is $\frac{5}{6}^{th}$ of the base, find the area of the triangle. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 15. The students of a class are made to stand equally in rows. If 3 students are extra in each row, there would be 1 row less. If 3 students are less in a row, there would be 2 more rows. Find the number of students in the class. [BOARD 2025]
- 16.A bag contains some red and blue balls. Ten percent of the red balls, when added to twenty percent of the blue balls, give a total of 24. If three times the number of

red balls exceeds the number of blue balls by 20, find the number of red balls and blue balls. **[BOARD 2025]**

Case based questions:

1. Two schools 'P' and 'Q' decided to award prizes to their students for two games of Hockey Rs *x* per student and Cricket Rs *y* per student. School 'P' decided to award a total of Rs 9,500 for the two games to 5 and 4 students respectively; while school 'Q' decided to award Rs 7,370 for the two games to 4 and 3 students respectively.

[BOARD 2023]



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Represent the following information algebraically (in terms of x and y).
- (ii) (a) What is the prize amount for hockey?

OR

- (b) Prize amount on which game is more and by how much?

 (iii) What will be the total prize amount if there are 2 students each from two games?
- 2. A coaching institute of Mathematics conducts classes in two batches I and II and fees for rich and poor children are different. In batch I, there are 20 poor and 5 rich children, whereas in batch II, there are 5 poor and 25 rich children. The total monthly collection of fees from batch I is Rs 9000 and from batch II is Rs 26000. Assume that each poor child pays Rs x per month and each rich child pays Rs y per month. Based on the above information answer the following questions:

[BOARD 2023]



((i)	Represent	the	situation	in	terms	of x	and	v.
١.	1-1								_, -

1

2

(ii) Find the monthly fee paid by a poor child.

2

OR

Find the difference in the monthly fee paid by a poor child and a rich child.2

- (iii) If there are 10 poor and 20 rich children in batch II, what is the total monthly collection of fees from batch II?
- 3. A school is organizing a grand cultural event to show the talent of its students. To accommodate the guests, the school plans to rent chairs and tables from a local supplier. It finds that rent for each chair is Rs 50 and for each table is Rs 200. The school spends Rs 30,000 for renting the chairs and tables. Also, the total number of items(chairs and tables) rented are 300. [BOARD 2025]



If the school rents 'x' chairs and 'y' tables, answer the following questions:

- (i) Write down the pair of linear equations representing the given information. 1
- (ii) (a) Find the number of chairs and tables rented by the school.

OR

- (b) If the school wants to spend a maximum of Rs 27,000 on 300 items (tables and chairs) then find the number of chairs and tables it can rent.
- (iii) What is maximum number of tables that can be rented in Rs 30,000 if no chairs are rented?
- 4. MASK: Masks are an additional step to help prevent people from getting and spreading COVID-19. They provide a barrier that keeps respiratory droplets from spreading. Wear a mask and take every day preventive actions in public settings.

Due to ongoing Corona virus outbreak, Wellness Medical store has started selling masks of decent quality. The store is selling two types of masks currently type A and type B.



The cost of type *A* mask is Rs. 15 and of type *B* mask is Rs. 20. In the month of April, 2020, the store sold 100 masks for total sales of Rs. 1650.

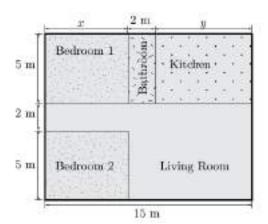
- (i) How many masks of each type were sold in the month of April? If the store had sold 50 masks of each type, what would be its sales in the month of April?
 1
- (ii) Due to great demand and short supply, the store has increased the price of each type by Rs. 5 from May 1, 2020. In the month of May, 2020, the store sold 310 masks for total sales of Rs. 6875. How many masks of each type were sold in the month of May?
- (iii) What percent of masks of each type sale was increased in the month of May, compared with the sale of month April?

OR

What extra profit did store earn by increasing price in May month.

2

5. Varsha is a licensed architect and design very innovative house. She has made a house layout for her client which is given below. In the layout, the design and measurements has been made such that area of two bedrooms and kitchen together is 95 sq. m.



Prepared by: H.Sabareesh (PGT Mathematics)

(i) Which pair of linear equations does describe this situation?

_

(ii) What is the length of the outer boundary of the layout.

1

1

(iii) What is the area of bedroom 1? What is the area of living room in the layout? 2

OR

What is the cost of laying tiles in Kitchen at the rate of Rs. 50 per sq. m?

6. Mr. RK Agrawal is owner of a famous amusement park in Delhi. The ticket charge for the park is Rs 150 for children and Rs 400 for adult. Generally he does not go to park and it is managed by team of staff. One day Mr Agrawal decided to random check the park and went there. When he checked the cash counter, he found that 480 tickets were sold and Rs 134500 was collected. [BOARD 2024]



- (i) Let the number of children visited be x and the number of adults visited be y.Which of the following is the correct system of equations that model the problem?
- (ii) How many children visited the park? How many adults visited the park?
- (iii) How much amount collected if 300 children and 350 adults visited the park?2

OR

One day total visited children and adults together are 750 and the total amount collected is Rs 212500. What are the number of children and adults visited the park?

7. Dipesh bought 3 notebooks and 2 pens for Rs. 80. His friend Ramesh said that price of each notebook could be Rs. 25. Then three notebooks would cost Rs.75,

the two pens would cost Rs. 5 and each pen could be for Rs. 2.50. Another friend Amar felt that Rs. 2.50 for one pen was too little. It should be at least Rs. 16. Then the price of each notebook would also be Rs.16.



Aditya also bought the same types of notebooks and pens as Dipesh. He paid 110 for 4 notebooks and 3 pens.

- (i) Whether the estimation of Ramesh and Amar is applicable for Aditya?
- (ii) Let the cost of one notebook be x and that of pen be y. Which of the following set describe the given problem?
- (iii) What is the exact cost of the notebook?

OR

2

What is the exact cost of the pen? What is the total cost if they purchase the same type of 15 notebooks and 12 pens.

GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS)

Chapter-4 Quadratic Equation

1 marks:

1.	The quadratic equation $(x^2 + 1)^2 - x^2 = 0$ has					
	a)	Four real roots		c) two real roots		
	b)	No real roots		d) one real root		
2.	Th	e quadratic equation	$2x^2 - \sqrt{5}x + 1 = 0 \text{ h}$	as		
	a)	Two distinct real ro	ots	c) two equal real ro	ots	
	b)	No real roots		d) more than 2 real	root	S
3.	Th	e quadratic equation	$12x^2 - 3\sqrt{2}x + \frac{9}{4} = 0$	nas		
	a)	a) Two distinct real roots		c) two equal real ro	ots	
	b)	No real roots		d) more than 2 real	root	S
4.	Th	e quadratic equation	$1 x^2 + 3x + 2\sqrt{2} = 0 \text{ h}$	as		
	a)	a) Two distinct real roots		c) two equal real ro	ots	
	b)	No real roots		d) more than 2 real	root	S
5.	Th	e quadratic equation	$5x^2 - 3x + 1 = 0 \text{ has}$	s		[BOARD 2024]
	a)	Two distinct real ro	ots	c) two equal real ro	ots	
	b)	No real roots		d) more than 2 real	root	s
6.	Na	ture of roots of quad	Iratic equations $2x^2$	-4x + 3 = 0 is		
	a)	Real	b) equal	c) not real	d) n	one of them
7.	Th	e roots of the quadra	atic equation $x^2 - 0.0$	04 = 0 are		[BOARD 2023]
	•	± 0.2	b) ± 0.02	c) 0.4	d) 2	
8.	If $\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{x}{12} - \frac{3}{x} = 0$ then the va	lues of x are			[BOARD 2025]
	a)	±6	b) ±4	c) ±12	d) ±	3
9.	Wł	nat is the positive rea	al root of $64x^2 - 1 =$	0?		
		•	b) 1/4	• •	d) 1	/6
10	.Th	e real roots of the eq	$uation x^{\frac{2}{3}} + x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2 =$	0 are		
	a)	1, 8	b) -1, -8	c) -1, 8	d) 1	, -8
11	. If	$\frac{1}{2}$ is a root of the equ	$aation x^2 + kx - \frac{5}{4} = 0$), then the value of k	is	[BOARD 2024]
	a)	2	b) -2	c) ½	d) ½	2

Prepared by: <u>H.Sabareesh (PGT Mathematics)</u>

12.11 / b is a root of qu	12. If $r = 3$ is a root of quadratic equation $kr^2 - kr - 3 = 0$ then the value of k is					
a) 1/2	b) 3	c) 1/3	d) 1/4			
13. If $x = 0.3$ is a root of the	the equation $x^2 - 0.9k$	= 0 then k is	[BOARD 2023]			
a) 1	b) 10	c) 0.1	d) 100			
14. If p is the root of the	equation $x^2 - (p+q)$	x + k = 0 then the va	lue of k is			
a) p	b) q	c) p+q	d) pq			
15. If the roots of the equ	uation $ax^2 + bx + c =$	$0, a \neq 0$ are real and	equal then which of			
the following relation	is true?		[BOARD 2024]			
a) $a = \frac{b^2}{c}$	b) $b^2 = ac$	c) $ac = \frac{b^2}{4}$	d) $c = \frac{b^2}{a}$			
16.If the quadratic equat	$ion x^2 + 4x + k = 0 ha$	as real and equal roo	ots, then			
a) $k < 4$	b) $k > 4$	c) $k = 4$	d) $k \ge 4$			
17. Value(s) of k for wh	ich the quadratic e	quation $2x^2 - kx + k$	= 0 has equal roots			
is/are						
a) 0	b) 4	c) 8	d) 0, 8			
18. Find the value of k f	or which the equati	on $x^2 + k(2x + k - 1)$	+2 = 0 has real and			
equal roots.			[BOARD 2023]			
a) 2	b) 3	c) 4	d) 5			
19. The value of 'a' for which $ax^2 + x + a = 0$ has equal and positive roots is						
	1C11 ux + x + u = 0 11	as equal and positive	e roots is			
	.icii ux + x + u = 0 ii	as equal and positive	[BOARD 2025]			
	b) -2					
	b) -2	c) $\frac{1}{2}$	[BOARD 2025] d) $-\frac{1}{2}$			
a) 2	b) -2	c) $\frac{1}{2}$	[BOARD 2025] d) $-\frac{1}{2}$			
a) 2	b) -2 two real and distinct	c) $\frac{1}{2}$	[BOARD 2025] d) $-\frac{1}{2}$ e of b can be			
a) 2 $20. \text{If } x^2 + bx + b = 0 \text{ has } t$	b) -2 two real and distinct b) 4	c) $\frac{1}{2}$ roots, then the value c) 3	[BOARD 2025] d) $-\frac{1}{2}$ e of b can be [BOARD 2025]			
a) 2 $20.\text{If } x^2 + bx + b = 0 \text{ has } t$ a) 0 $21.\text{If } x^2 + k(4x + k - 1) + t$	b) -2 two real and distinct b) 4	c) $\frac{1}{2}$ roots, then the value c) 3 s, then k is	[BOARD 2025] d) $-\frac{1}{2}$ e of b can be [BOARD 2025]			
a) 2 $20.\text{If } x^2 + bx + b = 0 \text{ has } t$ a) 0 $21.\text{If } x^2 + k(4x + k - 1) + t$	b) -2 two real and distinct b) 4 2 = 0 has equal roots b) $\frac{2}{3}$, -1	c) $\frac{1}{2}$ roots, then the value c) 3 s, then k is c) $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$	[BOARD 2025] d) $-\frac{1}{2}$ e of b can be [BOARD 2025] d) -3			
a) 2 $20.\text{If } x^2 + bx + b = 0 \text{ has } x^2$ a) 0 $21.\text{If } x^2 + k(4x + k - 1) + x^2$ a) $-\frac{2}{3}$, 1	b) -2 two real and distinct b) 4 2 = 0 has equal roots b) $\frac{2}{3}$, -1	c) $\frac{1}{2}$ roots, then the value c) 3 s, then k is c) $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$ has two real and equ	[BOARD 2025] d) $-\frac{1}{2}$ e of b can be [BOARD 2025] d) -3			
a) 2 $20.\text{If } x^2 + bx + b = 0 \text{ has } x^2$ a) 0 $21.\text{If } x^2 + k(4x + k - 1) + x^2$ a) $-\frac{2}{3}$, 1	b) -2 two real and distinct b) 4 2 = 0 has equal roots b) $\frac{2}{3}$, -1 ion $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ h	c) $\frac{1}{2}$ roots, then the value c) 3 s, then k is c) $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$ has two real and equ	[BOARD 2025] d) $-\frac{1}{2}$ e of b can be [BOARD 2025] d) -3 d) $\frac{3}{2}$, $-\frac{1}{3}$ hal roots then c is			
a) 2 20. If $x^2 + bx + b = 0$ has a a) 0 21. If $x^2 + k(4x + k - 1) + a$ a) $-\frac{2}{3}$, 1 22. If the quadratic equation	b) -2 two real and distinct b) 4 2 = 0 has equal roots b) $\frac{2}{3}$, -1 ion $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ h	c) $\frac{1}{2}$ roots, then the value c) 3 s, then k is c) $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$ has two real and equal [BOARD 20] c) $\frac{-b^2}{4a}$	[BOARD 2025] d) $-\frac{1}{2}$ e of b can be [BOARD 2025] d) -3 d) $\frac{3}{2}$, $-\frac{1}{3}$ hal roots then c is 1023 & BOARD 2024] d) $\frac{b^2}{4a}$			
a) 2 20. If $x^2 + bx + b = 0$ has a a) 0 21. If $x^2 + k(4x + k - 1) + a$ a) $-\frac{2}{3}$, 1 22. If the quadratic equation $-\frac{b}{2a}$	b) -2 two real and distinct b) 4 2 = 0 has equal roots b) $\frac{2}{3}$, -1 ion $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ h	c) $\frac{1}{2}$ roots, then the value c) 3 s, then k is c) $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$ has two real and equal [BOARD 20] c) $\frac{-b^2}{4a}$	[BOARD 2025] d) $-\frac{1}{2}$ e of b can be [BOARD 2025] d) -3 d) $\frac{3}{2}$, $-\frac{1}{3}$ hal roots then c is 1023 & BOARD 2024] d) $\frac{b^2}{4a}$			
a) 2 20. If $x^2 + bx + b = 0$ has a a) 0 21. If $x^2 + k(4x + k - 1) + a$ a) $-\frac{2}{3}$, 1 22. If the quadratic equation $-\frac{b}{2a}$ 23. The quadratic equation $-\frac{b}{2a}$	b) -2 two real and distinct b) 4 2 = 0 has equal roots b) $\frac{2}{3}$, -1 ion $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ has b) $\frac{b}{2a}$ ons $x^2 - 4x + k = 0$ has b) $k > 4$	c) $\frac{1}{2}$ roots, then the value c) 3 s, then k is c) $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$ has two real and equal (BOARD 20) c) $\frac{-b^2}{4a}$ has distinct real roots c) $k = 16$	[BOARD 2025] d) $-\frac{1}{2}$ e of b can be [BOARD 2025] d) -3 d) $\frac{3}{2}$, $-\frac{1}{3}$ hal roots then c is [D23 & BOARD 2024] d) $\frac{b^2}{4a}$ if d) $k < 4$			

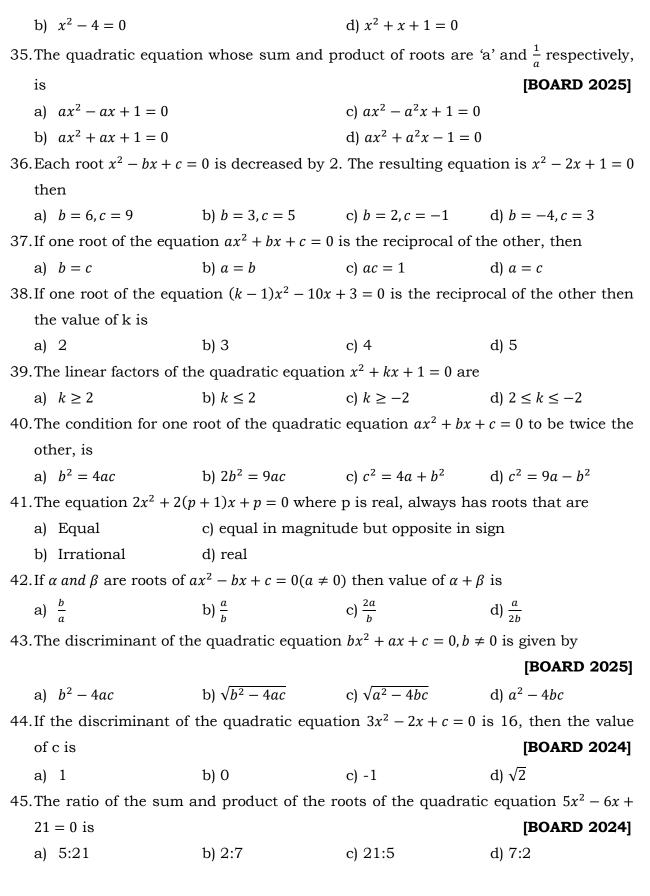
 $\label{eq:prepared_prepared_prepared} \textbf{Prepared by:} \underline{\textbf{H.Sabareesh}} \ (\underline{\textbf{PGT Mathematics}})$

a)	$\pm 2\sqrt{2}$	b) 2	c) ±2	d) $\sqrt{2}$
25.Le	et p be a prime numb	er. The quadratic ed	quation having its ro	ots as factors of p is
a)	$x^2 - px + p = 0$		c) $x^2 - (p+1)x + p =$	= 0
b)	$x^2 + (p+1)x + p = 0$)	d) $x^2 - px + p + 1 =$	0
26.W	hich of the following	equations is a quad	ratic equation?	[BOARD 2025]
a)	$x^2 + 1 = (x - 1)^2$		c) $x^3 + 3x^2 = (x+1)$	3
b)	$\left(x + \sqrt{x}\right)^2 = 2x\sqrt{x}$		d) $(x+1)(x-1) = (x-1)$	$(x+1)^2$
27.W	hich of the following	equations is a quad	ratic equation?	[BOARD 2025]
a)	$\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 = 2$		c) $(x+1)^3 = (1-x)^3$	3
b)	$\left(x - \sqrt{x}\right)^2 + 2x\sqrt{x} = 0$)	$d) \left(\sqrt{x} + 1\right)^2 = x^2$	
28.W	hich of the following	equations is a quad	ratic equation?	[BOARD 2025]
a)	$x^3 = (x - 1)^3 + 3x^2$		c) $x^3 = (x+1)^3$	
b)	$x^2 = \sqrt{x}$		d) $x^2 + 1 = \frac{1}{x}$	
29.W	hich of the following	equations does not	have a real root?	[BOARD 2025]
a)	$x^2 = 0$		c) $2x - 1 = 3$	
b)	$x^2 + 1 = 0$		d) $x^3 + x^2 = 0$	
30.W	hich of the following	equation has 2 as a	root?	
a)	$x^2 - 4x + 5 = 0$		c) $x^2 + 3x - 12 = 0$	
b)	$2x^2 - 7x + 6 = 0$		d) $3x^2 - 6x - 2 = 0$	
31. W	Which of the following	gequations has the	sum of its roots as 4	? [BOARD 2023]
a)	$2x^2 - 4x + 8 = 0$		c) $-x^2 + 4x + 4 = 0$	
b)	$\sqrt{2}x^2 - \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}}x + 1 = 0$		d) $4x^2 - 4x + 4 = 0$	
32.A	quadratic equation v	whose roots are $2 + \sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{3}$ and $2 - \sqrt{3}$ is	[BOARD 2023]
a)	$x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$		c) $x^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$	
b)	$4x^2 - 3 = 0$		d) $x^2 - 1 = 0$	
33.Tł	ne quadratic equation	n whose roots are 7 a	and $\frac{1}{7}$ is	[BOARD 2025]
a)	$7x^2 - 50x + 7 = 0$		c) $7x^2 - 50x + 1 = 0$	
b)	$7x^2 + 50x - 7 = 0$		d) $7x^2 + 50x - 1 = 0$	
34.W	hich of the following	quadratic equations	s has real and equal	roots?

c) $x^2 + x = 0$

[BOARD 2025]

a) $(x+1)^2 = 2x+1$



Options for Assertion and Reasoning Questions:

- a) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true and reason(R) is the correct explanation of assertion(A)
- a) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true but reason(R) is not the correct explanation of assertion(A)
- b) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false
- c) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true
- 46. **Assertion** (A): $4x^2 12x + 9 = 0$ has repeated roots.

Reason (R): The quadratic equation has repeated roots if discriminant D > 0.

47. **Assertion** (A): The equation $x^2 + 3x + 1 = (x - 2)^2$ has repeated roots.

Reason (R): Any equation of the form $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a \ne 0$, is called a quadratic equation.

48. **Assertion (A):** The value of x are $\frac{-a}{2}$, a for a quadratic equation $2x^2 + ax - a^2 = 0$.

Reason (R): For quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $\neq 0$ $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$.

49. **Assertion** (A): The equation $8x^2 + 3kx + 2 = 0$ has equal roots then the value of k is $\pm \frac{8}{3}$.

Reason (A): The equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ has equal roots if $D = b^2 - 4ac = 0$.

50. **Assertion (A):** The roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 + 2x + 2 = 0$ are imaginary. **Reason (R):** If discriminant $D = b^2 - 4ac < 0$ then the roots of the quadratic

Reason (R): If discriminant $D = b^2 - 4ac < 0$ then the roots of the quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ are imaginary.

51. **Assertion** (A): If $5 + \sqrt{7}$ is a root of a quadratic equation with rational co-efficient then its other root is $5 - \sqrt{7}$.

Reason (R): Surd roots of the quadratic equation with rational coefficient occur in conjugate pairs. [BOARD 2023]

2 marks:

1. Find the sum and product of the roots of the quadratic equation $2x^2 - 9x + 4 = 0$.

- 2. Find the discriminant of the quadratic equation $4x^2 5 = 0$ and hence comment on the nature of roots of the equation. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 3. A natural number when increased by 12 equals 160 times the reciprocal. Find the number. **[BOARD 2023]**

- 4. If one root of the quadratic equation $x^2 + 12x k = 0$ is thrice the other root, then find the value of k. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 5. Find the value(s) of 'k' so that the quadratic equation $4x^2 + kx + 1 = 0$ has real and equal roots. **[BOARD 2025]**

3 marks:

- 1. Solve: $\frac{1}{x} \frac{1}{x-2} = 3, x \neq 0, 2$.
- 2. Solve: $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{2x-3} = \frac{1}{x-2}, x \neq 0, \frac{2}{3}, 2$.
- 3. Solve: $\frac{1}{x+4} \frac{1}{x+7} = \frac{11}{30}, x \neq -4, -7$.
- 4. Solve: $\frac{x+1}{x-1} + \frac{x-2}{x+2} = 4 \frac{2x+3}{x-2}, x \neq 1, -2, 2.$
- 5. Solve: $\frac{2x}{x-3} + \frac{1}{2x+3} + \frac{3x+9}{(x-3)(2x+3)} = 0, x \neq 3, \frac{-3}{2}$.
- 6. Solve: $x^2 + \left(\frac{a}{a+b} + \frac{a+b}{a}\right)x + 1 = 0$.
- 7. Solve: $\frac{1}{(x-1)(x-2)} + \frac{1}{(x-2)(x-3)} = \frac{2}{3}, x \neq 1, 2, 3.$
- 8. Find the value of p for which the quadratic equation px(x-2) + 6 = 0 has two equal real roots. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 9. Find the value of p for which one root of the quadratic equation $px^2 14x + 8 = 0$ is 6 times the other.
- 10. The sum of two numbers is 15. If the sum of their reciprocals is $\frac{3}{10}$ find the two numbers. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 11. If α and β are roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 7x + 10 = 0$ find the quadratic equation whose roots are α^2 and β^2 . **[BOARD 2023]**
- 12. In a 2-digit number, the digit at the unit's place is 5 less than the digit at the ten's place. The product of the digits is 36. Find the number. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 13. Three consecutive integers are such that sum of the square of second and product of other two is 161. Find the three integers. [BOARD 2024]
- 14.A dealer sells an article for Rs 75 and gains as much percent as the cost price of the article. Find the cost price of the article. [BOARD 2024]

5 marks:

- 1. Solve: $\left(\frac{2x}{x-5}\right)^2 + 5\left(\frac{2x}{x-5}\right) 24 = 0, x \neq 5.$
- 2. Solve: $\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{2}{x+2} = \frac{4}{x+4}$, $x \neq -1$, -2, -4.
- 3. Solve: $4x^2 + 4bx (a^2 b^2) = 0$.

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- 4. Find x in terms of a, b and c: $\frac{a}{x-a} + \frac{b}{x-b} = \frac{2c}{x-c}$, $x \neq a$, b, c.
- 5. Solve: $\frac{x-1}{2x+1} + \frac{2x+1}{x-1} = 2$ where $x \neq \frac{-1}{2}$, 1.
- 6. Express the equation $\frac{x-2}{x-3} + \frac{x-4}{x-5} = \frac{10}{3}$, $x \neq 3, 5$ as a quadratic equation in standard form. Hence, find the roots of the equation so formed. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 7. If x = -2 is a root of the equation $3x^2 + 7x + p = 0$ find the value of k so that the roots of the equation $x^2 + k(4x + k 1) + p = 0$ are equal.
- 8. Find the values of k for which the equation $(3k+1)x^2 + 2(k+1)x + 1$ has equal roots. Also find the roots. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 9. Find the value of p for which the quadratic equation $(p+1)x^2 6(p+1)x + 3(p+9) = 0, p \neq -1$ has equal roots. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 10. Find the value(s) of p for which the quadratic equation given as $(p+4)x^2 (p+1)x + 1 = 0$ has real and equal roots. Also, find the roots of the equation(s) so obtained. [BOARD 2025]
- 11. Find the smallest value of p for which the quadratic equation $x^2 2(p+1)x + p^2 = 0$ has real roots. Hence, find the roots of the equation so obtained. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 12. Find the positive values of k for which the quadratic equations $x^2 + kx + 64 = 0$ and $x^2 8x + k = 0$ both will have the real roots.
- 13. Write all values of p for which the quadratic equation $x^2 + px + 16 = 0$ has equal roots. Find the roots of the equation so obtained.
- 14. If the roots of the quadratic equation (x a)(x b) + (x b)(x c) + (x c)(x a) = 0 are equal. Then show that a = b = c.
- 15.A two digit number is such that product of its digits is 14. If 45 is added to the number, the digits interchange their places. Find the number. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 16.A two digit number is such that product of its digits is 12. When 36 is added to the number, the digits interchange their places. Find the number. [BOARD 2025]
- 17.A two digit number is seven times the sum of its digits and two more than 5 times the product of its digits. Find the number. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 18.A fast train takes 3 hours less than a slow train for a journey of 60 km. If the speed of the slow train is 10 km/hr less than that of the fast train, find the speed of each train.
- 19.A train travels at a certain average speed for a distance of 54 km and then travels at a distance of 63 km at an average speed of 6 km/hr more than its original

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- speed. If it takes 3 hours to complete total journey, what is the original average speed? [BOARD 2023]
- 20.A train travels a distance of 90 km at a constant speed. Had the speed been 15 km/hr more, it would have taken 30 minutes less for the journey. Find the original speed of the train.

 [BOARD 2024]
- 21.A train travels a distance of 480 km at a uniform speed. If the speed had been 8 km/hr less, then it would have taken 3 hours more to cover the same distance. Find the speed of the train.

 [BOARD 2025]
- 22.A train travelling at a uniform speed for 360 km would have taken 48 minutes less to travel the same distance if its speed were 5 km/hr more. Find the original speed of the train.

 [BOARD 2025]
- 23.A motor boat whose speed is 18 km/hr in still water takes 1 hour more to go 24 km upstream than to return downstream to the same spot. Find the speed of the stream.
- 24.A motor boat whose speed in still water is 9 km/hr, goes 15 km downstream and comes back to the same spot, in a total time of 3 hours 45 minutes. Find the speed of the stream.
- 25.A motor boat whose speed is 15 km/hr in still water goes 30 km downstream and comes back in 4 hours 30 minutes. Find the speed of the stream.
- 26. The time taken by a person to travel an upward distance of 150 km was $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours more than the time taken in the downward return journey. If he returned at a speed of 10 km/hr more than the speed while going up, find the speeds in each direction.

 [BOARD 2025]
- 27.In a flight of 600 km, an aircraft was slowed down due to bad weather. Its average speed for the trip was reduced by 200 km/hr from its usual speed and the time of the flight increased by 30 minutes. Find the scheduled duration of the flight.

- 28.A person on tour has Rs.4200 for his expenses. If he extends his tour for 3 days, he has to cut down his daily expenses by Rs70. Find the original duration of tour.
- 29. Two water taps together can fill a tank in $\frac{15}{8}$ hours. The tap of larger diameter takes 2 hours less than the smaller one to fill the tank separately. Find the time in which each tap can separately fill the tank. **[BOARD 2023]**

- 30. Two pipes running together can fill a cistern in $3\frac{1}{13}$ hours. If one pipe takes 3 hours more than the other to fill it, find the time in which each pipe would fill the cistern.
- 31.To fill a swimming pool two pipes are used. If the pipe of larger diameter used for 4 hours and the pipe of smaller diameter for 9 hours, only half of the pool can be filled. Find, how long it would take for each pipe to fill the pool separately, if the pipe of smaller diameter takes 10 hours more than the pipe of larger diameter to fill the pool?
- 32.A rectangular park is to be designed whose breadth is 3 m less than its length. Its area is to be 4 square meters more than the area of a park that has already been made in the shape of an isosceles triangle with its base as the breadth of the rectangular park and of altitude 12 m. Find its length and breadth.
- 33. Some students planned a picnic. The total budget for food was Rs. 2,000. But 5 students failed to attend the picnic and thus the cost of food for each member increased by Rs. 20. How many students attended the picnic and how much did each student pay for the food?
- 34. If Zeba was younger by 5 years than what she really is, then the square of her age (in years) would have been 11 more than five times her actual age. What is her age now?
- 35. The age of a man is twice the square of the age of his son. Eight years hence, the age of the man will be 4 years more than three time the age of his son. Find their present ages.

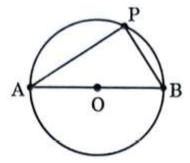
 [BOARD 2024]
- 36.Rs.6500 were divided equally among a certain number of persons. Had there been 15 more persons, each would have got Rs. 30 less. Find the original number of persons.
- 37. A takes 6 days less than the time taken by B to finish a piece of work. If both A and B together can finish it in 4 days, find the time taken by B to finish the work.
- 38. The denominator of a fraction is one more than twice the numerator. If the sum of the fraction and its reciprocal is $2\frac{16}{21}$, find the fraction. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 39. The numerator of a fraction is 3 less than its denominator. If 2 is added to both numerator and denominator, then the sum of the new fraction and the original fraction is $1\frac{9}{20}$. Find the original fraction. **[BOARD 2025]**

- 40. The side of a square exceeds the side of another square by 4 cm and the sum of the areas of the two squares is $400 cm^2$. Find the sides of the squares. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 41. The sum of the areas of two squares is $52 cm^2$ and difference of their perimeters is 8 cm. Find the lengths of the sides of the two squares. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 42. The perimeter of a right triangle is 60 cm and its hypotenuse is 25 cm. Find the lengths of other two sides of the triangle. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 43. The perimeter of an isosceles triangle is 32 cm. If each equal side is $\frac{5^{th}}{6}$ of the base, find the area of the triangle. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 44. The sides of a right triangle are such that the longest side is 4 m more than the shortest side and the third side is 2 m less than the longest side. Find the length of each side of the triangle. Also, find the difference between the numerical values of the area and the perimeter of the given triangle.

 [BOARD 2025]
- 45.A student scored a total of 32 marks in class tests in Mathematics and Science. Had he scored 2 marks less in Science and 4 marks more in Mathematics, the product of his marks would have been 253. Find his marks in the two subjects.

[BOARD 2025]

46. There is a circular park of diameter 65 m as shown in the following figure, where AB is a diameter.

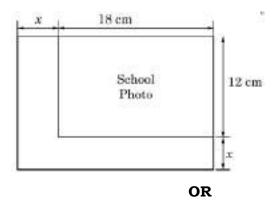


An entry gate is to be constructed at a point P on the boundary of the park such that distance of P from A is 35 m more than the distance of P from B. Find the distance of point P from A and B respectively.

[BOARD 2025]

Case Based Questions:

- While designing the school year book, a teacher asked the student that the length and width of a particular photo is increased by x units each to double the area of the photo. The original photo is 18 cm long and 12 cm wide. [BOARD 2023]
 Based on the above information, answer the following questions:
 - (i) Write an algebraic equation depicting the above information.
 - (ii) Write the corresponding quadratic equation in standard form. 1
 - (iii) What should be the new dimensions of the enlarged photo?



Can any rational value of x make the new area equal to $220cm^2$?

2

2. In an auditorium, seats are arranged in rows and columns. The number of rows are equal to the number of seats in each row. When the number of rows are doubled and the number of seats in each row is reduced by 10, the total number of seats increases by 300.



Based on the above information answer the following:

(i) If x is taken as number of row in original arrangement, write the quadratic equation that describes the situation?

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/··\	TT 1	C .1			_
(ii)	How many number	of rows are there	in the original	arrangement?	
(11)	TIOW IIIaily IIailibei	or rows are there	in the original	arrangement.	_

(iii) How many number of seats are there in the auditorium in original arrangement? How many number of seats are there in the auditorium after re-arrangement.

OR

2

How many number of columns are there in the auditorium after re-arrangement?

3. A rectangular floor area can be completely tiled with 200 square tiles. If the side length of each tile is increased by 1 unit, it would take only 128 tiles to cover the floor.

[BOARD 2024]

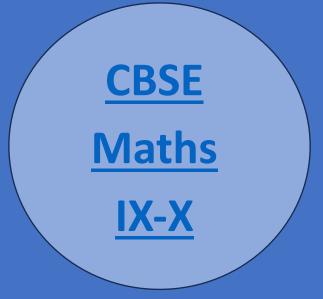


- (i) Assuming the original length of each side of a tile be x units, makes a quadratic equation from the above information.
- (ii) Write the corresponding quadratic equation in standard form. 1
- (iii) Find the values of x, the length of side of a tile by factorization. 2

OR

Solve the quadratic equation for x, using quadratic formula.

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XI-XII

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GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS) Chapter-5 Arithmetic Progression

1 marks:

1.	In an AP, if $d =$	-4 , $n = 7$, $a_n = 4$ then	a is equal to		
	a) 6	b) 7	c) 20	d) 28	
2.	In an AP, if $a =$	$3.5, d = 0 \ and \ n = 101$	then a_n will be		
	a) 0	b) 3.5	c) 103.5	d) 104.5	
3.	The n^{th} term of	the AP <i>a</i> , 3 <i>a</i> , 5 <i>a</i> , is			
	a) na	b) $(2n-1)a$	c) $(2n + 1)a$	d)2na	
4.	Which term of	an AP 21, 42, 63, 84,	is 210?		[BOARD 2024]
	a) 9 th	b) 10 th	c) 11 th	d) 12 th	
5.	If the common	difference of an AP is	s 5, then what is a_{18}	$-a_{13}$?	
	a) 5	b) 20	c) 25	d) 30	
6.	What is the cor	nmon difference of a	n AP in which $a_{18} - a_{18}$	$a_{14} = 32?$	[BOARD 2024]
	a) 8	b) -8	c) -4	d) 4	
7.	The common d	ifference of the AP $\frac{1}{p}$	$\frac{1-p}{p}$, $\frac{1-2p}{p}$, is		[BOARD 2024]
	a) 1	b) $\frac{1}{p}$	c) $-\frac{1}{p}$	d) -1	
8.	The common da	ifference of the A.P w	whose n^{th} term is give	en by $a_n = 3$	n+7 is
			[BO	ARD 2023	& BOARD 2024]
	a) 7	b) 3	c) 3n	d) 1	
9.	The common d	ifference of the A.P w	whose n^{th} term is give	en by $a_n = 5$	n-7 is
					[BOARD 2023]
	a) -7	b) 7	c) 5	d) -2	
10	.The first term o	of AP is p and the co	mmon difference is q	, then its 10) th term is
	a) $q + 9p$	b) $p - 9q$	c) $p + 9q$	d) $2p + 9q$	
11	.The 9th term fro	om the end of an AP	7, 11, 15, 19,, 147 is		[BOARD 2025]
	a) 135	b) 125	c) 115	d) 39	
12	The 11 th term f	rom the end of the A	P 10,7, 4,,−62 is		[BOARD 2023]
	a) 25	b) 16	c) -32	d) 0	
13	The 13th term f	rom the end of the A	.P 20, 13, 6, -1,, -1	148 is	[BOARD 2023]
	a) 57	b) -57	c) 64	d) -64	

14. The 10 th term of an AP $5, \frac{19}{4}, \frac{9}{2}, \frac{17}{4}$ is [BOARD 2025]				
a) $\frac{11}{4}$	b) $\frac{4}{11}$	c) $\frac{13}{4}$	d) $\frac{4}{13}$	
15. There are 60 te	erms is an AP of whi	ich the first term is	8 and the	last term is 185.
The 31st term is	3			
a) 56	b) 94	c) 85	d) 98	
16.The 11 th and 13	3th terms of an AP ar	e 39 and 45 respect	ively, its co	mmon difference
is				[BOARD 2025]
a) 42	b)21	c) 6	d) 3	
17.The next term of	of the A.P $\sqrt{6}$, $\sqrt{24}$, $\sqrt{5}$	4 , is		[BOARD 2023]
a) $\sqrt{60}$	b) √96	c) $\sqrt{72}$	d) $\sqrt{216}$	
18.The next term of	of the A.P $\sqrt{7}$, $\sqrt{28}$, $\sqrt{63}$	3, is		[BOARD 2023]
a) $\sqrt{70}$	b) √80	c) $\sqrt{97}$	d) √112	
19.The two APs ha	ave the common diff	Gerence. The first ter	m of one of	f these is -1 and
that of the othe	r is -8. Then the diff	erence between their	4 th terms i	S
a) -1	b) -8	c) 7	d) -9	
20.The first four te	erms of an AP whose	first term is -2 and	the commo	n difference is -2
are				
a) $-2, 0, 2, 4$	b) $-2, 4, -8, 16$	c) $-2, -4, -6, -8$	d) -2, -4, -	-8, -16
21.If the first term	of an AP is -5 and t	the common differen	ce is 2, the	n the sum of the
first 6 terms is				[BOARD 2024]
a) 0	b) 5	c) 6	d) 15	
22.The sum of first	t 16 terms of the AP	10, 6, 2, is		
a) -320	b) 320	c) -352	d) -400	
23. Sum of first 20	0 natural numbers			[BOARD 2024]
a) 2010	b) 2000	c) 20100	d) 21000	
24. In an AP, if $a =$	1, $a_n = 20$, $S_n = 399$ th	nen n is equal to		[BOARD 2024]
a) 19	b) 21	c) 38	d) 42	
25. If the n^{th} term of	of an AP is given by α	$a_n = 5n - 3$ then the	sum of first	10 terms if
a) 225	b) 245	c) 255	d) 270	
	_	n and every alterna	te term is a	an integer. If the
	11 terms is 33, ther			
a) 2	b) 3	c) 5	d) 6	

27.If	the sum of th	e first 2n terms of 2,	5, 8, is equal to the	e sum of the	e first n terms of
57	, 59, 61, then	n is equal to			
a)	10	b) 11	c) 12	d) 13	
28.If	the sum of th	e first n terms of an	AP is $3n^2 + n$ and	its common	difference is 6,
the	en its first ter	m is			[BOARD 2023]
a)	1	b) 2	c) 3	d) 4	
29.If 1	the sum of fir	st m terms of an AP	is $2m^2 + 3m$ then its	second terr	n is
					[BOARD 2025]
a)	10	b) 9	c) 12	d) 4	
30. If ₁	p-1, p+1 and	d2p + 3 are in A.P th	en the value of p is		[BOARD 2023]
a)	-2	b) 4	c) 0	d) 2	
31.If <i>i</i>	k+2,4k-6 ar	nd 3k - 2 are three co	onsecutive terms of a	n A.P then	the value of k
			[BOA	ARD 2023 8	6 BOARD 2024]
a)	3	b) -3	c) 4	d) -4	
32.If a	a, b, c form aı	n A.P with common o	difference d, then the	e value of a	-2b-c is
					[BOARD 2023]
a)	2a + 4d	b) 0	c) $-2a - 4d$	d) $-2a - 3a$	l
33. Tl	nree numbers	in A.P have the sun	n 30. What is its mid	ldle term?	
			[BO	ARD 2024 8	& BOARD 2025]
a)	4	b) 10	c) 16	d) 8	
34.Th	e number of	terms of an A.P 3, 6, 9), 111 is		[BOARD 2024]
a)	36	b) 40	c) 37	d) 30	
Or	ntions for Ass	sertion and Reason	ing Questions:		
O _I	70115 101 115.	30111011 4114 11045011	ing Questions.		
a)	Both assert	tion(A) and reason	(R) are true and	reason(R)	is the correct
	explanation	of assertion(A)			
b)	Both assert	ion(A) and reason(I	R) are true but rea	ason(R) is	not the correct
	explanation	of assertion(A)			
c)	Assertion (A)	is true but reason (R) is false		
d)	Assertion (A)	is false but reason	(R) is true		
35. As	ssertion (A): (Common difference o	f the AP $-5, -1, 3, 7,$. is 4.	[BOARD 2025]
$R\epsilon$	e ason (R): Cor	mmon difference of t	he AP a , $a + d$, $a + 2d$,	is given b	$\text{ by } d = a_n - a_{n-1}.$

36. Assertion (A): For an AP, 3, 6, 9, ..., 198, 10th term from the end is 168.

[BOARD 2025]

Reason (R): If 'a' and 'l' are the first and last terms of an AP with common difference 'd', then nth term from the end of the given AP is l - (n-1)d.

- 37. **Assertion** (A): $a_n a_{n-1}$ is not independent of n then the given sequences is an AP. **Reason** (R): Common difference $d = a_n a_{n-1}$ is constant or independent of n.
- 38. **Assertion** (A): If n^{th} term of an AP is 7-4n then its common difference is -4. **Reason** (R): Common difference of an AP is $d=a_{n+1}-a_n$.
- 39. **Assertion** (A): If sum of the first n terms of an AP is $S_n = 3n^2 4n$. Then its n^{th} term is $a_n = 6n 7$.

Reason (R): n^{th} term of an AP, whose sum to n terms is S_n is given by, $a_n = S_n - S_{n-1}$.

40. **Assertion** (A): a, b, c are in A.P if and only if 2b = a + c.

Reason (R): The sum of first n odd natural numbers is n^2 . [BOARD 2023]

41. **Assertion (A):** $-5, -\frac{5}{2}, 0, \frac{5}{2}, \dots$ is an AP.

Reason (R): The terms of an AP cannot have both positive and negative rational numbers.

2 marks:

- 1. If the number x + 3, 2x + 1 and x 7 are in AP find the value of x.
- 2. Find the values of a, b and c such that the numbers a, 10, b, c, 31 are in AP.
- 3. Find the 21^{st} term of the AP $-4\frac{1}{2}$, -3, $-1\frac{1}{2}$, ...
- 4. Find the 7th term from the end of AP 7, 10, 13, ..., 184.
- 5. Find the middle term of the AP 213, 205, 197, ..., 37.
- 6. Find, 100 is a term of the AP 25, 28, 31, ... or not.
- 7. Is 184 a term of the sequence 3, 7, 11, ...?
- 8. How many two digits numbers are divisible by 3?
- 9. If the n^{th} term of an AP -1, 4, 9, 14, ... is 129. Find the value of n?
- 10. Write the n^{th} term of an AP $\frac{1}{m}$, $\frac{1+m}{m}$, $\frac{1+2m}{m}$, ...
- 11. Which term of the AP 3, 15, 27, 39, ... will be 120 more than its 21st term?
- 12. The 8th term of an AP is zero. Prove that its 38th term is triple of its 18th term.
- 13. For AP show that $a_p + a_{p+2q} = 2a_{p+q}$.

- 14.In an AP, 32nd term is twice the 12th term. Prove that 70th term is twice the 31st term.
- 15. The seventeenth term of an AP exceeds its 10th term by 7. Find the common difference.
- 16. If five times the fifth term of an AP is equal to eight times its eighth term, show that its 13th term is zero.
- 17. The ninth term of an AP is -32 and the sum of its eleventh and thirteenth term is -94. Find the common difference of the AP.
- 18. How many terms of AP 3, 5, 7, 9, ... must be taken to get the sum 120?
- 19. Find the sum of first ten multiple of 5.
- 20. Find the sum of first 15 multiples of 8.
- 21. What is the sum of five positive integer divisible by 6?
- 22. Find the sum of first 16 terms of the AP 10, 6, 2...
- 23. If S_n the sum of first n terms of an AP is given by $S_n = 3n^2 4n$. Find the n^{th} term.
- 24. If the sum of n terms of an AP is $2n^2 + 5n$ then find the 4th term.
- 25. If the sum of first n terms of an AP is n^2 , then find its 10th term.
- 26. If the sum of first k terms of an AP is $3k^2 k$ and its common difference is 6. What is the first term?
- 27. The fifth term of an AP is 20 and the sum of its seventh and eleventh terms is 64. Find the common difference.
- 28. The fourth term of an AP is 11. The sum of the fifth and seventh terms of the AP is 34. Find the common difference.
- 29. If the sum of first m terms of an AP is the same as the sum of its first n terms, show that the sum of its first (m+n) terms is zero.
- 30. If S_n denotes the sum of n terms of an AP whose common difference is d and first term is a, find $S_n = 2s_{n-1} + S_{n-2}$.

3 marks:

1. Find the sum of all 3 digit natural numbers which are divisible by 11.

- 2. The sum of four consecutive number in AP is 32 and the ratio of the product of the first and last term to the product of two middle terms is 7: 15. Find the numbers.
- 3. The sum of the first 7 terms of an AP is 63 and that of its next 7 terms is 161. Find the AP.

- 4. The sum of the 5th and the 9th terms of an AP is 30. If its 25th term is three times its 8th term find the AP.
- 5. If the ratio of the sum of first n terms of two AP's is (7n + 1): (4n + 27) find the ratio of their m^{th} terms.
- 6. Which term of the AP 20, $19\frac{1}{4}$, $18\frac{1}{2}$, $17\frac{3}{4}$, ... is the first negative term.
- 7. Which term of the AP 65, 61, 57, 53, ... is the first negative term. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 8. Find the middle term of the AP 7, 13, 19, ..., 247.
- 9. Show that the sum of all terms of an AP whose first term is a, the second term is b and the last term is c, is equal to $\frac{(a+c)(b+c-2a)}{2(b-a)}$.
- 10. If in an AP, the sum of first m terms is n and the sum of its first n terms is m, then prove that the sum of its first (m + n) terms is -(m + n).
- 11. If the sum of first m terms of an A.P is same as sum of its first n terms $(m \neq n)$ then show that the sum of its first (m + n) terms is zero. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 12. The 17th term of an AP is 5 more than twice its 8th term. If 11th term of AP is 43, then find its n^{th} term.
- 13. How many terms are there in an A.P whose first and fifth terms are -14 and 2 respectively and the last term is 62. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 14. The sum of first 15 terms of an A.P is 750 and its first term is 15. Find its 20^{th} term and n^{th} term. [BOARD 2023 & BOARD 2024]
- 15. Rohan repays his total loan of Rs 1,18,000 by paying every month starting with the first installment of Rs 1,000. If he increases the installment by Rs 100 every month, what amount will be paid by him in the 30th installment? What amount of loan has he paid after 30th installment? [BOARD 2023]
- 16. If p^{th} term of an A.P is q and q^{th} term is p, then prove that its n^{th} term is (p+q-n)[BOARD 2023]
- 17. In an A.P the sum of the first n terms is given by $S_n = 6n n^2$. Find its 30th term.

[BOARD 2023]

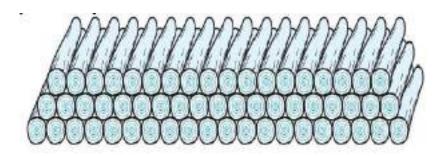
- 18. Find the common difference of an A.P whose first term is 8, the last term is 65 and the sum of all its terms is 730. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 19. Find the sum of all integers between 50 and 500, which are divisible by 7.

- 20. How many numbers lie between 10 and 300, which when divided by 4 leave a remainder 3? Also find their sum. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 21. In an A.P, the sum of three consecutive terms is 24 and the sum of their squares is 194. Find the numbers. [BOARD 2024]
- 22. If the sum of first 7 terms of an A.P is 49 and that of first 17 terms is 289, find the sum of its first 20 terms. [BOARD 2024]
- 23. The first term of an A.P is 5, the last term is 45 and the sum of all the terms is 400. Find the number of terms and the common difference. [BOARD 2024]
- 24. The ratio of the 10th term to its 30th term of an A.P is 1:3 and the sum of its first six terms is 42. Find the first term and the common difference of A.P. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 25.A man starts his job with a certain monthly salary and earns a fixed increment every year. If his salary was Rs 15,000 after 4 years of service and Rs 18000 after 10 years of service, what was his starting salary and what was the annual increment? [BOARD 2024]
- 26. The sum of Rs 2000 invested at 7% per annum simple interest. Calculate the interest at the end of 1st, 2nd and 3rd year. Do these interests form an AP? If so, find the interest at the end of the 27th year? [BOARD 2025]

5 marks:

- The ratio of 11th term to 17th term of an A.P is 3:4. Find the ratio of 5th term to 21st term of the same A.P. Also find the ratio of the sum of first 5 terms to that of first 21 terms.

 [BOARD 2023]
- 2. How many terms of an A.P 45,39,33,... must be taken so that their sum is 180? Explain the double answer. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 3. 200 logs are stacked in the following manner: 20 logs in the bottom row, 19 in the next row, 18 in the row next to it and so on (see below figures). In how many rows are the 200 logs placed and how many logs are in the top row? **[BOARD 2023]**



- 4. The sum of the third and the seventh terms of an AP is 6 and their product is 8. Find the sum of first sixteen terms of an AP. [BOARD 2023 & BOARD 2025]
- 5. The sum of first and eighth terms of an A.P is 32 and their product is 60. Find the first term and common difference of the A.P. Hence, also find the sum of its first 20 terms.

 [BOARD 2024]
- 6. Solve the equation for x: $1 + 4 + 7 + 10 + \dots + x = 287$. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 7. Solve the equation: $-4 + (-1) + 2 + 5 + \dots + x = 437$. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 8. If the sum of first 6 terms of an AP is 36 and that of the first 16 terms is 256 then find the sum of first 10 terms. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 9. Poorna saves Rs 32 during the first month, Rs 36 in the second month and Rs 40 in the third month. If she continues to save in this manner, in how many months will she save Rs 2000? **[BOARD 2023]**
- 10. The sum of first seven terms of an AP is 182. If its 4th term and the 17th term are in the ratio 1:5, find the A.P. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 11. The sum of first six terms of an AP is 42. The ratio of the 10th term to the 30th term is 1:3. Calculate the first and thirteenth terms of the AP. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 12. The sum of first q terms of an AP is $63q 3q^2$. If its p^{th} term is -60, find the value of p. Also find the 11th term of this AP. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 13. Find the sum of integers between 100 and 200 which are
 - (i) Divisible by 9
 - (ii) Not divisible by 9.

- 14.In an A.P of 40 terms, the sum of first 9 terms is 153 and the sum of last 6 terms is 687. Determine the first term and common difference of A.P. Also, find the sum of all the terms of the A.P.

 [BOARD 2024]
- 15.An AP consists of 'n' terms whose nth term is 4 and the common difference is 2. If the sum of 'n' terms of AP is -14, then find 'n'. Also, find the sum of the first 20 terms.

 [BOARD 2025]
- 16. The minimum age of children eligible to participate in a painting competition is 8 years. It is observed that the age of the youngest boy was 8 years and the ages of the participants, when seated in order of age, have a common difference of 4 months. If the sum of the ages of all the participants is 168 years, find the age of the eldest participant in the painting competition. [BOARD 2025]

Case Based Questions:

1. The school auditorium was to be constructed to accommodate at least 1500 people. The chairs are to be placed in concentric circular arrangement in such a way that each succeeding circular row has 10 seats more than the previous one.



- (i) If the first circular row has 30 seats, how many seats will be there in the 10th row?
- (ii) (a) For 1500 seats in the auditorium, how many rows need to be there? 2

OR

- (b) If 1500 seats are to be arranged in the auditorium, how many seats are still left to be put after 10th row?
- (iii) If there were 17 rows in the auditorium, how many seats will be there in the middle row?
- 2. Manpreet Kaur is the national record holder for women in the shot-put discipline. Her throw of 18.86m at the Asian Grand Prix in 2017 is the biggest distance for an Indian female athlete. Keeping her as a role model, Sanjitha is determined to earn gold in Olympics one day.



Initially her throw reached 7.56m only. Being an athlete in school, she regularly practiced both in the mornings and in the evenings and was able to improve the distance by 9cm every week. During the special camp for 15 days, she started with

40 throws and every day kept increasing the number of throws by 12 to achieve this remarkable progress.

- (i) How many throws Sanjitha practiced on 11th day of the camp?
- (ii) (a) What would be Sanjitha's throw distance at the end of 6 months? 2

OR

- (b) When will she be able to achieve a throw of 11.16 m?
- (iii) How many throws did she do during the entire camp of 15 days?
- 3. Salary: In investigating different job opportunities, you find that firm A will start you at Rs 25,000 per year and guarantee you a raise of Rs 1,200 each year whereas firm B will start you at Rs 28,000 per year but will guarantee you a raise of only Rs 800 each year.



- (i) Over a period of 15 years, how much would you receive from firm A?
 (ii) Over a period of 15 years, how much would you receive from firm B?
 (iii) (a) What would be your annual salary at firm A for the tenth year?
 OR
 (b) What would be your annual salary at firm B for the tenth year?
 2
- 4. Bequests to Charity: At the time our mother left this Earth, she gave Rs 90000 to her children of birth. This we kept and each year added Rs 30000 more, as a lasting memorial from the children she bore. When Rs 4,20,000 is thusly attained, all goes to charity that her memory be maintained.



(i)	What was	the balar	ice in the	sixth year?
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1

(ii) In what year was the goal of Rs 420,000 met?

2

5. It takes 5 toothpicks to build the top trapezoid shown at below. You need 9 toothpicks to build 2 adjoined trapezoids and 13 toothpicks for 3 trapezoids.



- (i) If 1000 toothpicks are available, how many trapezoids will be in the last complete row?
- (ii) How many complete rows will there be?
- (iii) How many toothpicks will you use to construct these rows?
- 6. A manufacturer of TV sets produced 600 sets in the third year and 700 sets in the seventh year. Assuming that the production increases uniformly by a fixed number every year.



(i) What is the production in the 1st year?

1

(ii) What is the production in the 10th year?

1

(iii) What is the total production in first 7 years?

- 2
- 7. Treasure Hunt is an exciting and adventurous game where participants follow a series of clues/numbers/maps to discover hidden treasures. Players engage in a thrilling quest, solving puzzles and riddles to unveil the location of the coveted prize. While playing a treasure hunt game, some clues (numbers) are hidden in various spots collectively forming an A.P. If the number on the nth spot is 20 + 4n, then answer the following questions to help the players in spotting the clues:



Based on the above information answer for the following questions:

- (i) Which number is on first spot?

 (ii) (a) Which spot is numbered as 112?

 OR

 (b) What is the sum of all the numbers on the first 10 spots?
- (b) What is the sum of all the numbers on the first 10 spots? 2

 (iii) Which number is on the $(n-2)^{th}$ spot? 1
- 8. A school is organizing a charity run to raise funds for a local hospital. The run is planned as a series of rounds around track, with each round being 300 m. To make the event more challenging and engaging, the organizers decide to increase the distance of each subsequent round by 50 m. For example, the second round will be 350 m, the third round will be 400 m and so on. The total number of rounds panned is 10. [BOARD 2025]



Based on the above information answer for the following questions:

- (i) Write the fourth, fifth and sixth term of the Arithmetic Progression so formed.
- (ii) Determine the distance of the 8th round.
- (iii) (a) Find the total distance run after completing all 10 rounds.

OR

(b) If a runner completes only the first 6 rounds, what is the total distance run by the runner?

2

9. Cable cars at hill stations are one of the major tourist attractions. On a hill station, the length of cable car ride from base point to top most point on the hill is 5000 m. Poles are installed at equal intervals on the way to provide support to the cables on which car moves. The distance of first pole from base point is 200m and

subsequent poles are installed at equal interval of 150 m. Further, the distance of last pole from the top is 300 m. **[BOARD 2025]**



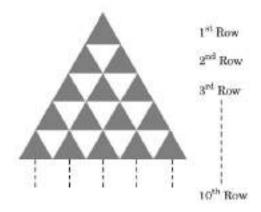
Based on the above information answer for the following questions:

- (i) Find the distance of 10th pole from the base.
- (ii) Find the distance between 15th pole and 25th pole.
- (iii) (a) Find the time taken by cable car to reach 15th pole from the top if it is moving at the speed of 5 m/sec and coming from top.

OR

- (b) Find the total number of poles installed along the entire journey. 2
- 10. In an equilateral triangle of side 10 cm, equilateral triangle of side 1 cm are formed as shown in the figure below, such that there is one triangle in the first row, three triangles in the second row, five triangles in the third row and so on.

[BOARD 2025]

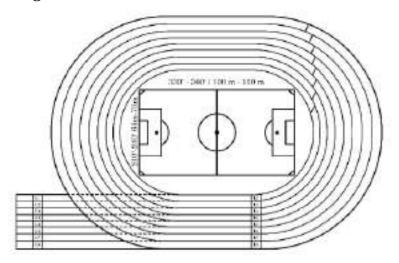


Based on the above information answer for the following questions:

- (i) How many triangles will be there in bottom most row?
- (ii) How many triangles will be there in fourth row from the bottom?
- (iii) (a) Find the total number of triangles of side 1 cm each till 8th row.

OR

- (b) How many more number of triangles are there from 5th row to 10th row than in first 4 rows? Show working.
- 11.In order to organize, Annual sports day, a school prepared an eight lane running track with an integrated football field inside the track area as shown below:



The length of innermost lane of the track is 400 m and each subsequent lane is 7.6 m longer than the preceding lane. **[BOARD 2025]**

Based on the above information answer for the following questions:

(i) What is the length of the 6th lane?

1

(ii) How long is the 8th lane than that of 4th lane?

- 1
- (iii) (a) While practicing for a race, a student took one round each in first six lanes. Find the total distance covered by the student.

OR

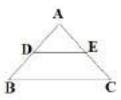
(b) A student took one round each in lane 4 to lane 8. Find the total distance covered by the student.

GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS) Chapter-6 Triangles

1 marks:

1. In the given figure, $DE \parallel BC$, AE = a units, EC = b units, DE = x units and BC = y units. Which of the following is true?



a)
$$x = \frac{a+b}{ay}$$

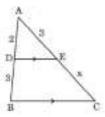
b)
$$y = \frac{ax}{a+b}$$

c)
$$x = \frac{ay}{a+b}$$

d)
$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{a}{b}$$

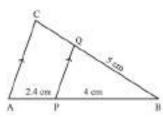
2. In the given figure, $DE \parallel BC$. The value of x is

[BOARD 2023]



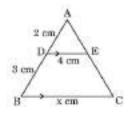
d)
$$\frac{9}{2}$$
 cm

3. In the given figure, $PQ \parallel AC$. If BP = 4 cm, AP = 2.4 cm, BQ = 5 cm then find the length of BC. **[BOARD 2023]**



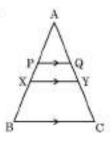
- a) 8 cm
- b) 3 cm
- c) 0.3 cm
- d) $\frac{25}{3}$ cm

4. In the given figure, $DE \parallel BC$. The value of x is

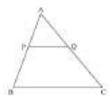


- a) 6 cm
- b) 12.5 cm
- c) 8 cm
- d) 10 cm

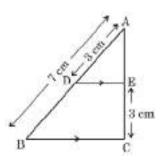
5. In the given figure, $PQ \parallel XY \parallel BC$, Ap = 2cm, PX = 1.5 cm, BX = 4 cm. If QY = 0.75 cm then AQ + CY is equal to **[BOARD 2025]**



- a) 6 cm
- b) 4.5 cm
- c) 3 cm
- d) 5.25 cm
- 6. ABCD is a trapezium with $AD \parallel BC$ and AD = 4 cm. If the diagonals AC and BD intersect each other at O such that $\frac{AO}{CO} = \frac{DO}{BO} = \frac{1}{2}$ then BC is **[COMPARTMENT 2023]**
 - a) 6 cm
- b) 7 cm
- c) 8 cm
- d) 9 cm
- 7. E and F are points on the sides AB and AC respectively of a $\triangle ABC$ such that $\frac{AE}{EB} = \frac{AF}{FC} = \frac{1}{2}$. Which of the following relation is true? **[BOARD 2025]**
 - a) EF = 2BC
- b) BC = 2EF
- c) EF = 3BC
- d) BC = 3EF
- 8. In figure, $PQ \parallel BC$. Find the length of side AC, given that $PB = 6 \, cm$, $AP = 4 \, cm$ and $AQ = 8 \, cm$. [BOARD 2023]



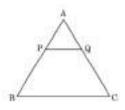
- a) 12 cm
- b) 20 cm
- c) 6 cm
- d) 14 cm
- 9. If in triangles ABC and DEF, $\frac{AB}{DE} = \frac{BC}{FD}$ then they will be similar when **[BOARD 2023]**
 - a) $\angle B = \angle E$
- b) $\angle A = \angle D$
- c) $\angle B = \angle D$
- d) $\angle A = \angle F$
- 10. In the given figure, $DE \parallel BC$. If AD = 3cm, AB = 7 cm, EC = 3 cm then length of AE is



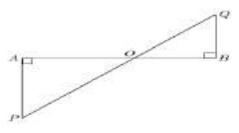
- a) 2 cm
- b) 2.25 cm
- c) 3.5 cm
- d) 4 cm

11. In the given figure, $PQ \parallel BC$. If $\frac{AP}{PB} = \frac{4}{13}$ and AC = 20.4 cm then the length of AQ is

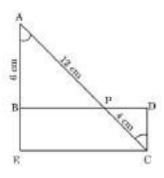
[BOARD 2025]



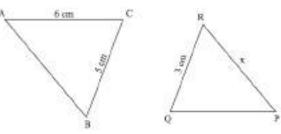
- a) 2.8 cm
- b) 5.8 cm
- c) 3.8 cm
- d) 4.8 cm
- 12.In the given figure, if $\angle A = 90^{\circ}$, $\angle B = 90^{\circ}$, OB = 4.5 cm, OA = 6 cm and AP = 4 cm then find QB.



- a) 3 cm
- b) 6 cm
- c) 4.5 cm
- d) 3.5 cm
- 13. In the given figure, $\angle A = \angle C$, AB = 6 cm, AP = 12 cm, CP = 4 cm. Then length of CD is



- a) 2 cm
- b) 6 cm
- c) 8 cm
- d) 18 cm
- 14. In the given figure, $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle QPR$. If AC=6 cm, BC=5 cm, QR=3 cm and PR=x then the value of x is **[BOARD 2023]**



- a) 3.6 cm
- b) 2.5 cm
- c) 10 cm
- d) 3.2 cm

15. The perimeters of two similar triangles are 25 cm and 15 cm respectively. If one side of the first triangle is 9 cm, then the corresponding side of second triangle is

- a) 5.4 cm
- b) 5.2 cm
- c) 4.9 cm
- d) 5.1 cm

16. If $\Delta PRQ \sim \Delta XYZ$ then

- a) $\frac{PR}{XZ} = \frac{RQ}{YZ}$
- b) $\frac{PQ}{XY} = \frac{PR}{XZ}$ c) $\frac{PQ}{XZ} = \frac{QR}{YZ}$
- d) $\frac{QR}{XZ} = \frac{PR}{XY}$

17. If $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$ with $\angle A = 32^{\circ}$ and $\angle R = 65^{\circ}$ then $\angle B$ is

[BOARD 2023]

a) 32°

- b) 65°
- d) 97°

18. Given $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$, $\angle A = 30^\circ$ and $\angle Q = 90^\circ$. The value of $\angle R + \angle B$ is [BOARD 2025]

a) 90°

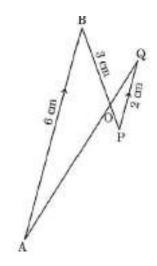
- b) 120°
- c) 150°
- d) 180°

19. If $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ such that 2AB = DE and BC = 8 cm then find EF.

- a) 16 cm
- b) 14 cm
- c) 12 cm
- d) 15 cm

20. In the given figure, $AB \parallel PQ$. If AB = 6 cm, PQ = 2 cm, OB = 3 cm then length of OP is

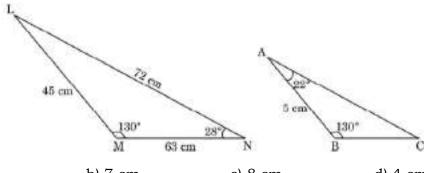
[BOARD 2023]



a) 9 cm

- b) 3 cm
- c) 4 cm
- d) 1 cm

21. The measurements of ΔLMN and ΔABC are shown in the figure given below. The length of side AC is [BOARD 2025]



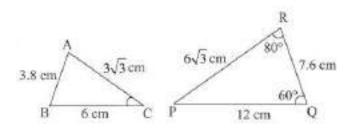
a) 16 cm

b) 7 cm

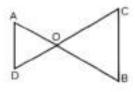
c) 8 cm

d) 4 cm

[BOARD 2025]



- a) 140°
- b) 80°
- c) 60°
- d) 40°
- 23. The area of right angled triangle is $40 cm^2$ and its perimeter is 40 cm. The length of its hypotenuse is
 - a) 16 cm
- b) 18 cm
- c) 17 cm
- d) 19 cm
- 24. In the figure, if $\frac{OA}{OD} = \frac{OC}{OB}$ then which pair of angles are equal?

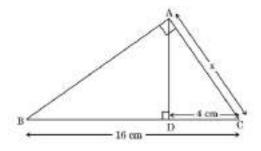


a) $\angle A = \angle C, \angle B = \angle D$

c) $\angle A = \angle B$, $\angle C = \angle D$

b) $\angle C = \angle B, \angle A = \angle D$

- d) None of these
- 25.In the given figure, in $\triangle ABC$, $AD \perp BC$ and $\triangle BAC = 90$ °. If BC = 16 cm and DC = 4 cm then the value of x is [BOARD 2025]



- a) 4 cm
- b) 5 cm
- c) 8 cm
- d) 3 cm
- 26. In $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$, $\angle B = \angle E$, $\angle F = \angle C$ and AB = 3DE. Then the two triangles are

- a) Congruent but not similar
- c) similar but not congruent
- b) Neither congruent nor similar
- d) congruent as well as similar

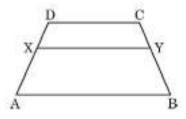
27. Which of the following statement is incorrect?

[BOARD 2025]

- a) Two congruent figures are always similar.
- b) A square and a rhombus of the same area are always similar.
- c) Two equilateral triangles are always similar.
- d) Two similar triangles need not be congruent.
- 28. Which of the following statement is false?

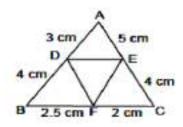
[BOARD 2025]

- a) Two right triangles are always similar.
- b) Two squares are always similar.
- c) Two equilateral triangles are always similar.
- d) Two circles are always similar.
- 29. In the given figure, ABCD is a trapezium in which $XY \parallel AB \parallel CD$. If $AX = \frac{2}{3}AD$, then CY: YB = [BOARD 2025]

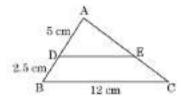


a) 2:3

- b) 3:2
- c) 1:3
- d) 1:2
- 30.In the given figure, AD = 3 cm, AE = 5 cm, BD = 4 cm, CF = 2 cm, CE = 4 cm, BF = 2.5 cm then



- a) *DE* || *BC*
- b) *DF* ∥ *AC*
- c) $EF \parallel AB$
- d) none of these
- 31.In the given figure $\triangle ABC$ is shown. $DE \parallel BC$, AD = 5 cm, DB = 2.5 cm, BC = 12 cm then DE is



- a) 10 cm
- b) 6 cm
- c) 8 cm
- d) 7.5 cm

$AB^2: PQ^2 = 4:9$	AB^2 : $PQ^2 = 4:9$ then $AM:PN$ is				
a) 16:81	b) 4: 9	c) 3: 2	d) 2: 3		
33. If $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$	PQ = 6 cm, AB = 8 cm ar	ad perimeter of ΔAB	C is 36 cm then perimeter		
of ΔPQR is			[BOARD 2023]		
a) 20.25 cm	b) 27 cm	c) 48 cm	d) 64 cm		
34.If in two trians	gles $\triangle DEF$ and $\triangle PQR$, $\angle D$	$= \angle Q$ and $\angle R = \angle E$ t	hen which of the following		
is not true?			[BOARD 2025]		
a) $\frac{DE}{QR} = \frac{DF}{PQ}$	b) $\frac{EF}{PR} = \frac{DF}{PQ}$	$C)\frac{EF}{RP} = \frac{DE}{QR}$	d) $\frac{DE}{PQ} = \frac{EF}{RP}$		
35.The perimeter	rs of two similar trian	gles ABC & PQR	are 56 cm and 48 cm		
respectively. $\frac{PQ}{A}$	$\frac{Q}{B}$ is		[BOARD 2024]		
a) $\frac{7}{8}$	b) $\frac{6}{7}$	c) $\frac{7}{6}$	d) $\frac{8}{7}$		
36. If the diagona	ls of a quadrilateral divi	de each other propo	ortionally then it is a		
			[BOARD 2024]		
a) Parallelogr	am b) rectangle	c) square	d) trapezium		
Options for A	ssertion and Reasoning	g Questions:			
a) Both a	ssertion(A) and reason	(R) are true and	reason(R) is the correct		
explana	ation of assertion(A)				
b) Both as	ssertion(A) and reason(I	R) are true but rea	ason(R) is not the correct		
explana	ation of assertion(A)				
c) Assertic	on (A) is true but reason	(R) is false			
d) Assertic	on (A) is false but reason	(R) is true			
37. Assertion(A):	In the $\triangle ABC$, $AB = 24$ cm	$n,BC=10\ cm\ and\ AC$	$C = 26 cm$ then $\triangle ABC$ is a		
right angle tria	angle.				
Reason(R): If	in two triangles, their	corresponding a	ngles are equal then the		
triangles are s	imilar.				
38. Assertion(A):	If the co-ordinates of the	e mid-points of the	sides AB and AC of ΔABC		
are $D(3,5)$ and	E(-3, -3) respectively the	hen $BC = 20$ units			
Reason(R): Th	e line joining the mid-p	points of two sides	of a triangle is parallel to		
the third side	and equal to half of it.				

Prepared by: <u>H.Sabareesh (PGT Mathematics)</u>

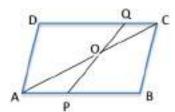
 $32.\Delta ABC \sim \Delta PQR$. If AM and PN are altitudes of ΔABC and ΔPQR respectively and

39. **Assertion(A):** ABCD is a trapezium with $DC \parallel AB$. E and F are points on AD and BC respectively such that $EF \parallel AB$. Then $\frac{AE}{ED} = \frac{BF}{FC}$.

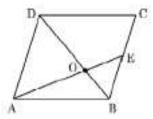
Reason(R): Any line parallel to parallel sides of a trapezium divides the non-parallel sides proportionally. **[BOARD 2024]**

2 marks:

1. ABCD is a parallelogram. Point P divides AB in the ratio 2:3 and point Q divides DC in the ratio 4:1. Prove that OC is half of OA.

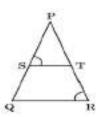


2. ABCD is a parallelogram. AE divides the line segment BD in the ratio 1:2. If $BE = 1.5 \, cm$ then find the length of BC. **[BOARD 2023]**

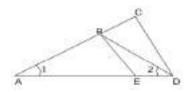


3. In figure, $\angle PST = \angle PRQ$ and $\frac{PS}{SQ} = \frac{PT}{TR}$ prove that ΔPQR is an isosceles triangle.

[BOARD 2025]

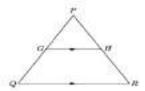


4. In the given figure, $\frac{QR}{QS} = \frac{QT}{PR}$ and $\angle 1 = \angle 2$. Show that $\Delta PQS \sim \Delta TQR$. **[BOARD 2025]**

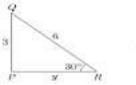


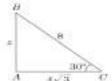
5. ABCD is a trapezium with $AB \parallel CD$ and its diagonals AC and BD intersect each other at O. Show that $\frac{AO}{BO} = \frac{CO}{DO}$. **[BOARD 2023]**

- 6. In a rectangle ABCD, E is a point on AB such that $AE = \frac{2}{3}AB$. If AB = 6 km and AD = 3 km, then find DE.
- 7. In the given figure, G is the mid-point of the side PQ of ΔPQR and $GH \parallel QR$. Prove that H is the mid-point of the side PR.

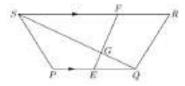


8. In the given figure, $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$ find the value y + z.

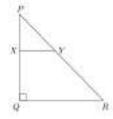




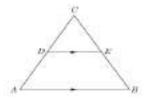
9. In the given figure, PQRS is a trapezium in which $PQ \parallel RS$. On PQ and RS there are points E and F respectively such that EF intersects SQ at G. Prove that $EQ \times GS = GQ \times FS$.

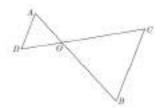


10. In the given figure, PQR is a triangle right angled at Q and $XY \parallel QR$. If $PQ = 6 \, cm$, $PY = 4 \, cm$ and PX: XQ = 1:2. Calculate the length of PR and QR.

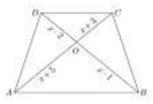


11. In the given figure, $\angle A = \angle B$ and AD = BE. Show that $DE \parallel AB$.

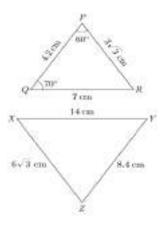




13. In the given figure, if $AB \parallel DC$, find the value of x.

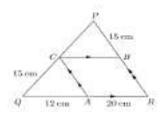


14. In the given figure, find the measure of $\angle X$.



15.ABC is a right triangle right angled at C. Let BC = a, CA = b, AB = c and p be the length of perpendicular from C to AB. Prove that cp = ab.

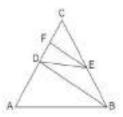
16.In the given figure, $CB \parallel QR$ and $CA \parallel PR$. If AQ = 12 cm, AR = 20 cm, PB = CQ = 15 cm, calculate PC and BR.



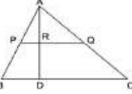
17. If $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$ in which AB = 6 cm, BC = 4 cm, AC = 8 cm and PR = 6 cm, then find the length of PQ + QR. [BOARD 2025]

Prepared by: H.Sabareesh (PGT Mathematics)

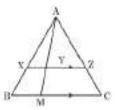
18.In the given figure, $AB \parallel DE$ and $BD \parallel EF$ then prove that $DC^2 = CF \times AC$.



19.In the given figure, AP = 3cm, AR = 4.5 cm, AQ = 6 cm, AB = 5 cm, AC = 10 cm. Find the length of AD

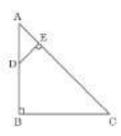


20.In the given figure, $Z \parallel BC$. AZ = 3 cm, ZC = 2cm, BM = 3 cm, MC = 5 cm. Find the length of XY. **[BOARD 2023]**

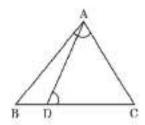


21. In the given figure, $AB \perp BC$, $DE \perp AC$. Prove that $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle AED$.

[COMPARTMENT 2023]



22. In the given figure, D is a point on the side BC of $\triangle ABC$ such that $\angle ADC = \angle BAC$. Show that $CA^2 = CD.CB$. [BOARD 2025]

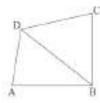


23.X is a point on the side BC of $\triangle ABC$. XM and XN are drawn parallel to AB and AC respectively meeting AB in N and AC in M. MN produced meets CB produced at T. Prove that $TX^2 = TB \times TC$.

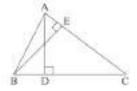
24. In the given figure, ABCD is a quadrilateral. Diagonal BD bisects $\angle B \& \angle D$ both.

Prove that

[BOARD 2024]

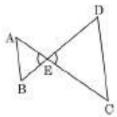


- (i) $\triangle ABD \sim \triangle CBD$
- (ii) AB = BC.
- 25. Diagonals AC & BD of a trapezium ABCD intersect at O, where $AB \parallel DC$. If $\frac{DO}{BO} = \frac{1}{2}$ then show that AB = 2 CD. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 26. In $\triangle ABC$, altitudes AD and BE are drawn. If AD=7 cm, BE=9 cm, EC=12 cm then find the length of CD. **[BOARD 2024]**



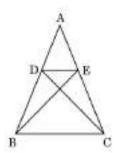
27. In the given figure, $\frac{EA}{EC} = \frac{EB}{ED}$ prove that $\Delta EAB \sim \Delta ECD$.

[BOARD 2024]

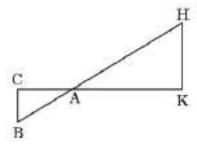


28. In the given figure, $\triangle ABE \cong \triangle ACD$. Prove that $\triangle ADE \sim \triangle ABC$.

[BOARD 2025]



29. In the given figure, $\triangle AHK \sim \triangle ABC$. If AK = 8 cm, BC = 3.2 cm, HK = 6.4 cm then find the length of AC. **[BOARD 2024]**



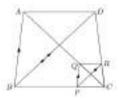
- 30.AD and PS are medians of triangles ABC and PQR respectively such that $\Delta ABD \sim \Delta PQS$. Prove that $\Delta ABC \sim \Delta PQR$. [BOARD 2025]
- 31.AD and PS are angle bisectors of $\angle A$ and $\angle P$ of triangles ABC and PQR. If $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$ then prove that $\triangle ACD \sim \triangle PRS$. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 32. In $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle PQR$, AD and PS are altitudes such that $\triangle ABD \sim \triangle PQS$ and $\triangle ACD \sim \triangle PRS$.

 Prove that $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$.

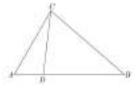
 [BOARD 2025]

3 marks:

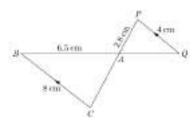
1. In the given figure, two triangles ABC and DBC lie on the same side of BC such that $PQ \parallel BA$ and $PR \parallel BD$. Prove that $QR \parallel AD$.



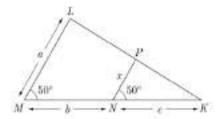
2. In the given figure, if $\angle ACB = \angle CDA$, AC = 6 cm and AD = 3 cm then find the length of AB.



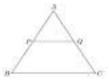
3. In the given figure, $BC \parallel PQ$ and $BC = 8 \, cm$, $PQ = 4 \, cm$, $BA = 6.5 \, cm$, $AP = 2.8 \, cm$. Find CA and AQ.



- 4. Two right triangles ABC and DBC are drawn on the same hypotenuse BC and on the same side of BC. If AC and BD intersect at P, prove that $AP \times PC = BP \times DP$.
- 5. In the given figure, find the value of x in terms of a, b and c.

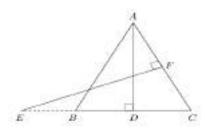


6. In the given figure, P and Q are the points on the sides AB and AC respectively of $\triangle ABC$ such that AP = 3.5 cm, PB = 7 cm, AQ = 3 cm and QC = 6 cm. If PQ = 4.5 cm find BC.

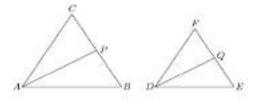


- 7. Two right triangles ABC and DBC are drawn on the same hypotenuse BC and on the same side of BC. If AC and BD intersect at P, prove that $AP \times PC = BP \times DP$.
- 8. In the given figure, AB = AC. E is a point on CB produced. If AD is perpendicular to BC and EF perpendicular to AC prove that $\triangle ABD \sim \triangle CEF$.

[BOARD 2023 & COMPARTMENT 2023]



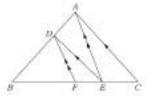
9. In the given figure, $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$. AP bisects $\angle CAB$ and DQ bisects $\angle FDE$.



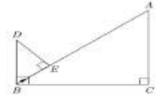
Prove that:

- (i) $\frac{AP}{DQ} = \frac{AB}{DE}$
- (ii) $\Delta CAP \sim \Delta FDQ$.

10. In the given figure, $DE \parallel AC$ and $DF \parallel AE$. Prove that $\frac{BE}{FE} = \frac{BE}{EC}$.

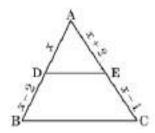


11. In the given figure, $DB \perp BC$, $DE \perp AB$ and $AC \perp BC$. Prove that $\frac{BE}{DE} = \frac{AC}{BC}$



- 12.A 6m high tree cast a 4 m long shadow. At the same time, a flag pole cast a shadow 50 m long. How long is the flag pole?
- 13. In \triangle *ABC*, *DE* \parallel *BC*, find the value of x.

[BOARD 2023]



5 marks:

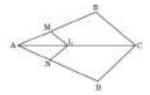
1. Prove that if a line is drawn parallel to one side of a triangle intersecting the other two sides in distinct points, then the other two sides are divided in the same ratio.

[BOARD 2023, COMPARTMENT 2023 & BOARD 2024]

Using the above theorem prove that a line through the point of intersection of the diagonals and parallel to the base of the trapezium divides the non parallel sides in the same ratio.

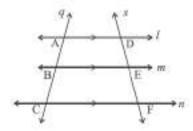
2. Prove that basic proportionality theorem. Hence, in the given figure, prove that $\frac{AM}{MB} = \frac{AN}{ND}$ where $LM \parallel CB$ and $LN \parallel CD$.

[BOARD 2025]

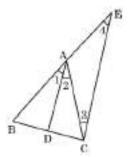


Prepared by: H.Sabareesh (PGT Mathematics)

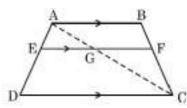
3. State Basic Proportionality theorem. Use it to prove the following: If three parallel lines 1, m and n are intersected by transversals q and s as shown in the figure, then $\frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{DE}{EF}$. **[BOARD 2025]**



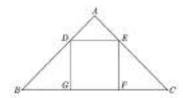
4. State basic proportionality theorem. Use the theorem to do the following: In $\triangle ABC$, AD is the angle bisector of angle A. BA is produced to E such that $CE \parallel AD$. Prove that $\frac{BD}{DC} = \frac{BA}{AC}$. **[BOARD 2025]**



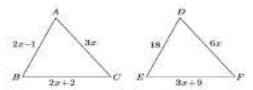
- 5. State and prove the converse of basic proportionality theorem. [BOARD 2025]
- 6. State the converse of basic proportionality theorem. Also find $\frac{BF}{FC}$ in the following figure, given that $AB \parallel DC \parallel EF$ and $\frac{AE}{ED} = \frac{2}{3}$. Also, find the length of EF if AB = 10 cm and DC = 15 cm. [BOARD 2025]



7. In the given figure, DEFG is a square and $\angle BAC = 90^{\circ}$. Show that $FG^2 = BG \times FC$.



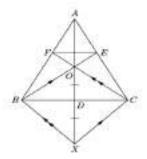
8. In the given figure, if $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ and their sides of lengths (in cm) are marked along them, then find the lengths of sides of each triangle.



9. In $\triangle ABC$, AD is a median and O is any point on AD. BO and CO on producing meet AC and AB at E and F respectively. Now AD is produced to X such that OD = DX as shown in figure.

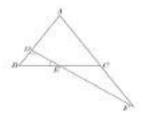
Prove that

- (i) $EF \parallel BC$
- (ii) AO: AX = AF: AB



10. In the given figure, $\angle BED = \angle BDE$ and E is the mid-point of BC. Prove that $\frac{AF}{CF} = \frac{AD}{BE}$.

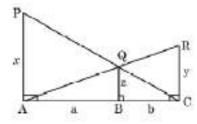
[BOARD 2023]



11.PA, QB and RC are each perpendicular to AC. If AP = x, QB = z, RC = y,

AB = a and BC = b then prove that $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = \frac{1}{z}$.

[BOARD 2023, 2024 & 2025]

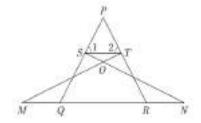


- 12. In $\triangle ABC$, AD is the median to BC and in $\triangle PQR$, PM is the median to QR. If $\frac{AB}{PQ} = \frac{BC}{QR} = \frac{AD}{PM}$. Prove that $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$.
- 13. Sides AB and AC and median AM of a triangle ABC are respectively proportional to sides DE and DF and median DN of another triangle DEF. Show that $\Delta ABC \sim \Delta DEF$. [BOARD 2023 & BOARD 2024]
- 14. Sides AB and BC and median AD of triangle ABC are respectively proportional to sides PQ and QR and median PM of triangle PQR. Show that Δ *ABC* \sim Δ *DEF*.

[BOARD 2025]

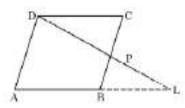
- 15. Find the length of the second diagonal of a rhombus, whose side is 5 cm and one of the diagonal is 6 cm.
- 16. In the given figure, $\angle 1 = \angle 2$ and $\triangle NSQ \sim \triangle MTR$ then prove that $\triangle PTS \sim \triangle PRO$.

[BOARD 2024]



- 17.ABCD is a parallelogram, P is a point on side BC and DP when produced meets AB produced at L. Prove that
 - (i) $\frac{DP}{PL} = \frac{DC}{BL}$
 - (ii) $\frac{DL}{DP} = \frac{AL}{DC}$
 - (iii) If LP: PD = 2: 3 then find BP: BC.

[BOARD 2023]



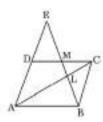
18. The diagonal BD of a parallelogram ABCD intersects the line segment AE at the point F, where E is any point on the side BC. Prove that $DF \times EF = FB \times FA$.

[BOARD 2025]

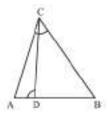
19.D is a point on the side BC of a triangle ABC such that $\angle ADC = \angle BAC$ then prove that $CA^2 = CB.CD$. [BOARD 2023]

20. Through the mid-point M of the side CD of a parallelogram ABCD, the line BM is drawn intersecting AC in L and AD (produced) in E. Prove that EL = 2 BL.

[BOARD 2023 & BOARD 2024]



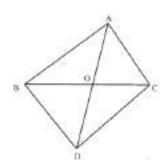
- 21.If AD and PM are medians of triangles ABC and PQR respectively, where $\Delta ABC \sim \Delta PQR$ then prove that $\frac{AB}{PQ} = \frac{AD}{PM}$. [BOARD 2023]
- 22. In the given figure, $\angle ADC = \angle BCA$ prove that $\triangle ACB \sim \triangle ADC$. Hence find BD if AC = 8 cm & AD = 3 cm. [BOARD 2023]



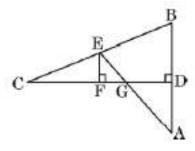
23. In the given figure, $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DBC$ are on the same base BC. If AD intersects BC at

O prove that
$$\frac{ar(\Delta ABC)}{ar(\Delta DBC)} = \frac{AO}{DO}$$
.

[BOARD 2023]

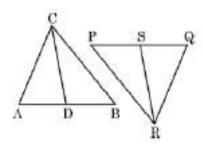


24. In the given figure, CD is the perpendicular bisector of AB. EF is perpendicular to CD. AE intersects CD at G. Prove that $\frac{CF}{CD} = \frac{FG}{DG}$. [BOARD 2023]



25.In a $\triangle PQR$, N is a point on PR such that $QN \perp PR$. If $PN \times NR = QN^2$ then prove that $\angle PQR = 90^\circ$. [BOARD 2023, 2024 & 2025]

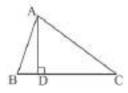
26.In the given figure, CD and RS are respectively the medians of $\triangle ABC \& \triangle PQR$. If $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$ then prove that

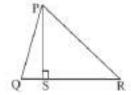


- (i) $\triangle ADC \sim \triangle PSR$.
- (ii) $AD \times PR = AC \times PS$.

[BOARD 2023]

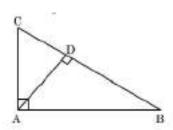
- 27.E is a point on the side AD produced of a parallelogram ABCD and BE intersects CD at F. Show that $\triangle ABE \sim \triangle CFB$. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 28. The corresponding sides of $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle PQR$ are in the ratio 3: 5. $AD \perp BC$ and $PS \perp QR$ as shown in the following figures: **[BOARD 2025]**





- (i) Prove that $\triangle ADC \sim \triangle PSR$.
- (ii) If AD = 4 cm, find the length of PS.
- (iii) Using (ii) find $area(\Delta ABC)$: $area(\Delta PQR)$.
- 29.In the given figure, $\triangle CAB$ is a right triangle, right angled at A and $AD \perp BC$. Prove that $\triangle ADB \sim \triangle CDA$. Further, if BC = 10 cm and CD = 2 cm, find the length of AD.

[BOARD 2025]



GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS)

Chapter-7 Co-ordinate Geometry

1 marks:

1.	The coordinates of a	at a distance of 4 u	nits from x-axis and					
	below it are							
	a) (4,0)	b) (0, 4)	c) (-4,0)	d) (0, -4)				
2.	2. The distance of which of the following points from origin is less than 5 units?							
				[BOARD 2025]				
	a) (3,4)	b) (2, 6)	c) $(-3, -4)$	d) (1,4)				
3.	The distance of the po	oint A from x-axis is	3 units. Which of th	e following cannot be				
	the coordinate of the 1	point A?		[BOARD 2025]				
	a) (1,3)	b) $(-3, -3)$	c) $(-3,3)$	d) (3, 1)				
4.	The co-ordinates of th	e point which is refle	ection of point $(-3,5]$) in x-axis are				
	a) (3,5)	b) $(3, -5)$	c) $(-3, -5)$	d) $(-3,5)$				
5.	The distance between	the points $(0, 2\sqrt{5})$ &	$(-2\sqrt{5},0)$ is	[BOARD 2023]				
	a) $2\sqrt{10}$ units	b) $4\sqrt{10}$ units	c) $2\sqrt{20}$ units	d) 0				
6.	The distance between	the points $P\left(-\frac{11}{3},5\right)$	$Q\left(-\frac{2}{3},5\right)$ is	[BOARD 2023]				
	a) 6 units	b) 4 units	c) 2 units	d) 3 units				
7.	The distance between	the points $(a\cos\theta +$	$b \sin \theta$, 0) and (0, $a \sin \theta$	$(\theta - b\cos\theta)$ is				
	a) $a^2 + b^2$	b) $a^2 - b^2$	c) $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$	d) $\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}$				
8.	The distance between the points $(a\cos\theta, -a\sin\theta)$ and $(a\sin\theta, a\cos\theta)$ is							
				[BOARD 2024]				
	a) a	b) $a\sqrt{2}$	c) 0	d) 2a				
9.	The distance of the point $(-1,7)$ from x-axis is [BOARD 2023 & 2025]							
	a) -1	b) 7	c) 6	d) $\sqrt{50}$				
10.	The distance of the po	oint (–6,8) from origi	n is	[BOARD 2023]				
	a) 6	b) -6	c) 8	d) 10				
11.	The end points of a di	ameter of a circle are	e(2,4), (-3,-1). The	radius of the circle is				
			[B0	OARD 2023 & 2025]				
	a) $2\sqrt{5}$	b) $\frac{5}{2}\sqrt{5}$	c) $\frac{5}{2}\sqrt{2}$	d) $5\sqrt{2}$				

12.	XOYZ is a rectangle veach diagonal is	with vertices $X(-3,0)$), O(0,0), Y(0,4) & Z(x)	(y). The length of its [BOARD 2024]				
	a) 5 units	b) $\sqrt{5}$ units	c) $x^2 + y^2$ units	d) 4 units				
13.	The perimeter of the tr	iangle formed by the	e vertices (0,0),(2,0)	and (0, 2) is				
				[BOARD 2025]				
	a) 4 units	b) 6 units	c) $6\sqrt{2}$ units	d) $4 + 2\sqrt{2}$ units				
14.	14. If the distance between the points $A(4,p)$ and $B(1,0)$ is 5 units then the value(s) of p							
	is(are)							
	a) 4 only	b) -4 only	c) ±4	d) 0				
15.	If the distance between	the points $(3, -5)$ a	and $(x, -5)$ is 15 uni	ts, then the values of				
	x are			[BOARD 2024]				
	a) 12, -18	b) -12, 18	c) 18, 5	d) -9, -12				
16.	The points $(-4,0)$, $(4,0)$	(0,3) are the vertice	es of a [Bo	OARD 2023 & 2025]				
	a) Right triangle	b) isosceles	c) equilateral	d) scalene				
17.	If points $A(-3, 12), B(7, 12)$	6), $C(x, 9)$ are collines	ar then the value of	x is				
	a) 2	b) 3	c) 4	d) 5				
18.	The point P on x-axis e	equidistant from the	points $A(-1,0), B(5,$	0) is				
	a) (2,0)	b) (0,2)	c) (3,0)	d) $(-3,5)$				
19.	The point on x-axis wh	ich is equidistant fr	om the points $A(-2,$	3), $B(5,4)$ is				
	a) (0,2)	b) (2,0)	c) (3,0)	d) $(-2,0)$				
20.	If AB is a chord of a c	ircle with centre at	0(2,3), where the co	pordinates of A and B				
	are $(4,3), (x,5)$ respecti	vely, then the value	of x is	[BOARD 2023]				
	a) 2	b) 3	c) 4	d) 5				
21.	In the given figure, po	ints P, Q, R divides	the line segment AB	in four equal parts.				
		A P 9	R B					
	The points Q divides P	B in the ratio		[BOARD 2025]				
	a) 1: 3	b) 2: 3	c) 1: 2	d) 1:1				
22.	The point P divides the	•	•	·				
	r	3						
		Ā	P B					
	The value of $\frac{AB}{PB}$ is			[BOARD 2025]				
	a) 3	b) $\frac{1}{4}$	c) 4	d) $\frac{1}{3}$				

23.	The point which divide	es the line segment	joining the points ((2,3) in the		
	ratio 1: 2 internally lies in the					
	a) I quadrant	b) II quadrant	c) III quadrant	d) IV quadrant		
24.	The coordinate of the	he point dividing	the line segment	joining the points		
	A(1,3), B(4,6) in the rat	tio 2: 1 is		[BOARD 2025]		
	a) (5,3)	b) (3,5)	c) (4,6)	d) (6,4)		
25.	Point P divides the line	e segment joining th	e points $A(4,-5) \& B$	(1,2) in the ratio 5:2.		
	Co-ordinates of P are			[BOARD 2024]		
	a) $\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{-3}{2}\right)$	b) $\left(\frac{11}{7}, 0\right)$	c) $\left(\frac{13}{7}, 0\right)$	d) $(0, \frac{13}{7})$		
26.	The point of intersection	on of the line represe	ented by $3x - y = 3$ a	nd y-axis is given by		
				[BOARD 2023]		
	a) $(0, -3)$	b) (0,3)	c) (2,0)	d) $(-2,0)$		
27.	The coordinates of the	point where the line	2y = 4x + 5 crosses	x-axis is		
				[BOARD 2023]		
	a) $(0, -\frac{5}{4})$	b) $(0,\frac{5}{2})$	c) $\left(-\frac{5}{4},0\right)$	d) $\left(-\frac{5}{2},0\right)$		
28.	In what ratio, does	s x-axis divide t	he line segment	joining the points		
	•					
	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)?			[BOARD 2023]		
	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)?		c) 4:1	-		
29.	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)?	b) 1:4		d) 2:1		
29.	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)? a) 1:2	b) 1:4		d) 2:1		
29.	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)? a) 1:2 The ratio in which the	b) 1:4 e point (2, <i>y</i>) divide	es the join of $(-4,3)$	d) 2:1) and (6,3) hence the		
	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)? a) 1:2 The ratio in which the value of y is	b) 1:4 e point $(2, y)$ divide b) $3: 2, y = 4$	es the join of $(-4, 3)$ c) $3: 2, y = 3$	d) 2:1 and (6,3) hence the d) $3:2, y = 2$		
30.	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)? a) 1:2 The ratio in which the value of y is a) 2:3, $y = 3$	b) 1:4 e point $(2, y)$ divide b) $3: 2, y = 4$	es the join of $(-4, 3)$ c) $3: 2, y = 3$	d) 2:1 and (6,3) hence the d) $3:2, y = 2$		
30.	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)? a) 1:2 The ratio in which the value of y is a) 2:3, $y = 3$ If the point $P(6,2)$ divides	b) 1:4 e point $(2, y)$ divide b) $3: 2, y = 4$	es the join of $(-4, 3)$ c) $3: 2, y = 3$	d) 2:1 and (6,3) hence the d) $3:2, y = 2$		
30.	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)? a) 1:2 The ratio in which the value of y is a) 2:3, $y = 3$ If the point $P(6,2)$ divide then the value of y is	b) 1:4 e point $(2, y)$ divide b) 3: 2, $y = 4$ des the line segment b) 2	es the join of $(-4,3)$ c) 3:2, $y = 3$ c) joining $A(6,5)$ and B	d) 2:1) and (6,3) hence the d) 3:2, $y = 2$ (4, y) in the ratio 3: 1 d) 4		
30.	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)? a) 1:2 The ratio in which the value of y is a) 2:3, $y = 3$ If the point $P(6,2)$ divide then the value of y is a) 1	b) 1:4 e point $(2, y)$ divide b) 3: 2, $y = 4$ des the line segment b) 2 ides the line segme	es the join of $(-4,3)$ c) 3:2, $y = 3$ c) joining $A(6,5)$ and B	d) 2:1) and (6,3) hence the d) 3:2, $y = 2$ (4, y) in the ratio 3: 1 d) 4		
30.	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)? a) 1:2 The ratio in which the value of y is a) 2:3, $y = 3$ If the point $P(6,2)$ divide then the value of y is a) 1 If the point $P(k,0)$ divide	b) 1:4 e point $(2, y)$ divide b) 3: 2, $y = 4$ des the line segment b) 2 ides the line segme	es the join of $(-4,3)$ c) 3:2, $y = 3$ c) joining $A(6,5)$ and B	d) 2:1) and (6,3) hence the d) 3:2, $y = 2$ (4, y) in the ratio 3: 1 d) 4		
30. 31.	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)? a) 1:2 The ratio in which the value of y is a) 2:3, $y = 3$ If the point $P(6,2)$ divide then the value of y is a) 1 If the point $P(k,0)$ divide the ratio 1:2 then the y	b) 1:4 e point (2, y) divide b) 3:2, y = 4 des the line segment b) 2 ides the line segme value of k is b) 2	es the join of $(-4,3)$ c) $3:2, y = 3$ c joining $A(6,5)$ and B c) 3 ent joining the point c) -1	d) 2:1 and (6,3) hence the d) 3:2, $y = 2$ (4, y) in the ratio 3: 1 d) 4 s $A(2,-2)$, $B(-7,4)$ in d) -2		
30. 31.	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)? a) 1:2 The ratio in which the value of y is a) 2:3, $y = 3$ If the point $P(6,2)$ divide then the value of y is a) 1 If the point $P(k,0)$ divide the ratio 1:2 then the yalue of y is	b) 1:4 e point (2, y) divide b) 3:2, y = 4 des the line segment b) 2 ides the line segme value of k is b) 2 des the line segmen	es the join of $(-4,3)$ c) $3:2, y = 3$ c joining $A(6,5)$ and B c) 3 ent joining the point c) -1	d) 2:1 and (6,3) hence the d) 3:2, $y = 2$ (4, y) in the ratio 3: 1 d) 4 s $A(2,-2)$, $B(-7,4)$ in d) -2		
30. 31.	A(3,6), B(-12,-3)? a) 1:2 The ratio in which the value of y is a) 2:3, $y = 3$ If the point $P(6,2)$ divide then the value of y is a) 1 If the point $P(k,0)$ divide the ratio 1:2 then the yalue of y is a) 1 If the point $P(k,0)$ divide the ratio 1:2 then the yalue of yal	b) 1:4 e point (2, y) divide b) 3:2, y = 4 des the line segment b) 2 ides the line segme value of k is b) 2 des the line segmen	es the join of $(-4,3)$ c) $3:2, y = 3$ c joining $A(6,5)$ and B c) 3 ent joining the point c) -1	d) 2:1 and (6,3) hence the d) 3:2, $y = 2$ (4, y) in the ratio 3: 1 d) 4 s $A(2,-2)$, $B(-7,4)$ in d) -2		

33. The midpoint of the line segment joining the points $P(-4,5)$ and $Q(4,6)$ lies on								
			[BOARD 2025]					
a) x-axis		c) y-axis						
b) origin		d) neither x-axis	nor y-axis					
34. C is the mid-poin	nt of PQ, if $P(4,x)$, $C(y, -$	1), $Q(-2, 4)$ then x as	nd y respectively are					
a) -6 and 1	b) -6 and 2	c) 6 and -1	d) 6 and -2					
35. If $A\left(\frac{m}{3},5\right)$ is the	mid-point of the line	segment joining the	points $Q(-6,7), R(-2,3)$					
then the value of	f m is							
a) -12	b) -4	c) 12	d) -6					
36. If the midpoint of	of the line segment join	ning the points $(a, 4)$) and $(2,2b)$ is $(2,6)$ then					
the value of $(a +$	<i>b</i>) is		[BOARD 2025]					
a) 6	b) 7	c) 8	d) 16					
37. If the centre of	a circle is (3,5) and en	nd points of a diar	meter are $(4,7)$ and $(2,y)$					
then the value of	f y is							
a) 3	b) -3	c) 7	d) 4					
38. The centre of a o	38. The centre of a circle is at (2,0). If one end of a diameter is at (6,0) then the other							
end is at			[BOARD 2024]					
end is at a) (0,0)	b) (4,0)	c) (-2,0)	[BOARD 2024] d) (-6, 0)					
a) (0,0)	, , ,							
a) (0,0) 39. If the mid-point	, , ,		d) (-6, 0)					
a) (0,0) 39. If the mid-point	of the line segment joi		d) (-6, 0)					
a) $(0,0)$ 39. If the mid-point $x + y - 10 = 0$ the a) 4	of the line segment joint evalue of k will be b) 5	ning the points $A(3,$ c) 6	d) $(-6,0)$ 4), $B(k,6)$ is $P(x,y)$ and					
a) $(0,0)$ 39. If the mid-point $x + y - 10 = 0$ the a) 4 40. If $x - 2y + k = 0$	of the line segment joint evalue of k will be b) 5	ning the points A(3, c) 6 e triangle whose	d) $(-6,0)$ 4), $B(k,6)$ is $P(x,y)$ and d) 7					
a) $(0,0)$ 39. If the mid-point $x + y - 10 = 0$ the a) 4 40. If $x - 2y + k = 0$	of the line segment joint value of k will be b) 5 is a median of the	ning the points A(3, c) 6 e triangle whose	d) $(-6,0)$ 4), $B(k,6)$ is $P(x,y)$ and d) 7					
a) $(0,0)$ 39. If the mid-point $x + y - 10 = 0$ the a) 4 40. If $x - 2y + k = 0$ A(-1,3), B(0,4), C a) 2	of the line segment joint evalue of k will be b) 5 is a median of the (-5,2) then the value of	c) 6 e triangle whose of k is c) 6	d) $(-6,0)$ 4), $B(k,6)$ is $P(x,y)$ and d) 7 vertices are at points d) 8					
a) $(0,0)$ 39. If the mid-point $x + y - 10 = 0$ the a) 4 40. If $x - 2y + k = 0$ A(-1,3), B(0,4), C a) 2	of the line segment joint of the line segment joint of the by 5 is a median of the (-5,2) then the value of b) 4	c) 6 e triangle whose of k is c) 6	d) $(-6,0)$ 4), $B(k,6)$ is $P(x,y)$ and d) 7 vertices are at points d) 8					
a) $(0,0)$ 39. If the mid-point $x + y - 10 = 0$ the a) 4 40. If $x - 2y + k = 0$ A(-1,3), B(0,4), C a) 2	of the line segment joint evalue of k will be b) 5 is a median of the (-5,2) then the value of b) 4 of \(\text{\text{\$ABC}} \) with vertices \(A(\text{\$AC} \)	c) 6 e triangle whose of k is c) 6	d) $(-6,0)$ 4), $B(k,6)$ is $P(x,y)$ and d) 7 vertices are at points d) 8 length of AD is					
a) $(0,0)$ 39. If the mid-point $x + y - 10 = 0$ the a) 4 40. If $x - 2y + k = 0$ A(-1,3), B(0,4), C(0,4) a) 2 41. AD is a median of a solution of a	of the line segment joint evalue of k will be b) 5 is a median of the (-5,2) then the value of b) 4 of $\triangle ABC$ with vertices $A($	ning the points $A(3, 0)$ c) 6 The triangle whose of $A(3, 0)$ for $A(3, 0)$ c)	d) $(-6,0)$ 4), $B(k,6)$ is $P(x,y)$ and d) 7 vertices are at points d) 8 length of AD is [BOARD 2024]					
a) $(0,0)$ 39. If the mid-point $x + y - 10 = 0$ the a) 4 40. If $x - 2y + k = 0$ A(-1,3), B(0,4), C a) 2 41. AD is a median of a $\sqrt{68}$ units 42. Points $A(3,1), B(5,0)$	of the line segment joint evalue of k will be b) 5 is a median of the (-5,2) then the value of b) 4 of $\triangle ABC$ with vertices $A($	ning the points $A(3, 0)$ c) 6 The triangle whose of $A(3, 0)$ for $A(3, 0)$ c)	d) $(-6,0)$ 4), $B(k,6)$ is $P(x,y)$ and d) 7 vertices are at points d) 8 length of AD is [BOARD 2024] d) 10 units					
a) $(0,0)$ 39. If the mid-point $x + y - 10 = 0$ the a) 4 40. If $x - 2y + k = 0$ $A(-1,3), B(0,4), C$ a) 2 41. AD is a median of a median of a median of a median a and b are a) 6 and 3	of the line segment joint evalue of k will be b) 5 is a median of the (-5,2) then the value of b) 4 of $\triangle ABC$ with vertices $A(b) 2\sqrt{15}$ units 5,1), $C(a,b)$ and $D(4,3)$ as b) 2 and 1	ning the points $A(3, 0)$ c) 6 The triangle whose of $A(3, 0)$ for $A($	d) $(-6,0)$ 4), $B(k,6)$ is $P(x,y)$ and d) 7 vertices are at points d) 8 length of AD is [BOARD 2024] d) 10 units llelogram. The values of					
a) $(0,0)$ 39. If the mid-point $x + y - 10 = 0$ the a) 4 40. If $x - 2y + k = 0$ $A(-1,3), B(0,4), C$ a) 2 41. AD is a median of a median of a median of a median a and b are a) 6 and 3	of the line segment joint evalue of k will be b) 5 is a median of the (-5,2) then the value of b) 4 of $\triangle ABC$ with vertices $A(D) = 2\sqrt{15} $ units 5,1), $C(a,b) = 2\sqrt{15} $ and $D(A,3) = 2\sqrt{15} $ b) 2 and 1 of the vertex A of a rec	ning the points $A(3, 0)$ c) 6 The triangle whose of $A(3, 0)$ for $A($	d) (-6,0) 4), $B(k,6)$ is $P(x,y)$ and d) 7 vertices are at points d) 8 length of AD is [BOARD 2024] d) 10 units llelogram. The values of d) none of these					

44. If	f tl	ne	vertice	es of	the	parallelo	gram	PQRS	taken	in	order	are
P	(3, 4)	, Q(-	2,3) an	dR(-3,	-2) the	en the co-	ordinat	es of its	fourth ve	rtex S	are	
										[B(DARD 2	024]
a	ı) (–	2, -1)	b) (-2, -	-3)	c) (2	, -1)	d)	(1,2)		
45. A	OBC	is a	rectan	gle who	se thre	ee vertices	are A((0,2), B(4,	0)and 0(0), 0). T	he squa	are of
tl	he le	ngth	of its c	liagonal	is equ	al to				[B0	OARD 2	025]
a) 36)		b	20		c) 16	5	d)	4		
46. T	he co	entro	id of th	ne triang	gle who	ose vertice	s are (3, -7), (-8	3,6) and	(5, 10)	is	
a	ı) (0,	9)		b	(0,3)		c) (1	,3)	d)	(3,5)		
C	Intio	ne fo	or Acce	rtion a	nd Res	asoning Q	niestio	ne.				
	_					reason(R)			reasonl	R) is	the co	rrect
	αj			n of ass			arc t	rae ana	reason	10, 10	tile ee	лгссі
	b)	_			,	•	are tru	e but re	eason(R)	is not	the co	orrect
b) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true by explanation of assertion(A)								10 110		,11000		
	c)	_			,	, reason (R)	is fals	e				
	,			,		reason (R						
47. A	•					ies on y-ax	•					
				_		n the poin		axis is ze	ro.			
		-				_						
F	48. Assertion (A): The point (3,0) lies on x-axis. Reason (R): The x coordinate on the point on y-axis is zero.											
49. A	49. Assertion (A): Point $P(0,2)$ is the point of intersection of y-axis with the line $3x + 1$											
2	2y = 4.											
F	Reaso	on (R): The (distance	of poi	nt $P(0,2)$	from x-	axis is 2	units.	[B0	OARD 2	023]
50. A	Asser	tion	(A): T	he valu	e of y	is 6, for	which	n the dis	stance be	etweer	n the p	oints
P	2(2, -	3) an	d Q(10,	y) is 10								
F	Reaso	on (F	?): Dist	ance be	tween	two giver	point	s $A(x_1, y_1)$) and $B(x_2)$	(y_2) is	s given	AB =
V	$\sqrt{(x_2-x_1)^2+(y_2-y_1)^2}$.											
51. A	lsser	tion	(A): T	The poi	nt wh	ich divid	es the	line se	gment j	oining	the p	oints
A	1(1, 2)	& B((-1, 1) i	nternall	ly in th	ne ratio 1:2	2 is $\left(\frac{-1}{3}\right)$	$,\frac{5}{3}$).				
F	Reaso	on (R	!): The	coordina	ates of	the point	which	divides t	he line s	egmen	ıt joinin	g the
р	oints	$A(x_1)$	$(y_1, y_1) \&$	$B(x_2, y_2)$	in the	ratio m_1 :	m ₂ are	$\left(\frac{m_1x_2 + m_2x_1}{m_1 + m_2}\right)$	$\frac{x_1}{m_1+m_2}$	$\left(\frac{2}{2}y_1\right)$.		
										[B0	OARD 2	024]

- 52. **Assertion** (A): The point (-1,6) divides the line segment joining the points (-3,10) and (6,-8) in the ratio 2: 7 internally.
 - **Reason (R):** Given three points A, B and C form an equilateral triangle then AB = BC = AC.
- 53. **Assertion** (A): If the points A(4,3), B(x,5) lie on a circle with centre O(2,3) then the value of x is 2.

Reason (R): Centre of a circle is the mid-point of each chord of the circle.

[BOARD 2023]

54. **Assertion** (A): Mid-point of a line segment divides the line segment in the ratio 1:1. **Reason** (R): The ratio in which the point (-3, k) divides the line segment joining the points (-5, 4) & (-2, 3) is 1:2. [BOARD 2024]

2 marks:

- 1. What is the distance of the point P(3,4) from x-axis?
- 2. The ordinate of a point A on y-axis is 5 and B has coordinates (-3,1). Find the length of AB?
- 3. If the distance between the points A(4,p), B(1,0) is 5 units then what are the values of p?
- 4. Find the points on the x-axis, each of which is at a distance of 10 units from the point A(11,-8). [BOARD 2023]
- 5. Find the type of triangle ABC formed whose vertices are A(1,0), B(-5,0) & C(-2,5).

[BOARD 2024]

- 6. If A(5,2), B(2,-2) and C(-2,t) are the vertices of a right angled triangle with $\angle B = 90^{\circ}$ then find the value of t.
- 7. Show that the points (-2,3), (8,3), (6,7) are the vertices of a right angled triangle.

[BOARD 2023]

- 8. Show that the points (-3, -3), (3, 3), $\left(-3\sqrt{3}, 3\sqrt{3}\right)$ are the vertices of an equilateral triangle. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 9. If three points (0,0), $(3,\sqrt{3})$ and $(3,\lambda)$ form an equilateral triangle, then what is the value of λ ?
- 10. Prove that A(4,3), B(6,4), C(5,6), D(3,5) are the vertices of a square. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 11. Show that A(0,-1), B(6,7), C(-2,3), D(8,3) are the vertices of a rectangle ABCD.

[BOARD 2023]

- 12. The x coordinate of a point P is twice its y coordinate. If P is equidistant from Q(2,-5), R(-3,6), find the coordinates of P.
- 13. If the point P(x,y) is equidistant from the points Q(a+b,b-a), R(a-b,a+b) then prove that bx = ay.
- 14. Find a relation between x and y such that the point P(x, y) is equidistant from the points A(7,1) and B(3,5). [BOARD 2024]
- 15. The point P(x, y) is equidistant from points A(5, 1), B(1, 5). Prove that x = y.

[BOARD 2023]

- 16. If the points A(4,3), B(x,5) are on the circle with centre O(2,3) then what is the value of x?
- 17. Prove that abscissa of a point P which is equidistant from points A(7,1) and B(3,5) is 2 more than its ordinate. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 18. Find the coordinate of the point dividing the line segment joining the points A(1,3) and B(4,6) in the ratio 2: 1?
- 19. The line segment joining the points A(4,-5), B(4,5) is divided by the point P such that AP:AB=2:5. Find the coordinates of P. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 20. The coordinates of the end points of the line segment AB are A(-2, -2) and B(2, -4). P is the point on AB such that $BP = \frac{4}{7}AB$. Find the coordinates of point P.

[BOARD 2025]

- 21. Find the coordinates of the point C which lies on the line AB produced such that AC = 2BC where the coordinates of points A(-1,7) and B(4,-3). [BOARD 2025]
- 22. Find the ratio in which y-axis divides the line segment joining the points (5,-6),(-1,-4). **[BOARD 2023]**
- 23. Find the ratio in which the point $P\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{12}\right)$ divides the line segment joining the points $A\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$ and (2, -5).
- 24. Find the ratio in which line y = x divides the line segment joining the points (6,-3),(1,6). [BOARD 2023 & BOARD 2024]
- 25. Find the ratio in which the point (-1, k) divides the line segment joining the points (-3, 10), (6, -8). Also find the value of k. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 26. The mid-point of the line segment AB is P(0,4), if the coordinates of B are (-2,3) then find the coordinates of A.

- 27. If $A\left(\frac{m}{3},5\right)$ is the mid-point of the line segment joining the points Q(-6,7), R(-2,3) then what is the value of m?
- 28.A line intersects y-axis and x-axis at point P and Q respectively. If R(2,5) is the mid-point of line segment PQ, then find the coordinates of P and Q. [BOARD 2023]
- 29. If the centre of a circle is (3,5) and end points of a diameter are (4,7) and (2,y). What is the value of y?
- 30. Points A(-1, y) & B(5, 7) lie on a circle O(2, -3y) such that AB is a diameter of the circle. Find the value of y. Also, find the radius of the circle. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 31. If A(-2,-1), B(a,0), C(4,b), D(1,2) are the vertices of a parallelogram ABCD then find the values of a and b. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 32. The three vertices of a parallelogram ABCD taken in order, are A(-1,0), B(3,1), C(2,2). Find the coordinates of the fourth vertex D. [BOARD 2023]
- 33. Show that the points A(6,4), B(5,-2), C(7,-2) are the vertices of an isosceles triangle. Also, find the length of the median through point A. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 34. Find the length of the median through the point B of $\triangle ABC$ with vertices A(9,-2), B(-3,7) and C(-1,10). **[BOARD 2025]**
- 35.A(3,0), B(6,4), C(-1,3) are vertices of a triangle ABC. Find length of its median BE.

[BOARD 2024]

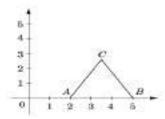
3 marks:

1. Show that A(6,4), B(5,-2) and C(7,-2) are the vertices of an isosceles triangle.

[BOARD 2024]

- 2. Show that A(-1,0), B(3,1), C(2,2) and D(-2,1) are the vertices of a parallelogram.
- 3. P(x,y), Q(-2,-3) and R(2,3) are the vertices of a right triangle PQR right angled at P. Find the relationship between x and y. Hence find all possible values of x for which y=2. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 4. Find a relation between x and y such that P(x, y) is equidistant from the points A(3,5) and B(7,1). Hence, write the coordinates of the points on x-axis and y-axis which are equidistant from points A and B. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 5. If the distance of P(x, y) from A(6, 2) and B(-2, 6) are equal. Prove that y = 2x.
- 6. If Q(0,1) is equidistant from P(5,-3) & R(x,6) find the values of x. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 7. In the given figure, $\triangle ABC$ is an equilateral triangle of side 3 units. Find the coordinates of the other two vertices.

Prepared by: <u>H.Sabareesh (PGT Mathematics)</u>



8. If (-5,3) & (5,3) are two vertices of an equilateral triangle then find co-ordinates of the third vertex given that origin lies inside the triangle. (Use $\sqrt{3} = 1.7$)

[BOARD 2023]

- 9. Find the coordinates of the points of trisection of the line segment joining the points A(1,-2) and B(-3,4).
- 10.P(-2,5) & Q(3,2) are two points. Find the coordinates of the point R on line segment PQ such that PR = 2QR. [BOARD 2024]
- 11. If the co-ordinates of points A and B are (-2, -2) and (2, -4) respectively. Find the coordinates of P such that $AP = \frac{3}{7}AB$ where P lies on the line segment AB.
- 12. The coordinates of the vertices of $\triangle ABC$ are A(7,2), B(9,10) and C(1,4). If E and F are the mid-points of AB and AC respectively. Prove that $EF = \frac{1}{2}BC$.
- 13.If the point C(-1,2) divides internally the line segment joining the points A(2,5), B(x,y) in the ratio 3: 4. Find the coordinates of B.
- 14. If the point C(-1,2) divides internally the line segment joining the points A(2,5), B(x,y) in the ratio 3: 4 then find the value of $x^2 + y^2$.
- 15. Find the ratio in which P(4, m) divides the segment joining the points A(2,3) and B(6,-3). Hence find m.
- 16. Find the ratio in which the point $\left(\frac{8}{5}, y\right)$ divides the line segment joining the points (1,2)&(2,3). Also find the value of y. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 17. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining the points A(6,3), B(-2,-5) is divided by x-axis. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 18. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining the points A(5,3) & B(-1,6) is divided by y axis. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 19. Find the ratio in which the y-axis divides the line segment joining the points (5,-6) and (-1,-4). Also find the point of intersection. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 20.In what ratio does the x-axis divides the line segment joining the points (2,-3) & (5,6)? Also find the coordinates of the point of intersection. [BOARD 2024]

- 21. Find the ratio in which the line 2x + 3y 5 = 0 divides the line segment joining the points (8, -9) and (2, 1). Also find the coordinates of the point of division.
- 22. The vertices of $\triangle ABC$ are A(6,-2), B(0,-6), C(4,8). Find the co-ordinates of midpoints of AB, BC and AC.
- 23.If (a, b) is the mid-point of the line segment joining the points A(10, -6) and B(k, 4) and a 2b = 18 then find the value of k and the distance AB. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 24. If the midpoint of the line segment joining the points A(3,4) and B(k,6) is P(x,y) and x+y-10=0 then find the value of k. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 25. The centre of a circle is (2a, a 7). Find the values of 'a' if the circle passes through the point (11, -9). Radius of the circle is $5\sqrt{2}$ cm. **[BOARD 2023 & 2025]**
- 26. Prove that the diagonals of a rectangle ABCD with vertices A(2,-1), B(5,-1), C(5,6) and D(2,6) are equal and bisect each other.
- 27.ABCD is a rectangle formed by the points A(-1,-1), B(-1,6), C(3,6), D(3,-1). P, Q, R and S are mid-points of sides AB, BC, CD & DA respectively. Show that diagonals of the quadrilaterals PQRS bisect each other. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 28. If the points A(6,1), B(p,2), C(9,4), D(7,q) are the vertices of a parallelogram ABCD, then find the values of p and q. Hence, check whether ABCD is a rectangle or not.

[BOARD 2025]

29. Find the length of the median AD of $\triangle ABC$ having vertices A(0,-1), B(2,1) & C(0,3).

[BOARD 2024]

30. Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining the points A(-2,2) and B(2,8) into four equal parts. **[BOARD 2025]**

5 marks:

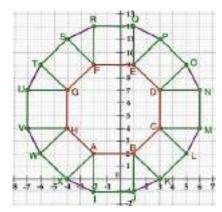
- 1. Show that the points P(2,-1), Q(3,4), R(-2,3) and S(-3,-2) are vertices of a rhombus but not a square.
- 2. Point A lies on the line segment XY joining X(6,-6),Y(-4,-1) in such a way that $\frac{XA}{XY} = \frac{2}{5}$. If point A also lies on the line 3x + k(y+1) = 0 find the value of k.
- 3. The ratio in which the line x 3y = 0 divides the line segment joining the points (-2, -5) and (6, 3). Find the coordinates of the point of intersection.
- 4. Find the ratio in which the y axis divides the line segment joining the points (-1,-4), (5,-6). Also find the coordinates of the point of intersection.

- 5. Find the ratio in which the point (-3, k) divides the line segment joining the points (-5, -4) and (-2, 3). Also find the value of k.
- 6. If the midpoint of the line segment joining $A\left(\frac{x}{2}, \frac{y+1}{2}\right)$ and B(x+1, y-3) is C(5, -2) find the value of x and y.

Case Based Questions:

1. A tiling or tessellation of a flat surface is the covering of a plane using one or more geometric shapes, called tiles, with no overlaps and no gaps. Historically, tessellations were used in ancient Rome and in Islamic art. You may find tessellation patterns on floors, walls, paintings etc. Shown below is a tiled floor in the archaeological Museum of Seville, made using squares, triangles and hexagons. A craftsman thought of making a floor pattern after being inspired by the above design. To ensure accuracy in his work, he made the pattern on the Cartesian plane. He used regular octagons, squares and triangles for his floor tessellation pattern





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Use the above figure to answer the questions that follow:

- (i) What is the length of the line segment joining points B and F?
- (ii) The centre 'Z' of the figure will be the point of intersection of the diagonals of quadrilateral WXOP. Then what are the coordinates of Z?
- (iii) What are the coordinates of the point on y axis equidistant from A and G? 2

OR

What is the area of Trapezium AFGH?

2. Tharunya was thrilled to know that the football tournament is fixed with a monthly timeframe from 20th July to 20th August 2023 and for the first time in the FIFA Women's World Cup's history, two nations host in 10 venues. Her father felt that the game can be better understood if the position of players is represented as points on a coordinate plane.



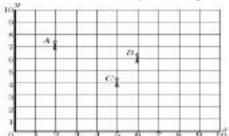
- (i) At an instance, the midfielders and forward formed a parallelogram. Find the position of the central midfielder (D) if the position of other players who formed the parallelogram are :- A(1,2), B(4,3) and C(6,6).
- (ii) Check if the Goal keeper G(-3,5), Sweeper H(3,1) and Wing-back K(0,3) fall on a same straight line.

OR

- Check if the Full-back J(5,-3) and centre-back I(-4,6) are equidistant from forward C(0,1) and if C is the mid-point of IJ.
- (iii) If Defensive midfielder A(1,4), Attacking midfielder B(2,-3) and Striker E(a,b) lie on the same straight line and B is equidistant from A and E, find the position of E.
- 3. Resident Welfare Association (RWA) of a Gulmohar Society in Delhi have installed three electric poles *A*, *B* and *C* in a society's common park. Despite these three poles, some parts of the park are still in dark. So, RWA decides to have one more electric pole *D* in the park.



The park can be modelled as a coordinate systems given below.



- (i) What is the distance of the pole *B* from the corner *O* of the park?
- (ii) Find the position of the fourth pole D so that four points A, B C and D form a parallelogram.

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(iii) What is the distance between poles *A* and *C*?

)R

What is the distance between poles *B* and *D*?

4. Satellite Images: Satellite images are images of Earth collected by imaging satellites operated by governments and businesses around the world. Satellite imaging companies sell images by licensing them to governments and businesses such as Apple Maps and Google Maps. It should not be confused for astronomy images collected by space telescope.



Barun lives in Jaipur in Vaishali. Satellite image of his colony is shown in given figure. In this view, his house is pointed out by a flag, which is situated at the point of intersection of x and y - axes. If he goes 2 cm east and 3 cm north from the house, then he reaches to a grocery store, If he goes 4 cm west and 6 cm south from the house, then he reaches to his office. If he goes 6 cm east and 8 cm south from the house, then he reaches to a food court. If he goes 6 cm west and 8 cm north from the house, he reaches to a his kid's school.

Based on the above information, answer the following questions.

- (i) Find the distance between grocery store and food court.
- (ii) Find the distance of the school from the house.
- (iii) If the grocery store and office lie on a line, what is the ratio of distance of house from grocery store to that from office?

ΩR

What shape is formed by the coordinates of positions of school, grocery store, food court and office?

5. Morning assembly is an integral part of the school's schedule. Almost all the schools conduct morning assemblies which include prayers, information of latest happenings, inspiring thoughts, speech, national anthem, etc. A good school is always particular about their morning assembly schedule. Morning assembly is important for a child's development. It is essential to understand that morning assembly is not just about standing in long queues and singing prayers or national

anthem, but it's something beyond just prayers. All the activities carried out in morning assembly by the school staff and students have a great influence in every point of life. The positive effects of attending school assemblies can be felt throughout life.

Have you noticed that in school assembly you always stand in row and column and this make a coordinate system. Suppose a school have 100 students and they all assemble in prayer in 10 rows as given below.

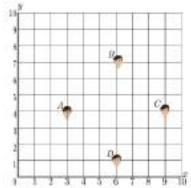


1

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2



Here A, B, C and D are four friend Amar, Bharat, Colin and Dravid.

- (i) What is the distance between A and B?
- (ii) What is the distance between C and D?
- (iii) What is the distance between A and C?

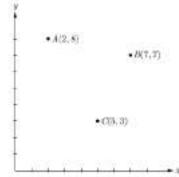
OR

What is the distance between *D* and *B*?

6. Carpooling: It is the sharing of car journeys so that more than one person travels in a car, and prevents the need for others to have to drive to a location themselves. By having more people using one vehicle, carpooling reduces each person's travel costs such as: fuel costs, tolls, and the stress of driving. Carpooling is also a more environmentally friendly and sustainable way to travel as sharing journeys reduces air pollution, carbon emissions, traffic congestion on the roads, and the need for parking spaces.



Prepared by: <u>H.Sabareesh (PGT Mathematics)</u>



Three friends Amar, Bandhu and Chakradev lives in societies represented by the points *A*, *B* and *C* respectively. They all work in offices located in a same building represented by the point *O*. Since they all go to same building every day, they decided to do carpooling to save money on petrol. Based on the above information, answer the following questions.

(i) Which society is nearest to the office?

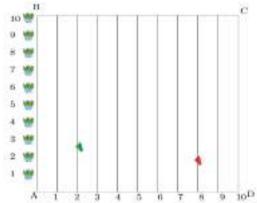
(ii) What is the distance between A and C?

(iii) Find the least distance between AB, OA and BC?

OR

If Bandhu and Chakradev planned to meet at a club situated at the midpoint of the line joining the points B and C, find the coordinates of this point.

7. To conduct sports day activities, in a rectangular shaped school ground ABCD, lines have been drawn with chalk powder at a distance of 1 m each. 100 flower pots have been placed at a distance of 1 m from each other along AB, as shown in figure. Nishtha runs $\frac{1}{4}^{th}$ of the distance AB on the 2nd line and posts a green flag. Suman runs $\frac{1}{5}^{th}$ of the distance AB on the 8th line and posts a red flag.



(i) What is the position of green flag?

(ii) What is the position of red flag?

(iii) What is the distance between both the flags?

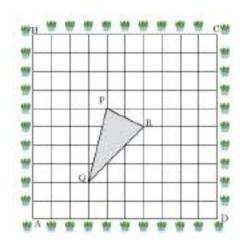
OR

What is the distance of red flag from point *A*?

8. A garden is in the shape of rectangle. Gardener grew sapling of Ashoka tree on the boundary of garden at the distance of 1 meter from each other. He want to decorate the garden with rose plants. He choose triangular region inside the park to grow rose plants. On the above situation, gardener took help from the students of class 10th. They made a chart for it which looks as the above figure.

[BOARD 2024]

2



- If A is taken as origin, what are the coordinates of triangle PQR? (i)
- (ii) Find out if ΔPQR is an isosceles triangle. 1
- Find distances PO & OR? (iii) 2

OR

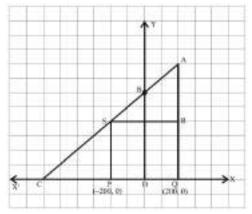
Find the coordinates of the point which divides the line segment joining the points P and R in the ratio 2:1 internally.

1

2

1

9. Jagdish has a field which is in the shape of a right angled triangle AQC. He wants to leave a space in the form of a square PQRS inside the field for growing wheat and the remaining for growing vegetables (as shown in the figure). In the field, there is a pole marked as O. [BOARD 2023]



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

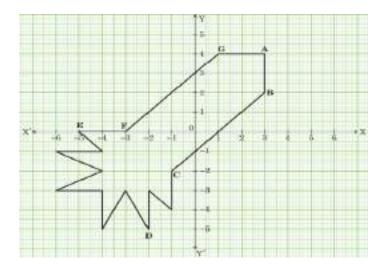
- Taking O as origin, coordinates of P are (-200,0) and of Q are (200,0). PQRS (i) being a square, what are the coordinates of R and S? 1
- What is the area of square PQRS? 2 (ii)

OR

What is the length of diagonal PR in square PQRS?

(iii) If S divides CA in the ratio K:1, what is the value of K, where point A is 10. Ryan, from a very young age, was fascinated by the twinkling of stars and the vastness of space. He always dreamt of becoming an astronaut one day. So he started to sketch his own rocket designs on the graph sheet. One such design is given below:

[BOARD 2024]



Based on the above, answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the mid-point of the segment joining F and G.
- (ii) What is the distance between the points A and C?

OR

Find the coordinates of the point which divides the line segment joining the points A and B in the ratio 1:3 internally.

1

2

1

(iii) What are the coordinates of the point D?

GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS)

Chapter-8 TRIGONOMETRY

1 marks:

1. If θ is an acute angle and $7 + 4\sin\theta = 9$, then the value of θ is

[BOARD 2025]

b) 30°

d) 60°

2. If $7\cos^2\theta + 3\sin^2\theta = 4$, then the value of θ is

[BOARD 2025]

a) 30°

b) 45°

c) 60°

d) 90°

3. If $\tan 3\theta = \sqrt{3}$, then $\frac{\theta}{2}$ equals

[BOARD 2025]

a) 60°

c) 20°

d) 10°

4. If $\sin 4\theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ then $\frac{\theta}{3}$ equals

[BOARD 2025]

a) 60°

b) 20°

c) 15°

d) 5°

5. $\tan 2A = 3 \tan A$ is true, when the measure of $\angle A$ is

[BOARD 2025]

[BOARD 2025]

[BOARD 2025]

[BOARD 2023]

b) 60°

c) 45°

d) 30°

6. $\sec A = 2\cos A$ is true for A is

[BOARD 2025] d) 60°

c) 45°

7. The value of $\tan^2 \theta - \left(\frac{1}{\cos \theta} \times \sec \theta\right)$ is

d) 2

c) -1

8. The value of $(\tan A \csc A)^2 - (\sin A \sec A)^2$ is

b) 1

d) 2

9. If $\alpha + \beta = 90^{\circ}$ and $\alpha = 2\beta$ then $\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \beta$ is equal to

[BOARD 2025]

d) 2

10. If $2 \tan A = 3$, then the value of $\frac{4 \sin A + 3 \cos A}{4 \sin A - 3 \cos A}$ is

a) $\frac{7}{\sqrt{13}}$

b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{12}}$

c) 3

d) doesn't exist

11. If $\tan \theta = \frac{5}{12}$ then the value of $\frac{\sin \theta + \cos \theta}{\sin \theta - \cos \theta}$ is

[BOARD 2023]

c) $\frac{17}{12}$

d) $\frac{-7}{13}$

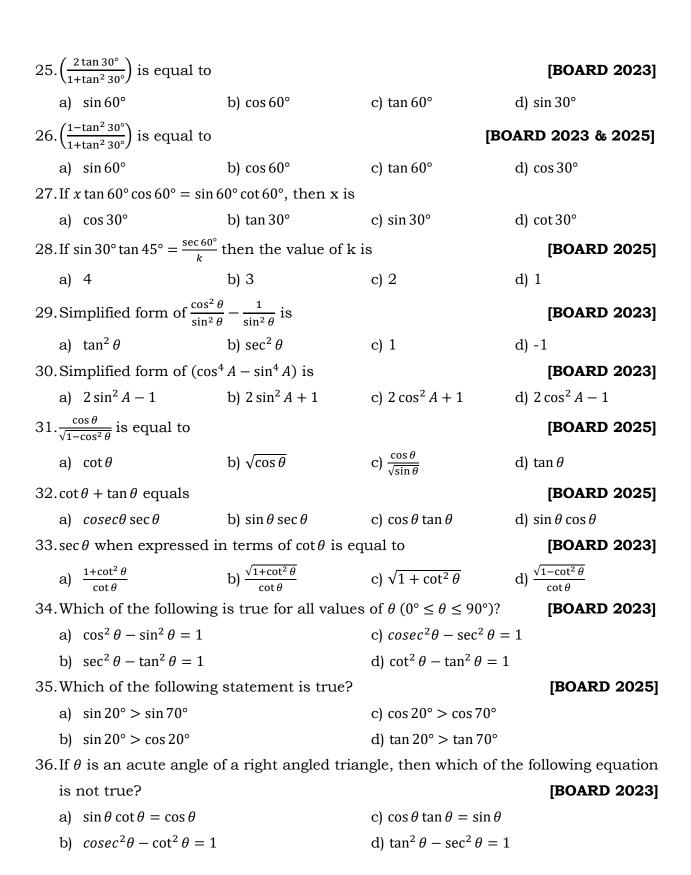
12. If $\tan \theta = \frac{x}{y}$ then $\cos \theta$ is

[BOARD 2023]

a) $\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}$ b) $\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}$ c) $\frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}$

d) $\frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2-y^2}}$

13. If $\sin A = \frac{2}{3}$ then value	ue of cot A is		[BOARD 2024]			
a) $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$	b) $\frac{3}{2}$	c) $\frac{5}{4}$	d) $\frac{2}{3}$			
14. If $\sin \theta = \cos \theta$, $(0^{\circ} <$	$\theta < 90^{\circ}$) then the	e value of $\sec \theta \sin \theta$ is	[BOARD 2024 & 2025]			
a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	b) $\sqrt{2}$	c) 1	d) 0			
15. If $\sec \theta - \tan \theta = \frac{1}{3}$, then	hen the value of ($(\sec \theta + \tan \theta)$ is	[BOARD 2023]			
a) $\frac{4}{3}$	b) $\frac{2}{3}$	c) $\frac{1}{3}$	d) 3			
16. If $\sec \theta - \tan \theta = m$,	then the value of	$(\sec \theta + \tan \theta)$ is	[BOARD 2024]			
a) $1 - \frac{1}{m}$	b) $m^2 - 1$	c) $\frac{1}{m}$	d) -m			
17. If $cos(\alpha + \beta) = 0$ the	n the value of cos	$s\left(\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}\right)$ is	[BOARD 2024]			
a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	b) $\frac{1}{2}$	c) 0	d) $\sqrt{2}$			
18. If $sin(\alpha + \beta) = 1$ the	n the value of sin	$\left(\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}\right)$ is	[BOARD 2025]			
a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	b) $\frac{1}{2}$	c) 0	d) 1			
19. If $\triangle ABC$ is a right tr	iangle at C, then	the value of $cos(A + B)$	is			
a) 0	b) 1	c) $\frac{1}{2}$	d) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$			
20. In a right triangle ABC, right angled at A, if $\sin B = \frac{1}{4}$ then the value of $\sec B$ is						
[BOARD 2025]						
a) 4	b) $\frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}$	c) $\sqrt{15}$	d) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{15}}$			
21. If $\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ and $\sin \varphi$	$\rho = \frac{1}{2}$ then $\tan(\theta +$	- φ) is	[BOARD 2024]			
a) $\sqrt{3}$	b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	c) 1	d) not defined			
22. If $\sin \theta + \cos \theta = \sqrt{2}$ then $\tan \theta + \cot \theta =$						
a) 1	b) 2	c) 3	d) 4			
$23.\left[\frac{3}{4}\tan^2 30^\circ - \sec^2 45^\circ\right]$	+ sin ² 60°] is equa	al to	[BOARD 2023]			
a) -1	b) $\frac{5}{6}$	c) $\frac{-3}{2}$	d) $\frac{1}{6}$			
$24. \left[\frac{5}{8} sec^2 60^\circ - \tan^2 60^\circ \right]$	$+\cos^2 45^\circ$] is equ	al to	[BOARD 2023]			
a) 0	b) $\frac{-5}{3}$	c) $\frac{-1}{2}$	d) $\frac{-1}{4}$			



37. If $x = p \sec \theta$ and $y = q \tan \theta$ then a) $x^2 - y^2 = p^2 q^2$ c) $x^2q^2 - y^2p^2 = pq$ b) $x^2q^2 - y^2p^2 = \frac{1}{n^2q^2}$ d) $x^2q^2 - y^2p^2 = p^2q^2$ $38.(\sec^2\theta - 1)(\cos^2\theta - 1)$ is equal to [BOARD 2023] b) 1 c) 0 d) 2 $39.2\cos^2\theta (1 + \tan^2\theta)$ is equal to [COMPARTMENT 2023] d) 3 c) 2 40. If $\frac{x}{3} = 2 \sin A$, $\frac{y}{3} = 2 \cos A$ then the value of $x^2 + y^2$ is [BOARD 2024] b) 9 d) 18 41. If $x \sin^3 \theta + y \cos^3 \theta = \sin \theta \cos \theta$ and $x \sin \theta = y \cos \theta$ then $x^2 + y^2$ is b) $\frac{1}{2}$ c) 1 42. If $x = a \cos \theta$ and $y = b \sin \theta$ then the value of $b^2 x^2 + a^2 y^2$ is [BOARD 2024] d) $a^2 + b^2$ a) a^2b^2 b) *ab* c) a^4b^4 **Options for Assertion and Reasoning Questions:** a) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true and reason(R) is the correct explanation of assertion(A) b) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true but reason(R) is not the correct explanation of assertion(A) c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true 43. **Assertion** (A): For an acute angle θ , $\sin \theta = \frac{3}{5} \Rightarrow \cos \theta = -\frac{4}{5}$. **Reason** (R): For any value of θ , $(0^{\circ} < \theta \le 90^{\circ}) \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$. [BOARD 2025] 44. **Assertion** (A): For an acute angle θ , $\sec \theta = 3 \Rightarrow \tan \theta = 2\sqrt{2}$. **Reason** (R): $\sec^2 \theta = 1 - \tan^2 \theta$ for all values of θ . [BOARD 2025] 45. **Assertion** (A): For an acute angle θ , value of $\csc \theta$ cannot be $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$. **Reason (R):** $cosec \theta \ge 1 \text{ for } 0^{\circ} \le \theta \le 90^{\circ}.$ [BOARD 2025] 46. **Assertion** (A): For $0 < \theta \le 90^{\circ}$, $cosec \theta - \cot \theta$ and $cosec \theta + \cot \theta$ are reciprocal of each other. **Reason** (R): $cosec^2\theta - cot^2\theta = 1$. [BOARD 2023] 47. **Assertion** (A): If $\sin A = \frac{1}{3}(0^{\circ} < A < 90^{\circ})$ then the value of $\cos A$ is $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$. **Reason** (R): For every angle θ , $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$. [BOARD 2024]

Prepared by: H.Sabareesh (PGT Mathematics)

2 marks:

1. If
$$\sin A = y$$
 then express $\cos A$ and $\tan A$ in terms of y. **[BOARD 2025]**

2. Find an acute angle
$$\theta$$
 when $\frac{\cos \theta - \sin \theta}{\cos \theta + \sin \theta} = \frac{1 - \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{3}}$.

3. Find the value of
$$\cos 2\theta$$
 if $2 \sin 2\theta = \sqrt{3}$.

4. If
$$\sqrt{3} \sin \theta - \cos \theta = 0$$
 and $0^{\circ} < \theta < 90^{\circ}$, find the value of θ .

5. If
$$\sin \theta + \cos \theta = \sqrt{3}$$
, then find the value of $\sin \theta \cos \theta$. **[BOARD 2023]**

6. If
$$\tan A + \cot A = 6$$
 then find the value of $\tan^2 A + \cot^2 A - 4$. **[BOARD 2025]**

7. If
$$\tan A = \sqrt{3}$$
 where A is an acute angle then find the value of $\frac{\sin^2 A}{1+\cos^2 A}$. **[BOARD 2025]**

8. If
$$\theta$$
 is an acute angle and $\sin \theta = \cos \theta$, find the value of $\tan^2 \theta + \cot^2 \theta - 2$.

9. If
$$\sin \theta - \cos \theta = 0$$
 then find the value of $\sin^4 \theta + \cos^4 \theta$. [BOARD 2023]

10. If
$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$$
 and $\cot \beta = \sqrt{3}$, then find the value of $\csc \alpha + \csc \beta$. **[BOARD 2023]**

11. If
$$\sin \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$$
, then prove that $\cos^2 \theta + \cos^4 \theta = 1$. **[BOARD 2023]**

12. If
$$\cos A + \cos^2 A = 1$$
, then find the value of $\sin^2 A + \sin^4 A$. **[BOARD 2023]**

13. If
$$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}}$$
 then show that $\frac{\cos e^2 \theta - \sec^2 \theta}{\cos e^2 \theta + \sec^2 \theta} = \frac{3}{4}$. **[BOARD 2023]**

14. If
$$4 \cot^2 45^\circ - \sec^2 60^\circ + \sin^2 60^\circ + p = \frac{3}{4}$$
, then find the value of p. **[BOARD 2023]**

15. Find the value of x:
$$2 \csc^2 30^\circ + x \sin^2 60^\circ - \frac{3}{4} \tan^2 30^\circ = 10$$
.

16. If
$$x \cos 60^\circ + y \cos 0^\circ + \sin 30^\circ - \cot 45^\circ = 5$$
 then find the value of $x + 2y$.

17. If
$$4k = \tan^2 60^\circ - 2 \csc^2 30^\circ - 2 \tan^2 30^\circ$$
 then find the value of k. **[BOARD 2025]**

18. Find the value of x for which
$$(\sin A + \csc A)^2 + (\cos A + \sec A)^2 = x + \tan^2 A + \cot^2 A$$
.

19. Evaluate:
$$\frac{3 \sin 30^{\circ} - 4 \sin^{3} 30^{\circ}}{2 \sin^{2} 50^{\circ} + 2 \cos^{2} 50^{\circ}}$$
. [BOARD 2025]

20. Evaluate:
$$\frac{\tan^2 60^{\circ}}{\sin^2 60^{\circ} + \cos^2 30^{\circ}}$$
. [BOARD 2025]

21. Evaluate:
$$\frac{5\cos^2 60^\circ + 4\sec^2 30^\circ - \tan^2 45^\circ}{\sin^2 30^\circ + \cos^2 30^\circ}$$
 [BOARD 2023 & BOARD 2024]

22. Evaluate:
$$\frac{5}{\cot^2 30^\circ} + \frac{1}{\sin^2 60^\circ} - \cot^2 45^\circ + 2\sin^2 90^\circ$$
. [BOARD 2023]

23. Evaluate:
$$2 \sec^2 \theta + 3 \csc^2 \theta - 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$
 if $\theta = 45^\circ$. **[BOARD 2023]**

24. Evaluate:
$$2\sqrt{2}\cos 45^{\circ}\sin 30^{\circ} + 2\sqrt{3}\cos 30^{\circ}$$
. [BOARD 2024]

25. If A and B are acute angles such that sin(A - B) = 0 and 2cos(A + B) - 1 = 0, then find the angles A and B. [BOARD 2023]

26. If
$$2\sin(A + B) = \sqrt{3}$$
 and $\cos(A - B) = 1$ then find A and B. **[BOARD 2024]**

27. If
$$a \sec \theta + b \tan \theta = m$$
 and $b \sec \theta + a \tan \theta = n$, then prove that $a^2 + n^2 = b^2 + m^2$.

[BOARD 2025]

28. If
$$a\cos\theta + b\sin\theta = m$$
 and $a\sin\theta - b\cos\theta = n$, then prove that $a^2 + b^2 = m^2 + n^2$.

[BOARD 2023]

29. Prove that
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sec A - 1}{\sec A + 1}} + \sqrt{\frac{\sec A + 1}{\sec A - 1}} = 2 \csc A$$
. **[BOARD 2023 & 2025]**

30. If
$$A = 60^{\circ}$$
 and $B = 30^{\circ}$, verify that $\sin(A + B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$. **[BOARD 2024]**

31. It is given that
$$\sin(A - B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B$$
. Use it to find the value of $\sin 15^\circ$.

[BOARD 2025]

32. Use the identity
$$\sin^2 A + \cos^2 A = 1$$
 to prove that $\tan^2 A + 1 = \sec^2 A$. Hence find the value of $\tan A$, when $\sec A = \frac{5}{3}$, where A is an acute angle. **[BOARD 2025]**

3 marks:

1. Prove that
$$\frac{\tan \theta + \sec \theta - 1}{\tan \theta - \sec \theta + 1} = \frac{1 + \sin \theta}{\cos \theta}.$$
 [BOARD 2023]

2. Prove that
$$\frac{1+\sec\theta-\tan\theta}{1+\sec\theta+\tan\theta} = \frac{1-\sin\theta}{\cos\theta}.$$
 [BOARD 2024]

3. Prove that
$$\frac{\sin \theta - \cos \theta + 1}{\sin \theta + \cos \theta - 1} = \frac{1}{\sec \theta - \tan \theta}$$
. **[BOARD 2024]**

4. Prove that
$$\frac{\cos A + \sin A - 1}{\cos A - \sin A + 1} = \csc A - \cot A.$$
 [BOARD 2025]

5. Prove that
$$\frac{\cot \theta + cosec \theta - 1}{\cot \theta - cosec \theta + 1} = \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$
.

6. Prove that
$$(1 + \cot A - \csc A)(1 + \tan A + \sec A) = 2$$
.

7. Prove that
$$(\cos ec A - \sin A)(\sec A - \cos A) = \frac{1}{\cot A + \tan A}$$
.

[BOARD 2023 & BOARD 2024]

8. Prove that
$$2(\sin^6 \theta + \cos^6 \theta) - 3(\sin^4 \theta + \cos^4 \theta) + 1 = 0$$
. **[BOARD 2023]**

9. Prove that
$$\sin^6 \theta + \cos^6 \theta = 1 - 3 \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta$$
. **[BOARD 2024]**

10. Given that
$$\sin \theta + \cos \theta = x$$
 prove that $\sin^4 \theta + \cos^4 \theta = \frac{2 - (x^2 - 1)^2}{2}$. **[BOARD 2025]**

11. Prove that
$$\left(\frac{1}{\cos\theta} - \cos\theta\right) \left(\frac{1}{\sin\theta} - \sin\theta\right) = \frac{1}{\tan\theta + \cot\theta}$$
. **[BOARD 2023 & 2025]**

12. Prove that
$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{\tan^2 \theta}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{\cot^2 \theta}\right) = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta - \sin^4 \theta}$$
. **[BOARD 2025]**

13. Prove that
$$\frac{\sin\theta}{1+\cos\theta} + \frac{1+\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} = 2 \csc\theta$$
. [BOARD 2023 & BOARD 2024]

14. Prove that $\frac{\cos^2\theta}{1-\tan\theta} + \frac{\sin^3\theta}{\sin\theta-\cos\theta} = 1 + \sin\theta\cos\theta$. [BOARD 2023]

15. Prove that $\frac{\tan^2\theta}{1+\tan^2\theta} + \frac{\cot^2\theta}{1+\cot^2\theta} = \sec\theta \csc\theta - 2\sin\theta\cos\theta$.

16. Prove that $\frac{1+\cos\theta}{\cos\theta} - \frac{\cos^2A}{1-\sin A}$. [BOARD 2025]

17. Prove that $\frac{\tan\theta-\cot\theta}{\sin\theta-\cos\theta} = \sec^2\theta - \csc^2\theta$. [BOARD 2024]

18. Prove that $\frac{\sin A-2\sin^3A}{2\cos^3A-\cos A} = \tan A$. [BOARD 2024]

19. Prove that $\frac{\sin A-2\sin^3A}{\sin A-2\sin^3\theta} = \tan A$. [BOARD 2025]

20. Prove that $\frac{\sin A+\cos A}{\sin A-\cos A} + \frac{\sin A-\cos A}{\sin A-\cos A} = \frac{2}{2\sin^2 A-1}$. [BOARD 2024]

22. Prove that $\frac{\sin A+\cos A}{\sin A-\cos A} + \frac{\sin A-\cos A}{\sin A+\cos A} = \frac{2}{2\sin^2 A-1}$. [BOARD 2024]

23. Prove that $(\sin\theta + \cos\theta)(\tan\theta + \cot\theta) = \sec\theta + \csc\theta$. [BOARD 2023]

24. Prove that $(\sin\theta + \cos\theta)(\tan\theta + \cot\theta) = \sec\theta + \csc\theta$. [BOARD 2023]

25. Prove that $(\sin\theta + \cos\theta)^2 + (\cos\theta + \sec\theta)^2 = 7 + \tan^2\theta + \cot^2\theta$.

24. Prove that $\frac{\tan\theta}{1-\cot\theta} + \frac{\cot\theta}{1-\cot\theta} = 1 + \sec\theta \csc\theta$. [BOARD 2023, 2024 & 2025]

25. Prove that $\frac{\tan^2A}{1-\sec A} - \frac{\tan A}{1-\sec A} = 2\csc A$. [BOARD 2023]

26. Prove that $\frac{\tan^2A}{\tan^2A} + \frac{\cos\cos^2A}{1-\cos A} = \frac{1}{1-2\cos^2A}$.

27. Prove that $\frac{\cot^2A}{\cos^2\theta + \sec^2\theta} = \frac{\cot A}{1-\tan A}$. [BOARD 2023]

28. Prove that $\frac{\cot^2A}{\cos^2\theta - \sec^2\theta} = \frac{\cot A}{1-\cos A}$. [BOARD 2025]

29. Prove that $\frac{\cot^2A}{\cos^2\theta - \sec^2\theta} = \frac{\cot A}{1-\cos A}$. [BOARD 2025]

30. Prove that $\frac{\cot^2A}{\cos^2\theta - \sec^2\theta} = \frac{\cot A}{1-\cos A}$. [BOARD 2025]

31. Prove that $\sqrt{\csc^2\theta - \sec^2\theta} = \frac{\sin^2A}{1 + \tan A}$. [BOARD 2025]

32. Prove that $\sqrt{\csc^2\theta - \sec^2\theta} = \frac{\sin^2A}{1 + \tan^2A}$. [BOARD 2025]

32. Prove that $\sqrt{\csc^2\theta - \csc^2\theta} = \cot\theta$. [BOARD 2025]

33. Prove that $\sqrt{\csc^2\theta - \csc^2\theta} = \cot\theta$. [BOARD 2025]

34. If $1 + \sin^2\theta = 3 \sin\theta \cos\theta$, then prove that $\tan\theta = 1$ or $\frac{1}{2}$.

[BOARD 2025]

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35. If $cosec \theta = x + \frac{1}{4x}$, prove that $cosec \theta + \cot \theta = 2x$ or $\frac{1}{2x}$.

36. If $\sin \theta + \cos \theta = \sqrt{2}$ then prove that $\tan \theta + \cot \theta = 2$.

37. If $\cot \theta + \cos \theta = p$ and $\cot \theta - \cos \theta = q$ then prove that $p^2 - q^2 = 4\sqrt{pq}$. **[BOARD 2025]**

38. If $\tan \theta + \sin \theta = m$ and $\tan \theta - \sin \theta = n$, then show that $(m^2 - n^2) = 4\sqrt{mn}$.

[BOARD 2025]

39. Let 2A + B and A + 2B be acute angles such that $\sin(2A + B) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ and $\tan(A + 2B) = 1$. Find the value of $\cot(4A - 7B)$.

5 marks:

1. If $x \sin^3 \theta + y \cos^3 \theta = \sin \theta \cos \theta$ and $x \sin \theta = y \cos \theta$ then prove that $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

[COMPARTMENT 2023]

2. Prove that $\frac{1+\sin\theta}{1-\sin\theta} - \frac{1-\sin\theta}{1+\sin\theta} = 4\tan\theta \sec\theta$.

[COMPARTMENT 2023]

- 3. Prove that $\frac{\sin \theta}{\cot \theta + cosec \theta} = 2 + \frac{\sin \theta}{\cot \theta cosec \theta}$.
- 4. Evaluate: $\frac{\tan^2 60^\circ + 4\sin^2 45^\circ + 3\sec^2 60^\circ + 5\cos^2 90^\circ}{\cos 2 30^\circ + \sec 60^\circ \cot^2 30^\circ}.$

[COMPARTMENT 2023]

- 5. If in an acute angle $\triangle ABC$, $\sec(B+C-A)=2$ and $\tan(C+A-B)=\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ then find the three angles of $\triangle ABC$. **[COMPARTMENT 2023]**
- 6. If $\sec \theta = x + \frac{1}{4x}$, $x \neq 0$ then find $(\sec \theta + \tan \theta)$.
- 7. If $15 \tan^2 \theta + 4 \sec^2 \theta = 23$, then find the value of $(\sec \theta + \csc \theta)^2 \sin^2 \theta$.
- 8. If $\sqrt{3} \cot^2 \theta 4 \cot \theta + \sqrt{3} = 0$ then find the value of $\cot^2 \theta + \tan^2 \theta$.

GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS)

Chapter-9 APPLICATIONS OF TRIGONOMETRY

1 marks:

1.	From a point on the gr	round, which is 30 m away	from the foot of the	e vertical tower,
	the angle of elevation	of the top of the tower i	s found to be 60°.	The height (in
	metres) of the tower is	:	1	[BOARD 2024]
	a) $10\sqrt{3}$	b) 30√3	c) 60	d) 30
2.	At some time of the da	ay, the length of the shado	w of a tower is equ	al to its height.
	Then, the Sun's altitud	de at the time is		[BOARD 2024]
	a) 30°	b) 45°	c) 60°	d) 90°
3.	If a vertical pole of len	igth 7.5 m casts a shadow	5m long on the gro	und and at the
	same time, a tower cas	sts a shadow 24m long, the	en the height of the	tower is:
				[BOARD 2024]
	a) 20m	b) 40m	c) 60m	d) 80m
4.	The ratio of the length	of the pole and its shadow	w on the ground is	$1:\sqrt{3}$. The angle
	of elevation of the Sun	is:		[BOARD 2024]
	a) 90°	b) 60°	c) 45°	d) 30°
5.	The length of the shae	dow of a tower on the plan	the ground is $\sqrt{3}$ time	es the height of
	the tower. The angle of	of elevation of the Sun is:		[BOARD 2024]
	a) 30°	b) 45°	c) 60°	d) 90°
6.	If a pole 6m high casts	s a shadow $2\sqrt{3}m$ long on the	ne ground, then Sur	n's elevation is
				[BOARD 2023]
	a) 30°	b) 45°	c) 60°	d) 90°
7.	A kite is flying at a l	neight of 150 m from the	ground. It is attac	hed to a string
	inclined at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. The length of the string is			
				[BOARD 2025]
	a) $100\sqrt{3} \ m$	b) 300 m	c) $150\sqrt{2} \ m$	d) $150\sqrt{3} \ m$
8.	A ladder 14 m long lea	ans against a wall. If foot c	of the ladder is 7 m	from the wall,
	then the angle of elevation of the top of the wall is		[BOARD 2025]	
	a) 15°	b) 30°	c) 45°	d) 60°

9.	If	the angle of depres	ssion of an object from a	75m high tower	is 30° then the
	dis	stance of the object	from the tower is		
	a)	$25\sqrt{3}m$	b) $50\sqrt{3}m$	c) $75\sqrt{3}m$	d) 150 m
10	.A 1	tree casts a shadow	15m long on the level of g	round, when the ar	ngle of elevation
	of	the Sun is 45°. The	height of a tree is		
	a)	10 m	b) 14 m	c) 8 m	d) 15 m
11	.A	circus artist is clim	nbing a 20 m long rope, w	which is tightly stre	etched and tied
	fro	om the top of a vertic	cal pole to the ground, ther	the height of the p	oole, if the angle
	ma	ade by the rope with	the ground level is 30°, is		[BOARD 2025]
	a)	5 m	b) 10 m	c) 15 m	d) 20 m
12	.An	observer, 1.5 m ta	ll is 20.5 m away from a t	ower 22 m high, th	nen the angle of
	ele	evation of the top of	the tower from the eye of the	ne observer is	
	a)	10 m	b) 14 m	c) 8 m	d) 15 m
13	.Fr	om the top of 7 m h	igh building the angle of e	levation of the top	of a cable tower
	is	60° and the angle of	depression of its foot is 45	o, then the height o	f the tower is
	a)	14.124 m	b) 17.124 m	c) 19.124 m	d) 15.124 m
14	.A 1	tree is broken by th	e wind. The top stuck the	ground at an angle	of 30° and at a
	dis	stance of 10 m from	its foot. The whole height of	of the tree is	
	a)	$10\sqrt{3} m$	b) $3\sqrt{10} m$	c) $20\sqrt{3} \ m$	d) $3\sqrt{20} \ m$
2 1	naı	rks:			
1.	The length of the shadow of a tower on the plane ground is $\sqrt{3}$ times the height of				
	the tower. Find the angle of elevation of the Sun.			[BOARD 2023]	
2.	The angle of elevation of the top of a tower from a point on the ground is 30m away				
	fro	om the foot of the tov	wer, is 30°. Find the height	of the tower.	[BOARD 2023]
3.	Find the length of the shadow on the ground of a pole of height 18m when angle of				
	ele	evation θ of the Sun	is such that $\tan \theta = \frac{6}{7}$.		[BOARD 2023]
			7		- •
3 1	naı	rks:			

1. The angle of elevation of the top of a building from the foot of the tower is 30° and the angle of elevation of the top of a tower from the foot of the building is 60°. If the tower is 50 m high, then find the height of the building.

- 2. The top of two poles of height 16 m and 10 m are connected by a length 'l' meter. If the wire makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal, then find 'l'.
- 3. An electric pole is 10 m high. A steel wire tied to top of the pole is affixed at a point on the ground to keep the pole up right. If the wire makes an angle of 45° with the horizontal through the foot of the pole, find the length of the wire. ($Use \sqrt{2} = 1.414$)
- 4. A boy, flying a kite with a string of 85 m long, which is making an angle θ with the ground. Find the height of the kite. (Given $\tan \theta = \frac{15}{8}$)

5 marks:

1. A pole of 6m high is fixed on the top of the tower. The angle of elevation of the top of the pole observed from a point P on the ground is 60° and the angle of depression of the point P from the top of the tower is 45°. Find the height of the tower and the distance of the point P from the foot of the tower. ($Use \sqrt{3} = 1.73$)

[BOARD 2024]

- 2. From the top of a building 60m high, the angles of depression of the top and bottom of the vertical lamp post are observed to be 30° and 60° respectively.
 - (i) Find the horizontal distance between the building and the lamp post.
 - (ii) Find the distance between the tops of the building and the lamp post.

[BOARD 2024]

- 3. From the top of a 15m high building, the angle of elevation of the top of a tower is found to be 30°. From the bottom of the same building, the angle of elevation of the top of the tower is found to be 60°. Find the height of the tower and the distance between tower and the building. [BOARD 2024]
- 4. From a point on the ground, the angles of elevation of the bottom and the top of a transmission tower fixed at the top of a 20m high building are 45° and 60° respectively. Find the height of the tower. [BOARD 2024]
- 5. The angles of depression of the top and the bottom of a 50 m high building from the top of a tower are 45° and 60°, respectively. Find the height of the tower. $(Use \sqrt{3} = 1.73)$ [BOARD 2024]
- 6. From a top of 7m high building, the angle of elevation of the top a cable tower is 60° and the angle of depression of its foot is 30°. Find the height of the tower.

[BOARD 2023]

7. The angles of depression of the top and the bottom of a 8m tall building from the top of a multi-storied building are 30° and 45° respectively. Find the height of the multi-storied building and the distance between the two buildings.

[BOARD 2024 & 2025]

- 8. The angle of elevation of the top of a tower 24m high from the foot of another tower in the same plane is 60°. The angle of elevation of the top of second tower from the foot of the first tower is 30°. Find the distance between two towers and the height of the other tower. Also, find the length of wire attached to the tops of both the towers.

 [BOARD 2023]
- 9. A straight highway leads to the foot of the tower. A man standing on the top of the 75m high tower observes two cars at angles of depression of 30° and 60°, which are approaching the foot of the tower. If one car is exactly behind the other on the same side of the tower, find the distance between the two cars. ($Use \sqrt{3} = 1.73$)

[BOARD 2023]

- 10.A girl 1.5 m tall is standing at some distance from a 30 m high tower. The angle of elevation from her eye to the top of the tower increases from 30° to 60° as she walks towards the tower. Find the distance she walked towards the tower. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 11. As observed from the top of a 75m high lighthouse from the sea-level, the angles of depression of two ships are 30° and 60°. If one ship is exactly behind the other on the same side of the lighthouse, find the distance between two ships.

$$(Use \sqrt{3} = 1.73)$$
 [BOARD 2023]

- 12. From the top of 45m high light house, the angles of depression of two ships, on the opposite side of it, are observed to be 30° and 60°. If the line joining the ships passes through the foot of the light house, find the distance between the ships. ($Use \sqrt{3} = 1.73$)
- 13. Two ships are sailing in the sea on either side of a light house. The angles of depression to two ships as observed from the top of the light house are 60° and 45°, respectively. If the distance between two ships is $100\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)m$, find the height of the light house. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 14.An aeroplane when flying at a height of 3000m from the ground passes vertically above another aeroplane at an instant when the angles of elevation of the two planes from the same point on the ground are 60° and 45° respectively. Find the

- vertical distance between the aeroplanes at that instant. Also, find the distance of the first plane from the point of observation. ($Use \sqrt{3} = 1.73$) [BOARD 2023]
- 15. The angle of elevation of an aircraft from a point A on the ground is 60°. After a flight of 30 seconds, the angle of elevation changes to 30°. The aircraft is flying at a constant height of $3500\sqrt{3}m$ at a uniform speed. Find the speed of the aircraft.

[BOARD 2024& 2025]

- 16.A person standing on the bank of a river observes that the angle of elevation of the top of a tower on the opposite bank is 60°. When he moves 30m away from the bank, he finds the angle of elevation to be 30°. Find the height of the tower and width of the river. ($Use \sqrt{3} = 1.732$) [BOARD 2024]
- 17. From a point on a bridge across the river, the angles of depressions of the banks on opposite sides of the river are 30° and 60° respectively. If the bridge is at a height of 4m from the banks, find the width of the river. [BOARD 2024]
- 18. Two pillars of equal lengths stand on either side of a road which is 100m wide, exactly opposite to each other. At a point on the road between the pillars, the angles of elevation of the tops of the pillars are 60° and 30°. Find the length of each pillar and distance of the point on the road from the pillars. ($Use \sqrt{3} = 1.732$)

[BOARD 2024]

19. From a window 15 m high above the ground in a street, the angles of elevation and depression of top and the foot of another house on the opposite side of the street are 30° and 45° respectively. Find the height of the opposite house. ($Use \sqrt{3} = 1.732$)

[BOARD 2024]

- 20.A spherical balloon of radius 'r' subtends an angle of 60° at the eye of an observer. If the angle of elevation of its centre is 45° from the same point, then prove that height of the centre of the balloon is $\sqrt{2}$ times its radius. **[BOARD 2023]**
- 21. One observer estimates the angle of elevation to the basket of a hot air balloon to be 60°, while another observer 100m away estimates the angle of elevation to be 30°. Find:

 [BOARD 2023]
 - (i) The height of the basket from the ground.
 - (ii) The distance of the basket from the first observer's eye.
 - (iii) The horizontal distance of the second observer from the basket.
- 22.A ladder set against a wall at angle 45° to the ground. If the foot of the ladder is pulled away from the wall through a distance of 4m, its top slides a distance of 3m

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down the wall making an angle 30° with the ground. Find the final height of the top of the ladder from the ground and length of the ladder. [BOARD 2023]

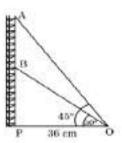
23. Amit standing on a horizontal plane, find a bird flying at a distance of 200m from him at an elevation of 30°. Deepak standing on the roof of a 50 m high building, find the angle elevation of the same bird to be 45°. Amit and Deepak are on opposite sides of the bird. Find the distance of the bird from Deepak.

Case Based Questions:

1. Radio towers are used for transmitting a range of communication services including radio and television. The tower will either act as an antenna itself or support one or more antennas on its structure. On a similar concept, a radio station tower was built in two sections A and B. Tower is supported by wires from a point O.

Distance between the base of the tower and point O is 36 cm. From point O, the angle of elevation of the top of the section B is 30° and the angle of the elevation of the top of section A is 45°.

[BOARD 2023]



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the length of the wire from the point O to the top of section B. 1
- (ii) Find the distance AB.

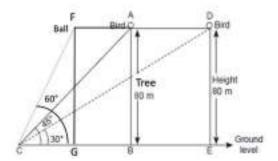
OR

Find the area of $\triangle OPB$.

- (iii) Find the height of the section A from the base of the tower.
- 2. One evening, Karthi was in a park. Children were playing cricket. Birds were singing on a nearby tree of height 80m. He observed a bird on the tree at an angle of elevation of 45°.

When a sixer was hit, a ball flew through the tree frightening the bird to fly away. In 2 seconds, he observed the bird flying at the same height at an angle of

elevation of 30° and the ball flying towards him at the same height at an angle of elevation of 60°.



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) At what distance from the foot of the tree was he observing the bird sitting on the tree?
- (ii) How far did the bird fly in the mentioned time?

OR

After hitting the tree, how far did the ball travel in the sky when Karthi saw the ball?

2

- (iii) What is the speed of the bird in m/min if it had flown $20(\sqrt{3} + 1)$ m?
- 3. We all have seen the airplanes flying in the sky but might have not thought of how they actually reach the correct destination. Air Traffic Control (ATC) is a service provided by ground-based air traffic controllers who direct aircraft on the ground and through a given section of controlled airspace, and can provide advisory services to aircraft in non-controlled airspace. Actually, all this air traffic is managed and regulated by using various concepts based on coordinate geometry and trigonometry.



At a given instance, ATC finds that the angle of elevation of an airplane from a point on the ground is 60°. After a flight of 30 seconds, it is observed that the angle of elevation changes to 30°. The height of the plane remains constantly as $3000\sqrt{3}m$.

Use the above information to answer the questions that follows:

- (i) Draw neat labeled figure to show the above situation diagrammatically. 1
- (ii) What is the distance travelled by the plane in 30 seconds?

OR

Keeping the height constant, during the above flight, it was observed that after $15(\sqrt{3}-1)$ seconds, the angle of elevation changed to 45°. How much is the distance travelled in that duration.

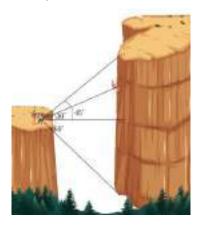
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1

1

- (iii) What is the speed of the plane in km/hr.
- 4. **Height of a Climber:** Himalayan trekking Club has just hiked to the south rim of a large canyon, when they spot a climber attempting to scale the taller northern face. Knowing the distance between the sheer walls of the northern and southern faces of the canyon is approximately 150 m, they attempt to compute the distance remaining for the climbers to reach the top of the northern rim.

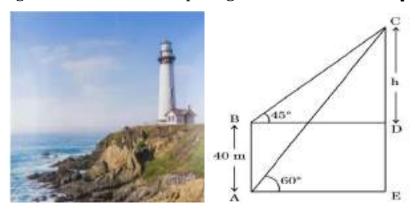
Using a homemade transit, they sight an angle of depression of 60° to the bottom of the north face and angles of elevation of 30° and 45° to the climbers and top of the northern rim respectively.



Based on the above information answer the following questions:

- (i) How high is the southern rim of the canyon?
- (ii) How high is the northern rim?
- (iii) How much farther until the climber reaches the top?
- 5. Amrita stood near the base of a lighthouse, gazing up at its towering height. She measured the angle of elevation to the top and found it to be 60°. Then, she

climbed a nearby observation deck, 40 metres higher than her original position and noticed the angle of elevation to the top of lighthouse to be 45°. **[BOARD 2025]**



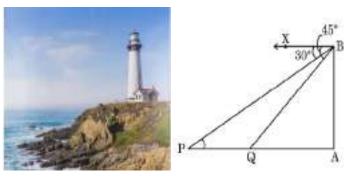
Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) If CD is h meters find the distance BD in terms of 'h'.
- (ii) Find distance BC in terms of 'h'.
- (iii) (a) Find the height CE of the light house. [Use $\sqrt{3} = 1.73$]

(OR)

2

- (b) Find distance AE, if AC = 100 m.
- 6. A lighthouse stands tall on a cliff by the sea, watching over ships that pass by. One day a ship is seen approaching the shore and from the top of the lighthouse, the angles of depression of the ship are observed to be 30° and 45° as it moves from point P to point Q. The height of the lighthouse is 50 metres. **[BOARD 2025]**

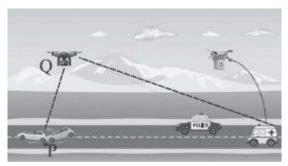


Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the distance of ship from the base of the light house when it is at point Q, where the angle of depression is 45°.
- (ii) Find the measure of $\angle PBA$ and $\angle QBA$.
- (iii) (a) Find the distance travelled by the ship between points P and Q.

(OR)

- (b) If the ship continues moving towards the shore and takes 10 minutes to travel from Q to A, calculate the speed of the ship in km/hr, from Q to A. 2
- 7. A drone was used to facilitate movement of an ambulance on the straight highway to a point P on the ground where there was an accident. The ambulance was travelling at the speed of 60 km/hr. The drone stopped at a point Q, 100 m vertically above the point P. The angle of depression of the ambulance was found to be 30° at a particular instant. [BOARD 2025]



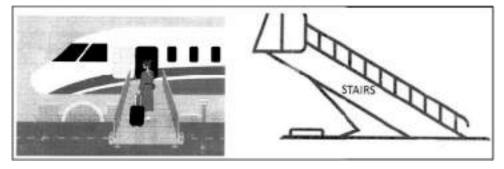
Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Represent the above situation with the help of a diagram.
- (ii) Find the distance between the ambulance and the site of an accident (P) at the particular instant. (Use $\sqrt{3} = 1.73$)
- (iii) (a) Find the time (in seconds) in which the angle of depression changes from 30° to 45°.

(OR)

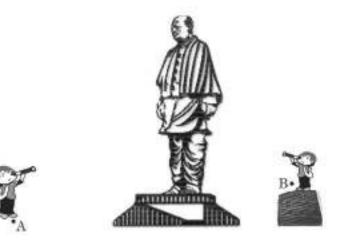
1

- (b) How long (in seconds) will the ambulance take to reach point P from a point T on the highway such that angle of depression of the ambulance at T is 60° from the drone?
- 8. An aircraft has a door sill at a height of 15 feet above the ground. A stair car is placed at a horizontal distance of 15 feet from the plane. [BOARD 2025]



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the angle at which stairs are inclined to reach the door sill 15 feet high above the ground.
- (ii) Find the length of stairs used to reach the door sill. 1
- (iii) (a) If the 20 feet long stairs is inclined at an angle of 60° to reach the door sill, then find the height of the door sill above the ground. (Use $\sqrt{3} = 1.732$) **2**(OR)
 - (b) What should be the shortest possible length of stairs to reach the door sill of the plane 20 feet above the ground, if the angle of elevation cannot exceed 30°? Also, find the horizontal distance of base of stairs car from the plane.
- 9. The angle of elevation of the top of the statue from a Place B which is 40 m above the ground is found to be 30° and entire height of the statue including the base is found to be 240 m. [BOARD 2025]



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

(i) Represent the situation – I with help of a diagram.

- 1
- (ii) Represent the situation II with the help of a diagram.

_

1

(iii) (a) Calculate the height of the statue excluding the base and also find the height including the base with the help of situation – I.

(OR)

(b) Find the horizontal distance of a point B (Situation – II) from the Statue and the value of $\tan \alpha$, where α is the angle of elevation of the top of base of the statue from point B.

GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS) Chapter-10 CIRCLES

1 marks:

1.	The tangents drawn at extremities of the diameter of a circle are always			ire always
				[BOARD 2025]
	a) parallel	b) perpendicular	c) equal	d) intersecting
2.	AB and CD are two	chords of a circle	e intersecting at P	. Choose the correct
	statement from the fol	lowing:		[BOARD 2024]
		De la constantination	В	
	a) Δ <i>ADP</i> ~Δ <i>CBA</i>	b) Δ <i>ADP</i> ~Δ <i>BPC</i>	c) $\triangle ADP \sim \triangle BCP$	d) $\triangle ADP \sim \triangle CBP$
3.	In the given figure, tar	ngents PA and PB to	the circle centered	at O, from point P are
	perpendicular to each	other. If $PA = 5 cm$ t	then length of AB is	[BOARD 2024]
		(0<	B	
	a) 5 cm	b) $5\sqrt{2} \ cm$	c) $2\sqrt{5} \ cm$	d) 10 cm
4.	In the given figure, AT is tangent to a circle centered at O. If $\angle CAT = 40^{\circ}$ then $\angle CBA$			
	is equal to		[B	OARD 2024 & 2025]
			e aor	
	a) 70°	b) 50°	c) 65°	d)40°
5.	In the given figure, PT is tangent to a circle with centre O. Chord PQ subtends an			
	angle of 65° at the cen	tre. The measure of	∠QPT is [B	OARD 2023 & 2024]
		(°)-		

c) 67.5°

d) 32.5°

b) 57.5°

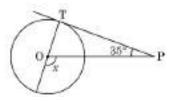
a) 65°

- 6. The maximum number of common tangents that can be drawn to two circles intersecting at two distinct points is **[BOARD 2024]**
 - a) 4

b) 3

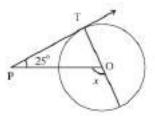
c) 2

- d) 1
- 7. In the given figure, if PT is a tangent to a circle with centre O and $\angle TPO = 35^{\circ}$ then the measure of $\angle x$ is **[BOARD 2024 & 2025]**



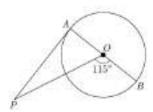
a) 110°

- b) 115°
- c) 120°
- d) 125°
- 8. In the given figure, PT is a tangent at T to the circle with centre O. If $\angle TPO = 25^{\circ}$ then x is [BOARD 2023]

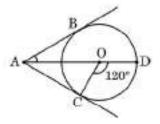


a) 25°

- b) 65°
- c) 90°
- d) 115°
- 9. In the given figure, PA is a tangent from an external point P to a circle with centre O. If $\angle POB = 115^{\circ}$ then $\angle APO$ is **[BOARD 2025]**



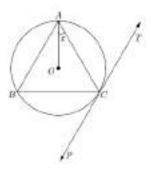
10. In the given figure, AC and AB are tangents to a circle centered at O. If $\angle COD = 120^{\circ}$ then $\angle BAO$ is **[BOARD 2023]**



a) 30°

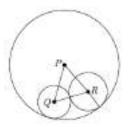
- b) 60°
- c) 45°
- d) 90°

11. In the given figure, PT is a tangent at a point C to the circle with centre O. If $\angle ACP = 118^{\circ}$ then $\angle x$ is



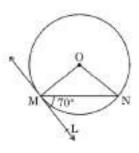
a) 28°

- b) 32°
- c) 42°
- d) 38°
- 12.In the given figure, three circles with centres P, Q and R are drawn, such that the circles with centres Q and R touch each other externally and they touch the circle with centre P internally. If $PQ = 10 \, cm$, $PR = 8 \, cm$ and $QR = 12 \, cm$ then the diameter of the largest circle is



- a) 30 cm
- b) 20 cm
- c) 10 cm
- d) 40 cm
- 13.In the given figure, O is the centre of the circle. MN is the chord and the tangent ML at point M makes an angle of 70° with MN. The measure of $\angle MON$ is

[BOARD 2024]

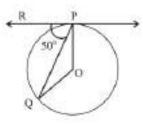


a) 120°

- b) 140°
- c) 70°
- d) 90°
- 14. If an arc subtends an angle of 90° at the centre of a circle, then the ratio of its length to the circumference of the circle is **[BOARD 2024]**
 - a) 2:3

- b) 1:4
- c) 4:1
- d) 1:3

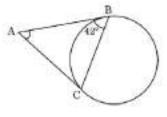
15.In the given figure, O is the centre of the circle and PQ is the chord. If the tangent PR at P makes an angle of 50° with PQ, then the $\angle POQ$ is **[BOARD 2023]**



a) 50°

- b) 40°
- c) 100°
- d) 130°

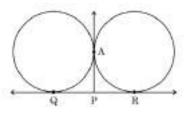
16.In the given figure, AB and AC are tangents to the circle. If $\angle ABC = 42^{\circ}$ then the measure of $\angle BAC$ is **[BOARD 2024]**



a) 96°

- b) 42°
- c) 106°
- d) 86°

17.In the given figure, QR is the common tangent to the two given circles touching externally at A. The tangent at A meets QR at P. If AP = 4.2 cm then the length of QR is [BOARD 2024]



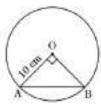
- a) 4.2 cm
- b) 2.1 cm
- c) 8.4 cm
- d) 6.3 cm

18. The area of the square inscribed in a circle of radius $5\sqrt{2}$ cm is

[BOARD 2024]

- a) $50 cm^2$
- b) $100 cm^2$
- c) $25 cm^2$
- d) $200 cm^2$

19.A chord of a circle of radius 10 cm subtends a right angle at its centre. The length of the chord (in cm) is **[BOARD 2024]**

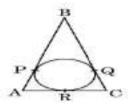


a) $5\sqrt{2}$

- b) $10\sqrt{2}$
- c) $\frac{5}{\sqrt{2}}$

d) 5

[BOARD 2023]

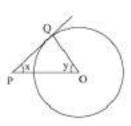


- a) 3.5 cm
- b) 7 cm
- c) 6.5 cm
- d) 5 cm
- 21.In the given figure, the quadrilateral PQRS circumscribes a circle. Here PA+CS is equal to **[BOARD 2023]**



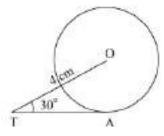
a) QR

- b) PR
- c) PS
- d) PQ
- 22. In the given figure, PQ is a tangent to the circle with centre O.If $\angle OPQ = x, \angle POQ = y$ then x + y is [BOARD 2023]



a) 45°

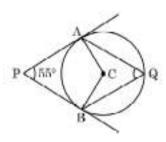
- b) 90°
- c) 60°
- d) 180°
- 23. The length of tangent drawn to a circle of radius 9 cm from a point 41 cm from the centre is: [BOARD 2023]
 - a) 40 cm
- b) 9 cm
- c) 41 cm
- d) 50 cm
- 24. In the given figure, TA is a tangent to the circle with centre O such that OT = 4 cm, $\angle OTA = 30^{\circ}$ then length of TA is [BOARD 2023]



- a) $2\sqrt{3}$ cm
- b) 2 cm
- c) $2\sqrt{2}$ cm
- d) $\sqrt{3}$ cm

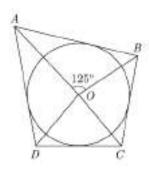
25. In the given figure, PA and PB are tangents from an external point P to circle with centre C and Q is any point on the circle. Then the measure of $\angle AQB$ is

[BOARD 2023 & 2025]



- a) 62.5°
- b) 125°
- c) 55°
- d) 90°

26. In the given figure, if $\angle AOB = 125^{\circ}$ then $\angle COD$ is equal to



a) 62.5°

- b) 45°
- c) 35°
- d) 55°

Options for Assertion and Reasoning Questions:

- a) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true and reason(R) is the correct explanation of assertion(A)
- b) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true but reason(R) is not the correct explanation of assertion(A)
- c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false
- d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true
- 27. **Assertion** (A): The tangents drawn at the end points of a diameter of a circle, are parallel.

Reason (R): Diameter of a circle is the longest chord.

[BOARD 2024]

28. **Assertion** (A): A tangent to a circle is perpendicular to the radius through the point of contact.

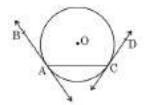
Reason (R): The length of the tangents drawn from an external point to a circle are equal. [BOARD 2023]

29. **Assertion** (A): If PA and PB are tangents drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O, then the quadrilateral AOBP is cyclic.

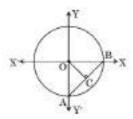
Reason (R): The angle between two tangents drawn from an external point to a circle is supplementary to the angle subtended by the line segment joining the points of contact at the centre. [BOARD 2023]

2 marks:

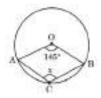
1. In the given figure, AB and CD are tangents to a circle centered at O. Is $\angle BAC = \angle DCA$? Justify your answer. **[BOARD 2024]**



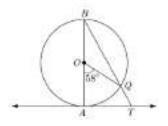
2. In the given figure, a circle centered at O has radius 7 cm, OC is median of ΔOAB . Find the length of median OC. [BOARD 2024]



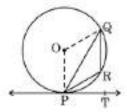
- 3. From an external point P, two tangents PA and PB are drawn to the circle with centre O. Prove that OP is the perpendicular bisector of chord AB. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 4. In the given figure, O is the centre of the circle. If $\angle AOB = 145^{\circ}$ then find the value of x. **[BOARD 2024]**



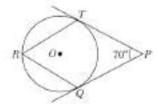
5. In the given figure, AB is the diameter of a circle with centre O and AT is a tangent. If $\angle AOQ = 58^{\circ}$ then find $\angle ATQ$.



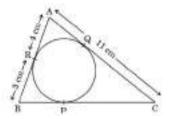
6. In the given figure, PQ is a chord of the circle centered at O. PT is a tangent to a circle at P. If $\angle QPT = 55^{\circ}$ then find $\angle PRQ$. **[BOARD 2023]**



7. In the given figure, O is the centre of the circle. PT and PQ are tangents to the circle from an external point P. If $\angle TPQ = 70^{\circ}$ find $\angle TRQ$.



8. In the given figure, $\triangle ABC$ is circumscribing a circle. Find the length of BC, if AR = 4 cm, BR = 3 cm and AC = 11 cm. [BOARD 2024]

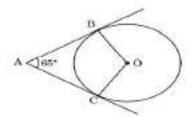


- 9. If two tangents inclined at an angle of 60° are drawn to a circle of radius 3 cm, then find the length of each tangent. [BOARD 2024]
- 10. Prove that the tangents drawn at the ends of a diameter of a circle are parallel.

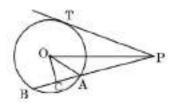
[BOARD 2023, 2024 & 2025]

11. In the given figure, O is the centre of the circle. AB and AC are tangents drawn to the circle from point A. If $\angle BAC = 65^{\circ}$, then find the measure of $\angle BOC$.

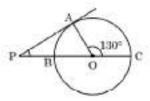
[BOARD 2023]



12.In the given figure, PT is a tangent to the circle centered at O. OC is the perpendicular to chord AB. Prove that $PA.PB = PC^2 - AC^2$. [BOARD 2023]

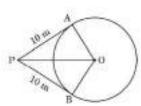


13.In the given figure, PA is a tangent to the circle drawn from the external point P and PBC is the secant to the circle with BC as diameter. If $\angle AOC = 130^{\circ}$ then find $\angle APB$. [BOARD 2023]

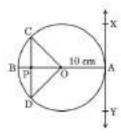


14.A person is standing at P outside a circular ground at a distance of 26 m from the centre of the ground. He found that his distances from the points A and B on the ground are 10 m (PA and PB are tangents to the circle). Find the radius of the circular ground.

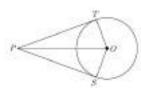
[BOARD 2025]



15.At point A on the diameter AB of a circle of radius 10 cm, tangent XAY is drawn to the circle. Find the length of the chord CD parallel to XY at a distance of 16 cm from A. [BOARD 2025]



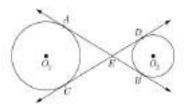
16.In the given figure, from a point P, two tangents PT and PS are drawn to a circle with centre O such that $\angle SPT = 120^{\circ}$, prove that OP = 2 PS.



17.In the given figure, two tangents RQ and RP are drawn from an external point R to the circle with centre O. If $\angle PRQ = 120^{\circ}$ then prove that OR = PR + RQ.

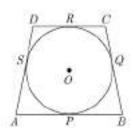


18.In the given figure, common tangents AB and CD to the two circle with centres O_1 and O_2 intersect at E. Prove that AB = CD.



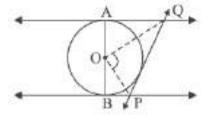
19. If a quadrilateral circumscribing a circle with centre O then prove that

$$AB + CD = BC + AD$$

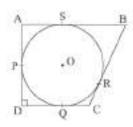


3 marks:

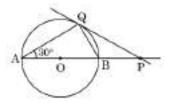
1. In the given figure, AB is a diameter of the circle with centre O. AQ, BP and PQ are tangents to the circle. Prove that $\angle POQ = 90^{\circ}$. **[BOARD 2024 & 2025]**



- 2. Prove that opposite sides of a quadrilateral circumscribing a circle subtend supplementary angles at the centre of the circle. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 3. A circle with centre O and radius 8 cm is inscribed in a quadrilateral ABCD in which P, Q, R, S are the points of contact as shown. If AD is perpendicular to DC, BC = 30 cm and BS = 24 cm then find the length DC. **[BOARD 2024]**

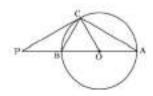


4. In the given figure, PQ is tangent to a circle centered at O and $\angle BAQ = 30^{\circ}$. Show that BP = BQ.

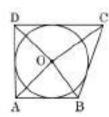


5. In the given figure, PC is a tangent to a circle at C. AOB is the diameter which when extended meets the tangent at P. Find $\angle CBA$ and $\angle BCO$, if $\angle PCA = 110^{\circ}$.

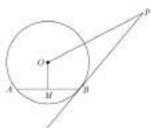
[BOARD 2025]



6. In the given figure, AB, BC, CD and DA are tangents to the circle with centre O forming a quadrilateral ABCD. Show that $\angle AOB + \angle COD = 180^{\circ}$. **[BOARD 2024]**



7. PB is a tangent to the circle with centre O to B. AB is a chord of length 24 cm at a distance of 5 cm from the centre. If the tangent is length 20 cm, then find the length of PO. [BOARD 2025]

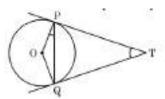


- 8. Prove that the tangents drawn at the end points of a chord of a circle makes equal angles with the chord.

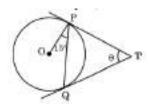
 [BOARD 2024]
- 9. Prove that parallelogram circumscribing a circle is a rhombus.

[BOARD 2024 & 2025]

- 10. Prove that rectangle circumscribing a circle is a square.
- 11. Two tangents TP and TQ are drawn to a circle with centre O from an external point T. Prove that $\angle PTQ = 2\angle OPQ$. **[BOARD 2023]**

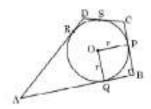


12.In the following figure, TP and TQ are tangents drawn to a circle with centre O. If $\angle OPQ = 15^{\circ}$ and $\angle PTQ = \theta$ then find the value of $\sin 2\theta$. **[BOARD 2025]**

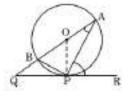


13.In the given figure, a circle is inscribed in a quadrilateral ABCD in which $\angle B = 90^{\circ}$. If AD = 17 cm, AB = 20 cm and DS = 3 cm then find the radius of the circle.

[BOARD 2023]

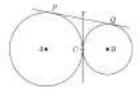


14.In the given figure, O is the centre of the circle and QPR is a tangent to it at P. Prove that $\angle QAP + \angle APR = 90^{\circ}$. **[BOARD 2023 & 2025]**

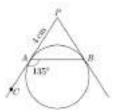


15. Prove that the angle between the two tangents drawn from an external point to a circle is supplementary to the angle subtended by the line segment joining the points of contact at the centre. [BOARD 2023 & 2025]

- 16. Two concentric circles are of radii 5 cm and 3 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. [BOARD 2023]
- 17. Rectangle ABCD circumscribes the circle of radius 10 cm. Prove that ABCD is a square. Hence, find the perimeter of ABCD. [BOARD 2025]
- 18.In the given figure, two circles touch each other at the point C. Prove that the common tangent to the circles at C, bisects the common tangent at P and Q.

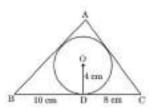


19.In the given figure, PA and PB are tangents to a circle from an external point P such that PA = 4 cm and $\angle BAC = 135^{\circ}$. Find the length of the chord AB.

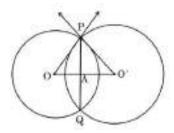


5 marks:

1. A triangle ABC is drawn to circumscribe a circle of radius 4 cm such that the segments BD and DC are of lengths 10 cm and 8 cm respectively. Find the lengths of the sides AB and AC, if it is given that area $\Delta ABC = 90 \text{ cm}^2$. [BOARD 2023]

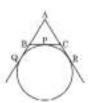


2. Two circles with centres O and O' of radii 6 cm and 8 cm respectively intersect at two points P and Q such that OP and O'P are tangents to the two circles. Find the length of the common chord PQ. [BOARD 2023]

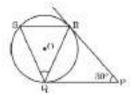


3. A circle touches the side BC of $\triangle ABC$ at a point P and touches AB and AC when produced at Q and R respectively. Show that $AQ = \frac{1}{2}$ (Perimeter of $\triangle ABC$).

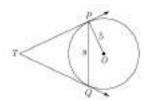
[BOARD 2023]



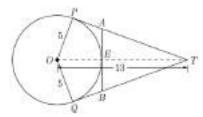
4. In the given figure, tangents PQ and PR are drawn to a circle such that $\angle RPQ = 30^{\circ}$. A chord RS is drawn parallel to the tangent PQ. Find the $\angle RQS$. [BOARD 2023]



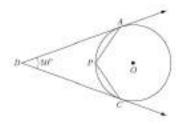
5. In the given figure, PQ is a chord of length 8 cm of circle of radius 5 cm with centre O. The tangents at P and Q intersect at a point T. Find the length of TP.



6. In the given figure, O is the centre of a circle of radius 5 cm. T is a point such that $OT = 13 \, cm$ and OT intersects circle at E. If AB is a tangent to the circle at E, find the length of AB, where TP and TQ are two tangents to the circle.



7. In the given figure, O is the centre of the circle. Determine $\angle APC$, if DA and DC are tangents and $\angle ADC = 50^{\circ}$.

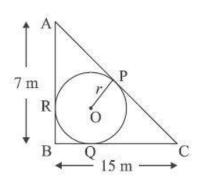


Case Based Questions:

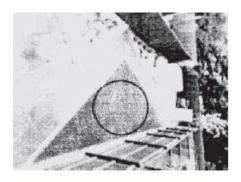
(iii)

1. A backyard is in the shape of a triangle ABC with right angle at B. AB =7 cm and BC = 15 cm. A circular pit was dug inside it such that it touches the walls AC, BC and AB at P, Q and R respectively such that AP = x m.

[BOARD 2024]



Write the type of quadrilateral BQOR.



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

(i) Find the length of AR in terms of x. 1 (ii) (a) Find the length PC in term of x and hence find the value of x. 2 OR (b) Find x and hence find the radius r of the circle. 2 1

GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS) Chapter-11 AREA RELATED TO CIRCLES

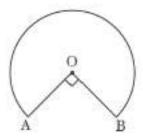
1 marks:

1.	Perimeter of a sector	of a circle whose cer	ntral angle is 90° an	d radius 7 cm is
				[BOARD 2024]
	a) 35 cm	b) 11 cm	c) 22 cm	d) 25 cm
2.	The perimeter of the	sector of a circle of	radius 21 cm which	h subtends an angle of
	60° at the centre of ci	rcle is		[BOARD 2024]
	a) 22 cm	b) 43 cm	c) 64 cm	d) 462 cm
3.	If the area of the sec	etor of a circle is $\frac{7}{20}$	of the area of the c	ircle, then the angle at
	the centre is equal to			[BOARD 2024]
	a) 110°	b) 130°	c) 100°	d) 126°
4.	The area of the sector	or of a circle of radi	us 12 cm is 60π cm	n^2 . The central angle of
	this sector is			[BOARD 2024]
	a) 120°	b) 6°	c) 75°	d)150°
5.	The length of an arc	of a circle with radi	ius 12 cm is 10π cm	n. The angle subtended
	by the arc at the cent	tre of the circle is		[BOARD 2024]
	a) 120°	b) 6°	c) 75°	d)150°
6.	If a sector of a circle has an area of 40π sq. units and a central angle of 72° the			
	radius of the circle			[BOARD 2025]
	a) 200 units	b) 100 units	c) 20 units	d) $10\sqrt{2}$
7.	In the given figure,	$\angle C = \angle D = 90^{\circ}, \angle B =$	$= 60^{\circ} \text{ and } AP = 3 cm$	then the area of the
	shaded region is			[BOARD 2024]
			3 cm A	
	a) $3\pi \ cm^2$	b) $6\pi \ cm^2$	c) $7\pi \ cm^2$	d) $9\pi \ cm^2$
8.	What is the length of the arc of the sector of a circle with radius 14 cm and of			
	central angle 90°?			[BOARD 2023]
	a) 22 cm	b) 44 cm	c) 88 cm	d) 11 cm

9. The hour hand of a clock is 6 cm long. The angle swept by it between 7			it between 7:20 a.m		
	an	d 7:55 a.m is			[BOARD 2023]
	a)	$\left(\frac{35}{4}\right)$ °	b) $\left(\frac{35}{2}\right)^{\circ}$	c) 35°	d) 70°
10	.Th	e circumferences of	two circles are in	the ratio 4:5. What	is the ratio of their
	rac	dii?			[BOARD 2023]
	a)	16:25	b) 25:16	c) 2:√5	d) 4:5
11	.A s	sector is cut from a	circular sheet of rad	ius 100 cm, the ang	le of the sector being
	240	0°. If another circle	of the area same as	the sector is forme	d, then the radius of
	the	e new circle is			
	a)	79.5 cm	b) 81.5 cm	c) 83.4 cm	d) 88.5 cm
12	. Th	ne area of the circle	that can be inscribed	d in a square of side	6 cm is
	a)	$36\pi \ cm^2$	b) $18\pi \ cm^2$	c) $12\pi \ cm^2$	d) $9\pi \ cm^2$
13	. If a	a large circular pizza	is divided into 5 eq	ual sectors then the	central angle of each
	sec	ctor is			[BOARD 2025]
	a)	60°	b) 90°	c) 45°	d) 72°
14	.An	arc of a circle is	of length 5π cm ar	nd the sector it bou	ands has an area of
	202	π cm^2 . Its radius is			[BOARD 2025]
	a)	10 cm	b) 1 cm	c) 5 cm	d) 8 cm
15	.If a	an arc of a circle of o	liameter 10 cm subt	ends an angle of 144	l° at the centre of the
	cir	cle, then the length	of the arc is		[BOARD 2025]
	a)	2π cm	b) 4π cm	c) 5π <i>cm</i>	d) 6π cm
16	16. If the area of a sector of circle of radius 36 cm is $54\picm^2$ then the length of the				nen the length of the
	CO	rresponding arc of th	ne sector is		[BOARD 2025]
	a)	8π <i>cm</i>	b) 6π <i>cm</i>	c) 4π <i>cm</i>	d) 3π cm
17	.Th	e diameter of a wh	neel is 63 cm. The	distance travelled h	by the wheel in 100
	rev	volutions is			[BOARD 2025]
	a)	99 m	b) 198 m	c) 63 m	d) 136 m
18.A piece of wire 20 cm long is bent into the form of an arc of a circle of radius $\frac{60}{\pi}$ cm.					
	The angle subtended by the arc at the centre of the circle is [BOARD 2025]				
	a)	30°	b) 60°	c) 90°	d) 50°

2 marks:

- 1. The minute hand of a clock is 14 cm long. Find the area on the face of the clock described by the minute hand is 5 minutes. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 2. Find the length of the arc of a circle which subtends an angle of 60° at the centre of the circle of radius 42 cm. [BOARD 2024]
- 3. In the given figure, the shape of the top of a table is that of a sector of a circle with centre O and $\angle AOB = 90^{\circ}$. If AO = OB = 42 cm, then find the perimeter of the top of the table. **[BOARD 2025]**



4. In the given figure, three sectors of a circle of radius 5 cm, making angles 35°,50° and 95° at the centre are shaded. Find the area of the shaded region.

[BOARD 2025]

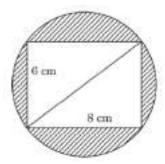


3 marks:

- 1. An arc of a circle of radius 10 cm subtends a right angle at the centre of the circle. Find the area of the corresponding major sector. (Use $\pi = 3.14$) **[BOARD 2024]**
- 2. An arc of a circle of radius 10 cm subtends a right angle at the centre of the circle. Find the area of the corresponding minor segment. (Use $\pi = 3.14$) **[BOARD 2025]**
- 3. A sector is cut from a circle of radius 21 cm. The central angle of the sector is 150°. Find the length of the arc of this sector and the area of the sector. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 4. In a circle of radius 21 cm, an arc subtends an angle of 60° at the centre. Find the area of the sector formed by the arc. Also, find the length of the arc. [BOARD 2023]

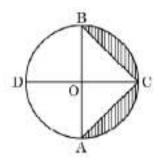
- 5. A car has two wipers which do not overlap. Each wiper has a blade of length 21 cm sweeping through an angle of 120°. Find the total area cleaned at each sweep of the two blades.

 [BOARD 2023]
- 6. Reeti prepares a Rakhi for her brother Ronit. The Rakhi consists of a rectangle of length 8 cm and breadth 6 cm inscribed in a circle as shown in the figure. Find the area of the shaded region. (Use $\pi = 3.14$) **[BOARD 2023]**

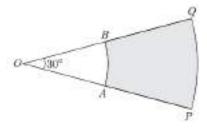


7. In the given figure, AB and CD are diameters of a circle with centre O perpendicular to each other. If OA = 7 cm find the area of shaded region.

[BOARD 2023]

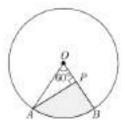


8. In the given figure, PQ and AB are two arcs of concentric circles of radii 7 cm and 3.5 cm respectively, with centre O. If $\angle POQ = 30^{\circ}$ then the area of shaded region.

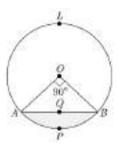


9. Three horses are tied each with 7 cm long rope at three corners of a triangular field having sides 20 m, 34 m and 42 m. Find the area of the plot which can be grazed by the horses.

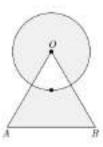
10. In the given figure, AOB is a sector of angle 60° of a circle with centre O and radius 17 cm. If $AP \perp OB$ and AP = 15 cm find the area of the shaded region.



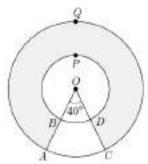
11.In the given figure, a chord AB of the circle with centre O and radius 10 cm, that subtends a right angle at the centre of the circle. Find the area of the minor segment AQBP. Hence find the area of major segment ALBQA. (Use $\pi = 3.14$).



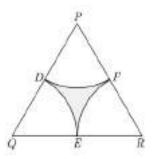
12. Find the area of shaded region shown in the figure, where a circular arc of radius 6 cm has been drawn with vertex O of an equilateral triangle OAB of side 12 cm as centre.



13.In the given figure, find the area of shaded region enclosed between two concentric circles of radii 7 cm and 14 cm where $\angle AOC = 40^{\circ}$.



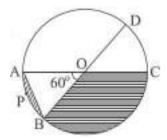
14.In the given figure, ΔPQR is an equilateral triangle of side 8 cm and D, E, F are centres of circular arcs each of radius 4 cm. Find the area of shaded region. (Use $\pi = 3.14$ and $\sqrt{3} = 1.732$)



5 marks:

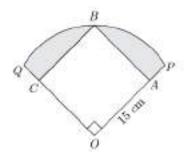
- An arc of circle of radius 21 cm subtends an angle of 60° at the centre. Find the length of an arc and the area of the minor segment of the circle made by the corresponding chord.
 [BOARD 2024]
- 2. A chord of circle of radius 14 cm subtends an angle of 60° at the centre. Find the area of the corresponding minor segment of the circle. Also find the area of major segment of the circle.

 [BOARD 2023]
- 3. In the given figure, diameters AC and BD of the circle intersect at O. If $\angle AOB = 60^{\circ}$ and $OA = 10 \ cm$ then find the length of the chord AB and find the area of the shaded region. (Use $\pi = 3.14$ and $\sqrt{3} = 1.73$) [BOARD 2024]



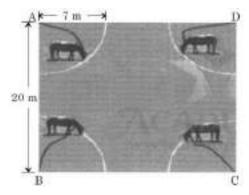
- 4. The perimeter of a certain sector of a circle of radius 5.6 m is 20 m. Find the area of the sector. **[BOARD 2024]**
- 5. A horse is tied to a beg at one corner of a square shaped grass field of side 15 m by means of a 5 m long rope. Find the area of that part of the field in which the horse can graze. Also, find the increase in grazing area if length of the rope is increased to 10 m. (Use $\pi = 3.14$) **[BOARD 2023]**

6. In the given figure, a square OABC is inscribed in a quadrant OPBQ. If OA = 15 cm find the area of the shaded region. (Use $\pi = 3.14$).



Case Based Questions:

1. A stable owner has four horses. He usually tie these horses with 7 m long rope to pegs at each corner of a square shaped grass field of 20 m length, to graze in his farm. But tying with rope sometimes results in injuries to his horses, so he decided to build fence around the area so that each horse can graze. [BOARD 2024]



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

(i) Find the area of the square shaped grass field.

1

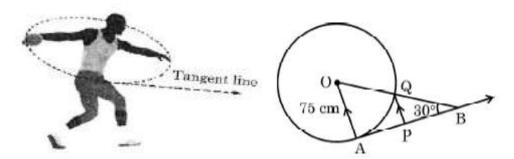
2

(ii) (a) Find the area of the total field in which these horses can graze.

OR

- (b) If the length of the rope of each horse is increased from 7 m to 10 m, find the area grazed by one horse. (Use $\pi = 3.14$)
- (iii) What is the area of the field that is left un grazed, if the length of the rope of each horse is 7 m?
- 2. The discus throw is an event in which an athlete attempts to throw a discus. The athlete spins anti clockwise around one and a half times through a circle, then releases the throw. When released, the discus travels along tangent to the circular spin orbit.

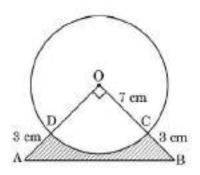
 [BOARD 2023]



In the given figure, AB is one such tangent to a circle of radius 75 cm. Point O is centre of the circle and $\angle ABO = 30^{\circ}$. PQ is parallel to OA.

Based on the above information:

- (i) Find the length of AB.
 (ii) (a) Find the length of AP.
 OR
 (b) Find the length of PQ.
 2
- (iii) Find the length of OB.
- 3. In an annual day function of a school, the organizers wanted to give a cash prize along with a memento to their best students. Each memento is made as shown in the figure and its base ABCD is shown from the front side. The rate of silver plating is Rs 20 per cm^2 . [BOARD 2023]



Based on the above, answer the following questions:

(i) What is the area of the quadrant ODCO?

(ii) (a) What is the total cost of silver plating the shaded part ABCD?

OR

(b) What is the length of arc CD?

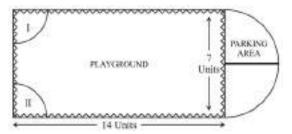
2

1

Find the area of $\triangle AOB$.

(iii)

4. Governing council of a local public development authority of Dehradun decided to build an adventurous playground on the top of a hill, which will have adequate space for parking.



After survey, it was decided to build rectangular playground, with a semi-circular area allotted for parking at one end of the playground. The length and breadth of the rectangular playground are 14 units and 7 units, respectively. There are two quadrants of radius 2 units on one side for special seats. [BOARD 2024]

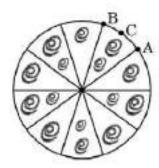
Based on the above, answer the following questions:

- (i) What is the total perimeter of the parking area?
- (ii) (a) What is the total area of parking and the two quadrants? 2

(OR)

- (b) What is the ratio of area of playground to the area of parking area? 2
- (iii) Find the cost of fencing the playground and parking area at the rate of Rs 2 per unit.
- 5. A brooch is a decorative piece often worn on clothing like jackets, blouses or dresses to add elegance. Made from precious metals and decorated with gemstones, brooches come in many shapes and designs.

One such brooch is made with silver wire in the form of a circle with diameter 35 mm. The wire is also used in making 5 diameters which divide the circle into 10 equal sectors as shown in the figure.

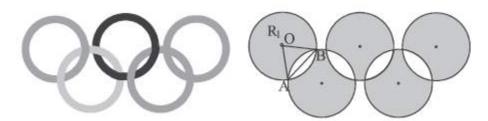




Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the central angle of each sector.
 (ii) Find the length of the arc ACB.
 (iii) (a) Find the area of each sector of the brooch.
 OR
 (b) Find the total length of the silver wire used.
- 6. The Olympic symbol comprising five interlocking rings represents the union of the five continents of the world and the meeting of athletics from all over the world at the Olympic Games. In order to spread awareness about Olympic Games, students of class X took part in various activities organized by the school. One such group of students made 5 circular rings in the school lawn with the help of ropes. Each circular ring required 44 m of rope.

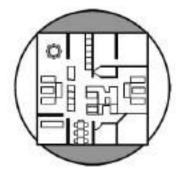
Also, in the shaded regions as shown in the figure, students made rangoli showcasing various sports and games. It is given that ΔOAB is an equilateral triangle and all un shaded regions are congruent. [BOARD 2025]



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the radius of each circular ring.
 (ii) What is the measure of ∠AOB?
 (iii) (a) Find the area of the shaded region R₁.
 OR
 (b) Find the length of the rope around the unshaded region.
 2
- 7. A farmer has a circular piece of land. He wishes to construct his house in the form of largest possible square within the land as shown in the figure. **[BOARD 2025]** The radius of the circular piece of land is 35 m.



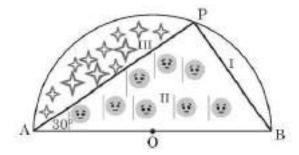


Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the length of wire needed to fence the entire land.
- (ii) Find the length of each side of the square land on which house will be constructed.
- (iii) (a) The farmer wishes to grow grass on the shaded region around the house.Find the cost of growing the grass at the rate of Rs 50 per square meter.

OR

- (b) Find the ratio of area of land on which house is built to remaining area of circular piece of land.
- 8. Anurag purchased a farmhouse which is in the form of a semicircle of diameter 70 m. He divides it into three parts by taking a point P on the semicircle in such a way that $\angle PAB = 30^{\circ}$ as shown in the figure, where O is the centre of semicircle.



In part I, he planted saplings of Mango tree, in part II, he grew tomatoes and in part III, he grew oranges. **[BOARD 2025]**

Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) What is the measure of $\angle POA$?
- (ii) Find the length of wire needed to fence entire piece of land.
- (iii) (a) Find the area of the region in which saplings of Mango tree are planted. 2

OR

1

2

(b) Find the length of wire needed to fence the region III.

GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS) Chapter-12 SURFACE AREA AND VOLUMES

1 marks:

1.	A solid sphere is cu	t into two hemisp	heres. The ratio of t	he surface areas of sphere
	to that of two hemis	spheres taken toge	ether, is	[BOARD 2024]
	a) 1:1	b) 1:4	c) 2:3	d) 3:2
2.	The ratio of total su	rface area of a sol	id hemisphere to the	e square of its radius is
				[BOARD 2024]
	a) $2\pi:1$	b) 4π:1	c) 3π:1	$\mathrm{d)}1{:}4\pi$
3.	If the volumes of tw	vo cubes are in th	ne ratio 8: 125, then	the ratio of their surface
	areas is			[BOARD 2025]
	a) 8: 125	b) 4: 25	c) 2: 5	d) 16:25
4.	If a cone of greatest	t possible volume	is hollowed out from	n a solid wooden cylinder,
	then the ratio of the	e volume of remai	ning wood to the vol	lume of cone hollowed out
	is			[BOARD 2025]
	a) 1:1	b) 1: 3	c) 2: 1	d) 3: 1
5.	The base radii of a	cone and a cylind	er are equal. If their	CSA are also equal, then
	the ratio of the slan	t height of the cor	e to the height of th	e cylinder is
	a) 2:1	b) 1:2	c) 1:3	d) 3:1
6.	The radii 'r' of a sp	here and that of	the base of a cone a	are same. If their volumes
	are also same, then	the height of the	cone is	[BOARD 2025]
	a) r	b) 2r	c) 3r	d) 4r
7.	On the top face of	the wooden cube	e of side 7 cm, hen	nispherical depressions of
	radius 0.35 cm are	to be formed by t	aking out the wood.	The maximum number of
	depressions that ca	n be formed is		[BOARD 2025]
	a) 400	b) 100	c) 20	d) 10
8.	A cone of height 1	2 cm and slant h	eight 13 cm is surr	mounted on a hemisphere
	having radius equal	to that of cone. T	he entire height of the	he solid is [BOARD 2025]
	a) 17 cm	b) 18 cm	c) 22 cm	d) 23 cm
9.	The volume of the	largest right circu	ılar cone that can b	e carved out from a solid
	cube of edge 2 cm is	S		[BOARD 2024]
	a) $\frac{4\pi}{3}cm^3$	b) $\frac{5\pi}{3}$ cm ³	c) $\frac{8\pi}{3}$ cm ³	d) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ cm ³

10.Tv	wo identical solid cub	oes of side 'a' are joi	ned end to end. The	total surface area of
th	e resulting cuboid is			[BOARD 2024]
a)	$6a^2$	b) $10a^2$	c) $5a^2$	d) $4a^2$
11.C	urved surface area of	f a cylinder of heigh	t 5 cm is 94.2 cm ² . R	adius of the cylinder
is	(Take $\pi = 3.14$)			[BOARD 2023]
a)	2 cm	b) 3 cm	c) 2.9 cm	d) 6 cm
12.Th	ne curved surface are	ea of a cone having h	eight 24 cm and rad	lius 7 cm, is
				[BOARD 2023]
a)	$528 cm^2$	b) $1056 cm^2$	c) $550 \ cm^2$	d) $500 cm^2$
13.Tł	ne area of metal shee	et required to make	a closed hollow cyli	nder of height 2.4 m
ar	nd base radius 0.7 m	, is		[BOARD 2023]
a)	$10.56 \ m^2$	b) $13.52 m^2$	c) $13.64 m^2$	d) $14.08 m^2$
14.W	hat is the total surfa	ce area of a solid he	misphere of diamete	r 'd'? [BOARD 2023]
a)	$3\pi d^2$	b) $2\pi d^2$	c) $\frac{1}{2}\pi d^2$	d) $\frac{3}{4}\pi d^2$
15.W	hat is the area of a s	emi circle of diamete	er 'd'?	[BOARD 2023]
a)	$\frac{1}{16}\pi d^2$	b) $\frac{1}{4}\pi d^2$	c) $\frac{1}{8}\pi d^2$	d) $\frac{1}{2}\pi d^2$
16. If	the area of the base	of a cone is $51 cm^2$	and its volume is 85	cm^3 then the vertical
he	eight of the cone is gi	ven as		[BOARD 2023]
a)	$\frac{5}{6}$ cm	b) $\frac{5}{3}$ cm	c) $\frac{5}{2}$ <i>cm</i>	d) 5 cm
17.W	ater in a river which	is 3 m deep and 40	m wide is flowing at	the rate of 2 km/hr.
H	ow much water will fa	all into the sea in 2	minutes?	[BOARD 2023]
a)	$800 \ m^3$	b) $4000 m^3$	c) $8000 m^3$	d) $2000 m^3$
18.Tł	ne volume of right cir	cular cone whose ar	rea of the base is 156	$5 cm^2$ and the vertical
he	eight is 8 cm, is			[BOARD 2023]
a)	$2496 \ cm^3$	b) $1248 cm^3$	c) $1664 cm^3$	d) $416 cm^3$
19.If	the radius of the sp	here is increased by	y 100% the volume	of the corresponding
sp	ohere is increased by			
	0000/	b) 500%	c) 700%	d) 800%
a)	200%	b) 30070	c) 10070	u) 00070
,	the radius of a circle	,	,	•
20.If		,	,	•

Options for Assertion and Reasoning Questions:

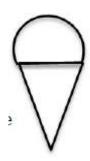
- a) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true and reason(R) is the correct explanation of assertion(A)
- b) Both assertion(A) and reason(R) are true but reason(R) is not the correct explanation of assertion(A)
- c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false
- d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true
- 21. **Assertion** (A): Two cubes each of edge length 10 cm are joined together. The total surface area of newly formed cuboid is $1200 \ cm^2$.

Reason (R): Area of each surface of a cube of side 10 cm is $100 cm^2$. [BOARD 2024]

22. **Assertion** (A): If we join two hemispheres of same radius along their bases, then we get a sphere.

Reason (R): Total Surface area of a sphere of radius r is $3\pi r^2$. [BOARD 2025]

23. **Assertion** (A): Total surface area of the top is the sum of the curved surface area of the hemisphere and the curved surface area of the cone.



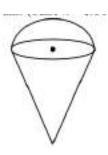
Reason (R): Top is obtained by fixing the plane surfaces of the hemisphere and cone together. [BOARD 2023]

3 marks:

- 1. If the radii of the base of a cylinder and a cone are in the ratio 3: 4 and their heights are in the ratio 2: 3, then find the ratio of their volumes. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 2. The difference between the outer and inner radii of a hollow right circular cylinder of length 14 cm is 1 cm. If the volume of the metal used in making the cylinder is $176 cm^3$, find the outer and inner radii of the cylinder. [BOARD 2024]
- 3. A wooden toy is made by scooping out a hemisphere of same radius as of cylinder, from each end of a wooden solid cylinder. If the height of the cylinder is 20 cm and its base is of radius 7 cm, find the total surface area of the toy. **[BOARD 2024]**

- 4. The inner and outer radii of a hollow cylinder surmounted on a hollow hemisphere of same radii are 3 cm and 4 cm respectively. If height of the cylinder is 14 cm, then find its total surface area (inner and outer). **[BOARD 2024]**
- 5. A room is in the form of cylinder surmounted by a hemispherical dome. The base radius of hemisphere is one half the height of cylindrical part. Find the total height of the room if it contains $\left(\frac{1408}{21}\right)m^3$ of air. $\left(\text{Take }\pi=\frac{22}{7}\right)$ [BOARD 2023 2025]
- 6. An empty cone of its radius 3 cm and height 12 cm. Ice cream is filled in it so that lower part of the cone which is $\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{th}$ of the volume of the cone is unfilled but hemisphere is formed on the top. Find the volume of the ice cream. (Take $\pi = 3.14$)

 [BOARD 2023]

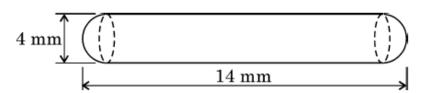


5 marks:

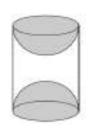
- 1. A vessel is in the form of hollow hemisphere mounted by a hollow cylinder. The diameter of the hemisphere is 14 cm and the total height of the vessel is 13 cm. Find the inner surface area and the volume of the vessel. [BOARD 2024]
- 2. A solid iron pole consists of a solid cylinder of height 200 cm and base diameter 28 cm, which surmounted by another cylinder of height 50 cm and radius 7 cm. Find the mass of the pole, given that $1 cm^3$ of iron pole has approximately 8 g mass.

[BOARD 2024]

3. A medicine capsule is in the shape of cylinder with two hemispheres stuck to each of its ends. The length of the entire capsule is 14 mm and the diameter of the capsule is 4 mm, find its surface area. Also find its volume. [BOARD 2024]

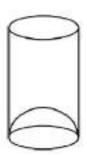


4. A wooden article was made by scooping out a hemisphere from each end of a solid cylinder, as shown in the figure. If the height of the cylinder is 5.8 cm and its base is of radius 2.1 cm, find the total surface area of the article. [BOARD 2023 & BOARD 2024]



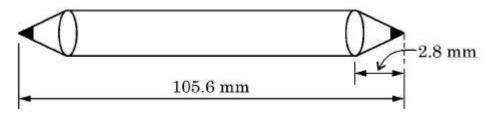
- 5. A tent is in the shape of a cylinder, surmounted by a conical top. If the height and diameter of the cylindrical part are 3.5 m and 6 m, and slant height of the top is 4.2 m, find the area of canvas used for making the tent. Also, find the cost of canvas of the tent at the rate of Rs $500 \text{ per } m^2$. [BOARD 2024]
- 6. A juice seller was serving his customers using glasses as shown in the figure. The inner diameter of the cylindrical glass was 5.6 cm, but the bottom of the glass had a hemispherical raised portion which reduced the capacity of the glass. If the height of the glass was 10 cm, find the apparent capacity and the actual capacity of the glass.

 [BOARD 2024]



- 7. A stduents was asked to make a model shaped like a cylinder with two cones attached to its ends by using a thin aluminium sheet. The diameter of the model is 3 cm and its total length is 12 cm. If each cone has a slant height of 2 cm, find the volume of air contained in the model.

 [BOARD 2023]
- 8. On the day of her examination, Riya sharpened her pencil from both ends as shown below:



The diameter of the cylindrical and conical part of the pencil is 4.2 mm. If the height of each conical part is 2.8 mm and length of entire pencil is 105.6 mm, find the total surface area of the pencil.

[BOARD 2025]

- 9. From a solid cylinder of height 20 cm and diameter 12 cm, a conical cavity of height 8 cm and radius 6 cm is hollowed out. Find the total surface area of the remaining solid. [BOARD 2023]
- 10.A solid is in the shape of a right circular cone surmounted on a hemisphere, the radius of each of them being 7 cm and the height of the cone is equal to its diameter. Find the volume of the solid.

 [BOARD 2023]

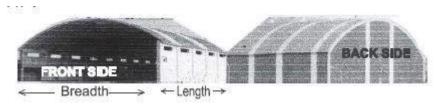
11. A vessel is in the form of an inverted cone. Its height is 8 cm and the radius of its top, which is open, is 5 cm. It is filled with water up to the brim. When lead shots, each of which is a sphere of radius 0.5 cm, are dropped into the vessel, one-fourth of the water flows out. Find the number of lead shots dropped in the vessel.

[BOARD 2025]

12.A solid toy is in the form of a hemisphere surmounted by a right circular cone. The height of the cone is 2 cm and the diameter of the base is 4 cm. Determine the volume of the toy. Also, find the surface area of the toy. (Take = 3.14)

[BOARD 2025]

- 13.A wooden cubical die is formed by forming hemispherical depressions on each face of the cube such that face 1 has one depressions, face 2 has two depressions and so on. The sum of number of hemispherical depressions on opposite faces is always 7. If the edge of the cubical die measures 5 cm and each hemispherical depression is of diameter 1.4 cm, find the total surface area of die so formed. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 14. In order to provide shelter to flood victims, a shed was constructed using tin sheets which is in the form of cuboid surmounted by a half cylinder as shown in the figure:



The length, breadth and height of cuboidal portion are 10 m, 7 m and 3 m respectively. The diameter of the cylindrical portion is 7 m. Find the cost of tin sheets required to make the shed at the rate of Rs 70 per square meter, given that the shed is open from the front side and closed from the back side. **[BOARD 2025]**

15.A bat manufacturing company made a huge bat for charity and got it signed by world cup winning team. The dimensions of the bat which is in the form of a cuboid with a cylindrical handle at the top are as follows:

Length = 2 m, width = 0.5 m, thickness = 0.1 m

Diameter of the cylindrical part = 0.1 m, height of the cylindrical part = 0.7 m, find the volume of wood used in the bat. Also, find the total surface area of the wooden bat.

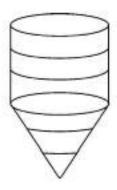
[BOARD 2025]

- 16. From one of the faces of a solid wooden cube of side 14 cm, maximum numbers of hemispheres of diameter 1.4 cm are scooped out. Find the total number of hemispheres that can be scooped out. Also, find the total surface area of the remaining solid.
 [BOARD 2025]
- 17. From one face of a solid cube of side 14 cm, the largest possible cone is carved out. Find the volume and surface area of the remaining solid. (Use $\sqrt{5} = 2.2$).

[BOARD 2025]

- 18. From a solid cylinder of height 24 cm and radius 5 cm, two cones of height 12 cm and radius 5 cm are hollowed out. Find the volume and surface area of the remaining solid.

 [BOARD 2025]
- 19. Fermentation tanks are designed in the form of cylinder mounted on a cone as shown below:

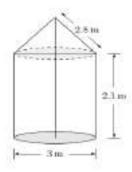


The total height of the tank is 3.3 m and height of conical part is 1.2 m. The diameter of the cylindrical as well as conical part is 1 m. Find the capacity of the tank. If the level of liquid in the tank is 0.7 m from the top, find the surface area of the tank in contact with liquid.

[BOARD 2025]

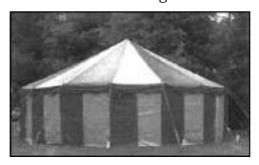
- 20. Water is flowing at the rate of 15 km/hr through a pipe of diameter 14 cm into a cuboidal pond which is 50 m long and 44 m wide. In what time will the level of water in pond rise by 21 cm? What should be the speed of water if the rise in water level is to be attained in 1 hour?
- 21.A solid is in the shape of a cone mounted on a hemisphere of same base radius. If CSA of the hemispherical part and the conical part are equal, then find the ratio of the radius and the height of the conical part.
- 22. Water in a canal, 6 m wide and 1.5 m deep, is flowing with a speed of 10 km/hr. How much area will it irrigate in 30 minutes, if 8 cm standing water is needed?

- 23.A right triangle whose sides are 20 cm and 15 cm is made to revolve about its hypotenuse. Find the volume and surface area of the double cone so formed. (Use $\pi = 3.14$).
- 24.A tent is in shape of cylinder surmounted by a conical top of same diameter. If the height and diameter of cylindrical part are 2.1 m and 3 m respectively and the slant height of conical part is 2.8 m, find the cost of canvas needed to make the tent if the canvas is available at the rate of Rs 500 per square meter.



Case Based Questions:

1. The word 'circus' has the same root as 'circle'. In a closed circular area, various entertainment acts including human skill and animal training are presented before the crowd. A circus tent is cylindrical up to a height of 8 m and conical above it. The diameter of the base is 28 m and total height of tent is 18.5 m. [BOARD 2024]



Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the slant height of the conical part.
- (ii) (a) Find area of the cloth used for making tent.

OR

- (b) Find total volume of air inside an empty tent.
- (iii) Determine the floor area of the tent.

2. Tamper proof tetra packed milk guarantees both freshness and security. This milk ensures uncompromised quality, preserving the nutritional values within and making it a reliable choice for health conscious individuals. [BOARD 2024]



500 ml milk is packed in a cuboidal container of dimensions $15 cm \times 8 cm \times 5 cm$. These milk packets are then packed in cuboidal cartons of dimensions $30 cm \times 32 cm \times 15 cm$.

Based on the above given information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the volume of the cuboidal cartion.
- (ii) (a) Find the total surface area of a milk packet.

OR

- (b) How many milk packets can be filled in a carton?
- (iii) How much milk can the cup (as shown in the figure) hold?
- 3. In a coffee shop, coffee is served in two types of cups. One is cylindrical in shape with diameter 7 cm and height 14 cm and other is hemispherical with diameter 21 cm.
 [BOARD 2023]



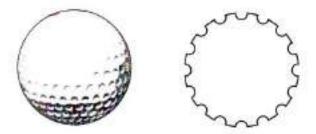


Based on the above information answer the following:

- (i) Find the area of the base of the cylindrical cup.
- (ii) What is the capacity of the hemispherical cup?

OR

- Find the capacity of cylindrical cup?
- (iii) What is the curved surface area of the cylindrical cup?
- 4. A golf ball is spherical with about 300-500 dimples that help increase its velocity while in play. Golf balls are traditionally while but available in colours also. In the given figure, a golf ball has diameter 4.2 cm and the surface has 315 dimples (hemi-spherical) of radius 2 mm. [BOARD 2023]



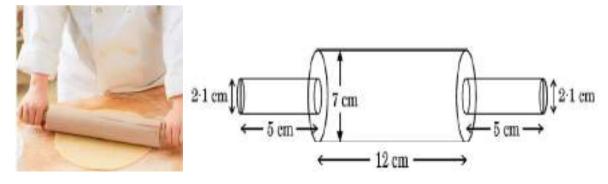
Based on the above, answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the surface area of one such dimple. 1
- (ii) Find the volume of the material dug out to make one dimple. **1**
- (iii) (a) Find the total surface area exposed to the surroundings. 2

(OR)

2

- (b) Find the volume of the gold ball.
- 5. A skilled carpenter decided to craft a special rolling pin for the local baker. He carefully joined three cylindrical pieces of wood two small ones on the ends and one larger in the centre to create a perfect tool. The baker loved the rolling pin, as it rolled out the smoothest dough for breads and pastries. [BOARD 2025]



The length of the bigger cylindrical part is 12 cm and diameter is 7 cm and the length of each smaller cylindrical part is 5 cm and diameter is 2.1 cm.

Based on the above, answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the volume of the bigger cylindrical part.
- (ii) Find the curved surface area of the bigger cylindrical part. 1
- (iii) (a) Find the ratio of the volume of the bigger cylindrical part to the total volume of the two smaller (identical) cylindrical parts.

(OR)

(b) Find the sum of curved surface area of the two identical smaller cylindrical parts.

GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS) Chapter-13 STATISTICS

1 marks:

1.	For some data x_1, x_2	$x_2, x_3, \dots x_n$ with resp	pective frequencies	s $f_1, f_2, f_3,, f_n$, the value of
	$\sum_{i=1}^{n} f_i(x_i - \bar{x})$ is equal	to		[BOARD 2024]
	a) $n\bar{x}$	b) 1	c) $\sum f_i$	d) 0
2.	After an examination	on, a teacher want	s to know the ma	arks obtained by maximum
	number of the stude	ents in her class. S	She requires to cal	culate of marks.
				[BOARD 2024]
	a) mean	b) median	c) mode	d) range
3.	The middle most ob	servation of every	data arranged in o	rder is called
				[BOARD 2024]
	a) mean	b) median	c) mode	d) deviation
4.	The cumulative from	equency for calcu	ılating median is	obtained by adding the
	frequencies of all th	e		[BOARD 2025]
	a) Classes up to th	e median class		
	b) Classes following	g the median class		
	c) Classes precedir	ng the median class	8	
	d) All classes			
5.	If the value of each	observation in a da	ata is increased by	2, then median of the new
	data			[BOARD 2024]
	a) Increases by 2		c) increases	by 2n
	b) Remains same		d) decreases	by 2
6.	If the value of each	observation of a st	atistical data is in	creased by 3, then mean of
	the data			[BOARD 2023]
	a) Remains unchar	nged	c) increase b	y 3
	b) Increase by 6		d) increase b	y 3n
7.	The mean of 5 obse	ervations is 15. If t	he mean of first th	nree observations is 14 and
	that of the last three	e observations is 1	7, then the third o	bservation is
				[BOARD 2025]
	a) 20	b) 19	c) 18	d) 17

8. If the mean fi	ive observations $x, x + 2, x - 3$	+4, x + 6 and $x + 8 $ is	11, then the value of x is
			[BOARD 2024]
a) 4	b) 7	c) 11	d) 6
9. For the data	2, 9, x + 6, 2x + 3, 5, 10, 5 if the	ne mean is 7, then the	he value of x is
			[BOARD 2024 & 2025]
a) 9	b) 6	c) 5	d) 3
10.The mean of	5 numbers is 15. If we	include one more r	number, the mean of six
numbers bec	omes 17. The included nu	mber is	[BOARD 2024]
a) 27	b) 37	c) 17	d) 25
11.If the mean o	of 6, 7, p, 8, q, 14 is 9 then	L	[BOARD 2024]
a) $p - q = 19$	b) $p + q = 19$	c) $p - q = 21$	d) $p + q = 21$
12.If the mean o	f the first n natural numb	ers is $\frac{5n}{9}$ then the va	lue of n is
			[BOARD 2024]
a) 5	b) 4	c) 9	d) 10
13.The empirica	l relation between the mod	le, median and mea	n of a distribution is
			[BOARD 2023]
a) $Mode = 3$	Median – 2 Mean	c) Mode = 3 Mea	n – 2 Median
b) $Mode = 2$	Median – 3 Mean	d) Mode = 2 Mea	nn – 3 Median
14.If the differe	nce of mode and median	of a data is 24, t	hen the difference of its
median and ı	mean is		[BOARD 2024]
a) 12	b) 24	c) 8	d) 36
15. If the mean a	and mode of a data are 24	and 12 respectively	, then its median is
			[BOARD 2024]
a) 25	b) 18	c) 20	d) 22
16. If the mean a	nd median of a data are 1	2 and 15 respective	ly, then its mode is
			[BOARD 2023]
a) 13.5	b) 21	c) 6	d) 14
17. Mode and m	ean of a data are 15x an	d 18x respectively.	Then the median of the
data is			[BOARD 2025]
a) x	b) 11x	c) 17x	d) 34x
18.In a frequenc	y distribution, the mid val	lue of a class is 10 a	and the width of the class
is 6. The lowe	er limit of the class is		
a) 6	b) 7	c) 8	d) 12

19. The distribution below gives the marks obtained by 80 students on a test:

Marks	Less than 10	Less than 20	Less than 30	Less than 40	Less than 50	Less than 60
Number of students	3	12	27	57	75	80

The modal class of this distribution is

[BOARD 2023]

- a) 10-20
- b) 20-30
- c) 30-40
- d) 50-60

20. For the following distribution:

Class	0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25
Frequency	10	15	12	20	9

The sum of lower limits of median class and modal class is:

[BOARD 2023]

a) 15

- b) 25
- c) 30
- d) 35

2 marks:

1. The mode of the following frequency distribution is 36. Find the missing frequency f.

Class	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
Frequency	8	10	f	16	12	6	7

3 marks:

1. In a test, the marks obtained by 100 students (out of 50) are given below.

Marks obtained	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
Number of students	12	23	34	25	6

Find the mean marks of the students.

[BOARD 2024]

2. Find the mean of the following:

[BOARD 2023]

Class	0-15	15-30	30-45	45-60	60-75	75-90
Frequency	17	20	18	21	15	9

3. Find the median of the following data:

Height (in cm)	Less than				
	120	140	160	180	200
Number of students	12	26	34	40	50

Prepared by: <u>H.Sabareesh (PGT Mathematics)</u>

4. Find the mean of the following distribution:

Height (in cm)	No of students
Less than 75	5
Less than 100	11
Less than 125	14
Less than 150	18
Less than 175	21
Less than 200	28
Less than 225	33
Less than 250	37
Less than 275	45
Less than 300	50

5 marks:

1. Find the mean of the following frequency distribution:

[BOARD 2024]

Class	25-30	30-35	35-40	40-45	45-50	50-55	55-60
Frequency	14	22	16	6	5	3	4

2. The following table shows the ages of the patients admitted in a hospital during a year.

Age (in years)	5-15	15-25	25-35	35-45	45-55	55-65
Number of patients	6	11	21	23	14	5

Find the mode and mean of the data given above.

[BOARD 2024 & 2025]

3. A student noted the number of cars passing through a spot on a road for 100 periods each of 3 minutes and summarised it in the table given below. Find the mean and median of the following data.

[BOARD 2023]

Number of cars	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
Frequency (periods)	7	14	13	12	20	11	15	8

4. The following distribution shows the daily pocket allowance of children of a locality. The mean daily pocket allowance is Rs 36.10. Find the missing frequency f.

[BOARD 2024 & 2025]

Daily pocket	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40	40-45	45-50	50-55
allowance (in Rs)	20-23	23-30	30-33	33-40	40-43	43-30	30-33
Number of	7	6	9	13	f	5	4
children	,			10			r

5. The mean of the following distribution is 48 and sum of all the frequency is 50. Find the missing frequencies x and y.

Class	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
Frequency	8	6	Х	11	Y

6. The mode of the following frequency distribution is 55. Find the missing frequencies 'a' and 'b'. [BOARD 2023]

Class Interval	0-15	15-30	30-45	45-60	60-75	75-90	Total
Frequency	6	7	а	15	10	b	51

7. The lengths of 40 leaves of a plant are measured correct to the nearest millimeter and the data obtained is represented in the following table: **[BOARD 2025]**

Length	118-126	127-135	126 144	145 152	154 160	162 171	170 190
(in mm)	110-120	127-133	130-144	140-100	134-102	103-171	172-100
Number of	3	5	0	10	Г	1	2
leaves	3	J	9	14	3	+	4

8. The monthly expenditure on milk in 200 families of a housing society is given below: [BOARD 2023]

Monthly Expenditure (in Rs)	1000- 1500	1500- 2000	2000- 2500	2500- 3000	3000- 3500	3500- 4000	4000- 4500	4500- 5000
Number of families	24	40	33	X	30	22	16	7

Find the value of x and also find median and mean expenditure on milk.

9. 250 apples of a box were weighed and the distribution of masses of the apples is given in the following table: **[BOARD 2023]**

Mass (in grams)	80-100	100-120	120-140	140-160	160-180
Number of Apples	20	60	70	X	60

(i) Find the value of x and the mean mass of the apples.

3

(ii) Find the modal mass of the apples.

2

10. If the median of the following frequency distribution is 32.5. Find the values of x and y. **[BOARD 2025]**

Class	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	Total
Frequency	X	5	9	12	у	3	2	40

Case Based Questions:

1. BINGO is game of chance. The host has 75 balls numbered 1 through 75. Each player has a BINGO card with some numbers written on it. The participants cancels the number on the card when called out a number written on the ball selected at random. Whosoever cancels all



the numbers on his/her card, says BINGO and wins the game.

[BOARD 2024]

The table given below, shows the data of one such game where 48 balls were used before Tara said 'BINGO'.

Numbers announced	Number of times
0-15	8
15-30	9
30-45	10
45-60	12
60-75	9

Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

(i) Write the median class.

1

(ii) (a) Find the median of the given data.

2

OR

(b) Find the mode of the given data.

2

(iii) When first ball was picked up, what was the probability of calling out an even number?

2. Vocational training complements traditional education by providing practical skills and hands-on experience. While education equips individuals with a broad knowledge base, vocational training focuses on job-specific skills, enhancing employability thus making the student self-reliant. Keeping this in view, a teacher made the following table giving the frequency distribution of students/adults undergoing vocational training from the training institute. [BOARD 2024]



Age (in years)	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54
Number of participants	62	132	96	37	13	11	10	4

From the above answer the following:

- What is the lower limit of the modal class of the above data? (i)

(ii) (a) Find the median class of the above data?

1 2

2

OR

- (b) Find the number of participants of age less than 50 years who undergo vocational training.
- Write the empirical relationship between mean, median and mode. 1
- 3. Activities like running or cycling reduce stress and the risk of mental disorders like depression. Running helps build endurance. Children develop stronger bones and muscles and are less prone to gain weight. The physical education teacher of a school has decided to conduct an inter school



(iii)

running tournament in his school premises. The time taken by a group of students to run 100 m, was noted as follows. **[BOARD 2024]**

Time (in seconds)	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100
Number of	0	10	1.2	6	2
students	8	10	13	0	3

From the above answer the following:

- (i) What is the median class of the above data?
- (ii) (a) Find the mean time taken by the students to finish the race. 2

OR

(b) Find the mode of the above given data.

1

- (iii) How many students took time less than 60 seconds?
- India meteorological department observes seasonal and annual rainfall every year in different sub divisions of our country.
 [BOARD 2023 & 2025]



Rainfall (mm)	Number of Sub-divisions
200-400	2
400-600	4
600-800	7
800-1000	4
1000-1200	2
1200-1400	3
1400-1600	1
1600-1800	1

It helps them to compare and analyze the results. The table given above shows sub division wise seasonal (monsoon) rainfall (mm) in 2018.

Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Write the modal class.
- (ii) (a) Find the median of the given data.

OR

- (b) Find the mean rainfall in this season.
- (iii) If subdivision having at least 1000 mm rainfall during monsoon season, is considered good rainfall subdivision, then how many subdivisions had good rainfall?

GRADE X

Question Bank (MATHEMATICS)

Chapter-14 PROBABILITY

1 marks:

1.	which of the following	is not a probability	of an event?	[BOARD 2024]
	a) 0.89	b) 52%	c) $\frac{1}{13}$ %	d) $\frac{1}{0.89}$
2.	Probability of happen	ing of an event is	denoted by p and	probability of non-
	happening of the event	t is denoted by q. Re	lation between p and	d q is [BOARD 2023]
	a) $p + q = 1$	b) $p = 1, q = 1$	c) $p = q - 1$	d) $p + q + 1 = 0$
3.	For an event E, if $P(E)$	$+P(\bar{E})=q$, then the	value of $q^2 - 4$ is	[BOARD 2024]
	a) -3	b) 3	c) 5	d) -5
4.	A die is thrown once.	The probability of g	etting a number wh	ich is not a factor of
	36, is			[BOARD 2025]
	a) $\frac{1}{2}$	b) $\frac{2}{3}$	c) $\frac{1}{6}$	d) $\frac{5}{6}$
5.	Two dice are rolled tog	ether. The probabili	ty of getting sum of	numbers on two dice
	as 2, 3 or 5 is			[BOARD 2024]
	a) $\frac{7}{36}$	b) $\frac{11}{36}$	c) $\frac{5}{36}$	d) $\frac{4}{9}$
6.	Two dice are rolled to	gether. The probabi	lity of getting sum o	of two numbers to be
	more than 10 is			[BOARD 2024]
	a) $\frac{1}{9}$	b) $\frac{1}{6}$	c) $\frac{7}{12}$	d) $\frac{1}{12}$
7.	A pair of dice thrown.	The probability that	sum of numbers ap	pearing on top faces
	is at most 10 is			[BOARD 2025]
	a) $\frac{1}{11}$	b) 10/11	c) $\frac{5}{6}$	d) $\frac{11}{12}$
8.	Two dice are thrown to	gether. The probabi	lity that they show d	lifferent numbers is
				[BOARD 2024]
	a) $\frac{1}{6}$	b) $\frac{5}{6}$	c) $\frac{1}{3}$	d) $\frac{2}{3}$
9.	Two dice are thrown t	ogether. The probab	oility of getting the d	ifference of numbers
	on their upper faces ed	quals to 3 is		[BOARD 2023]
	a) $\frac{1}{9}$	b) $\frac{2}{9}$	c) $\frac{1}{6}$	d) $\frac{1}{12}$

10.Two dice are tosse	ed simultaneously.	The probability	of getting odd numbers on
both the dice is			[BOARD 2024]
a) $\frac{6}{36}$	b) $\frac{3}{36}$	c) $\frac{12}{36}$	d) $\frac{9}{36}$
11.In a single throw	of two dice, the pr	obability of get	ting 12 as a product of two
numbers obtained	is:		[BOARD 2023]
a) $\frac{1}{9}$	b) $\frac{2}{9}$	c) $\frac{4}{9}$	d) $\frac{5}{9}$
12.Letters A to F are	mentioned on six	faces of a die	such that each face has a
different letter. Tw	vo such die are th	rown simultan	eously. The probability that
vowels turn up on l	both the dice is		[BOARD 2025]
a) $\frac{1}{4}$	b) $\frac{1}{3}$	c) $\frac{1}{9}$	d) $\frac{1}{36}$
13.One card is drawn	at random from a w	ell shuffled decl	k of 52 cards. The probability
that it is a red ace	card is		[BOARD 2024]
a) $\frac{1}{13}$	b) $\frac{1}{26}$	c) $\frac{1}{52}$	d) $\frac{1}{2}$
14.A card is drawn at	random from a we	ll-shuffled pack	of 52 cards. The probability
that the card draws	n is not an ace is		[BOARD 2023]
a) $\frac{1}{13}$	b) $\frac{9}{13}$	c) $\frac{4}{13}$	d) $\frac{12}{13}$
15.A card is selected a	at random from a d	eck of 52 cards	. The probability of it being a
red face card is			[BOARD 2025]
a) $\frac{3}{13}$	b) $\frac{2}{13}$	c) $\frac{1}{2}$	d) $\frac{3}{26}$
16.A card is drawn at	random from a pa	ck of 52 cards.	What is the probability that
the card drawn is a	spade or a king?		[BOARD 2025]
a) $\frac{1}{13}$	b) $\frac{2}{13}$	c) $\frac{4}{13}$	d) $\frac{9}{13}$
17. If all the red face ca	ards are removed fro	om the deck of 5	52 cards, then the probability
of getting a black ja	ack from the remain	ing cards is	[BOARD 2025]
a) $\frac{2}{46}$	b) $\frac{2}{52}$	c) $\frac{4}{48}$	d) $\frac{2}{23}$
18. The probability of d	lrawing an even prin	ne number out	of numbers from 1 to 30 is
			[BOARD 2025]
a) $\frac{1}{30}$	b) $\frac{4}{15}$	c) $\frac{7}{30}$	d) 0
19. From the data 1, 4	, 7, 9, 16, 21, 25 if	all the even nu	mbers are removed, then the
probability of gettin	ng at random a prim	e number from	the remaining is

[BOARD 2024]

	a) $\frac{2}{5}$	b) $\frac{1}{5}$	c) $\frac{1}{7}$	d) $\frac{2}{7}$	
20.	If a digit is chosen at	random from the	digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,	6, 7, 8, 9 then the	
	probability that this di	git is an odd prime r	number is	[BOARD 2024]	
	a) $\frac{1}{3}$	b) $\frac{2}{3}$	c) $\frac{4}{9}$	d) $\frac{5}{9}$	
	3	3	,	,	
21.	A box contains cards 1	numbered 6 to 55. A	A card is drawn at ra	andom from the box.	
	The probability that th	e drawn card has a	number which is a p	erfect square is	
				[BOARD 2024]	
	a) $\frac{7}{50}$	b) $\frac{7}{55}$	c) $\frac{1}{10}$	d) $\frac{5}{49}$	
22.	One ticket is drawn a	t random from a ba			
	The probability that th	e selected ticket has	a number which is	a multiple of 7 is	
				[BOARD 2024]	
	a) $\frac{1}{7}$	b) $\frac{1}{8}$	c) $\frac{1}{5}$	d) $\frac{7}{40}$	
23.	A bag contains 3 red 1	balls, 5 white balls	and 7 black balls. T	he probability that a	
	ball drawn from the ba	g at random will be	neither red nor blac	k is [BOARD 2024]	
	a) $\frac{1}{3}$	b) $\frac{1}{5}$	c) $\frac{7}{15}$	d) $\frac{8}{15}$	
24.	A bag contains 5 red 1	oalls and n green ba	alls. If the probabilit	y of drawing a green	
	ball is three times that	of a red ball, then t	he value of n is	[BOARD 2023]	
	a) 18	b) 15	c) 10	d) 20	
25.	The number of red bal	ls in a bag is 10 mo	ore than the number	of black balls. If the	
	probability of drawing a red ball at random from this bag is $\frac{3}{5}$, then the total				
	number of balls in the	bag is		[BOARD 2025]	
	a) 50	b) 60	c) 80	d) 40	
26.	26.A bag contains red balls and black balls in the ratio 3:7. A ball is drawn at random.				
	The probability that ba	all so drawn is black	in colour, is	[BOARD 2025]	
	a) $\frac{3}{7}$	b) 0.3	c) 0.7	d) $\frac{1}{7}$	
27.	The probability of gues	ssing the correct and	swer to a certain tes	t question is $\frac{x}{6}$. If the	
	probability of not guessing the correct answer to this question is $\frac{2}{3}$ then the value of				
	x is			[BOARD 2024]	
	a) 2	b) 3	c) 4	d) 6	

28.The p	probability of gett	ing a bad egg in a l	lot of 400 eggs is 0	.045. The number of
good	eggs in the lot is			[BOARD 2024]
a) 18	3	b) 180	c) 382	d) 220
29.A girl	calculates that	the probability of h	er winning the first	prize in a lottery is
0.08.	If 6000 tickets ar	e sold, how many tio	ckets has she bough	it? [BOARD 2023]
a) 40)	b) 240	c) 480	d) 750
30.In a l	ottery, there are 5	prizes and 20 blanl	ks. The probability o	of getting a prize is
			[B	OARD 2023 & 2025]
a) $\frac{1}{4}$		b) $\frac{1}{20}$	c) $\frac{1}{25}$	d) $\frac{1}{5}$
31.If the	probability of the	e player winning a g	game is 0.79, then	the probability of his
losing	g the same game i	s		[BOARD 2024]
a) 1.	79	b) 0.31	c) 0.21%	d) 0.21
32.In a g	group of 20 people	e, 5 can't swim. If or	ne person is selected	d at random then the
proba	ability that he/she	e can swim is		[BOARD 2023]
a) $\frac{3}{4}$		b) $\frac{1}{3}$	c) $\frac{1}{4}$	d) 1
33.From	the letters of t	he word "MOBILE"	', a letter is selec	ted at random. The
			•	
proba		ected letter is vowel		[BOARD 2024]
probaa) $\frac{3}{7}$		ected letter is vowel	is	
a) $\frac{3}{7}$	ability that the sel	ected letter is vowel b) $\frac{1}{6}$	is c) $\frac{1}{2}$	[BOARD 2024]
a) $\frac{3}{7}$ 34.In a	ability that the sel	ected letter is vowel b) $\frac{1}{6}$	is $c) \frac{1}{2}$ coundary 7 times or	[BOARD 2024] d) $\frac{1}{3}$
a) $\frac{3}{7}$ 34.In a	ability that the sel	ected letter is vowel b) $\frac{1}{6}$ batsman hits the b	is $c) \frac{1}{2}$ coundary 7 times or	[BOARD 2024] d) $\frac{1}{3}$ at of the 42 balls he
a) $\frac{3}{7}$ 34. In a plays a) $\frac{1}{7}$	ability that the sel cricket match, a . The probability o	ected letter is vowel b) $\frac{1}{6}$ batsman hits the b of his not hitting a be	is $c) \frac{1}{2}$ coundary 7 times or oundary is $c) \frac{5}{6}$	[BOARD 2024] d) $\frac{1}{3}$ at of the 42 balls he [BOARD 2025]
a) $\frac{3}{7}$ 34. In a plays a) $\frac{1}{7}$ Option	ability that the selecticket match, a . The probability of	ected letter is vowel b) $\frac{1}{6}$ batsman hits the b of his not hitting a b b) $\frac{2}{7}$ and Reasoning Qu	is $c) \frac{1}{2}$ coundary 7 times or oundary is $c) \frac{5}{6}$ estions:	[BOARD 2024] d) $\frac{1}{3}$ at of the 42 balls he [BOARD 2025] d) $\frac{1}{6}$
a) $\frac{3}{7}$ 34. In a plays a) $\frac{1}{7}$ Option	ability that the selecticket match, a . The probability of	ected letter is vowel b) $\frac{1}{6}$ batsman hits the b of his not hitting a be b) $\frac{2}{7}$ and Reasoning Qu A) and reason(R) a	is $c) \frac{1}{2}$ coundary 7 times or oundary is $c) \frac{5}{6}$ estions:	[BOARD 2024] d) $\frac{1}{3}$ at of the 42 balls he [BOARD 2025]
a) $\frac{3}{7}$ 34. In a plays a) $\frac{1}{7}$ Option a)	cricket match, a . The probability of the probabili	ected letter is vowel b) $\frac{1}{6}$ batsman hits the b of his not hitting a be b) $\frac{2}{7}$ and Reasoning Qu A) and reason(R) a ssertion(A)	is $c) \frac{1}{2}$ coundary 7 times or oundary is $c) \frac{5}{6}$ estions: are true and reason	[BOARD 2024] d) $\frac{1}{3}$ at of the 42 balls he [BOARD 2025] d) $\frac{1}{6}$
a) $\frac{3}{7}$ 34. In a plays a) $\frac{1}{7}$ Option a)	cricket match, a . The probability of the probabili	ected letter is vowel b) $\frac{1}{6}$ batsman hits the b of his not hitting a be b) $\frac{2}{7}$ and Reasoning Qu A) and reason(R) a ssertion(A) A) and reason(R) ar	is $c) \frac{1}{2}$ coundary 7 times or oundary is $c) \frac{5}{6}$ estions: are true and reason	[BOARD 2024] d) $\frac{1}{3}$ at of the 42 balls he [BOARD 2025] d) $\frac{1}{6}$
a) $\frac{3}{7}$ 34. In a plays a) $\frac{1}{7}$ Option a)	cricket match, a . The probability of ons for Assertion Both assertion(explanation of a Both assertion(explanation of a	ected letter is vowel b) $\frac{1}{6}$ batsman hits the b of his not hitting a be b) $\frac{2}{7}$ and Reasoning Qu A) and reason(R) a ssertion(A) A) and reason(R) ar	is c) $\frac{1}{2}$ coundary 7 times or oundary is c) $\frac{5}{6}$ estions: are true and reason the true but reason (1)	[BOARD 2024] d) $\frac{1}{3}$ at of the 42 balls he [BOARD 2025] d) $\frac{1}{6}$
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 a) 3/7 34. In a plays a) 1/7 Option a) b) c) a) 35. Asset 	cricket match, a . The probability of the probabili	ected letter is vowel b) $\frac{1}{6}$ batsman hits the b of his not hitting a b b) $\frac{2}{7}$ and Reasoning Qu A) and reason(R) a ssertion(A) A) and reason(R) ar ssertion(A) true but reason (R) is false but reason (R) is false but reason (R) is	is c) $\frac{1}{2}$ coundary 7 times or oundary is c) $\frac{5}{6}$ estions: are true and reason the true but reason (in the second	[BOARD 2024] d) $\frac{1}{3}$ at of the 42 balls he [BOARD 2025] d) $\frac{1}{6}$ on(R) is the correct R) is not the correct

Reason (R): $P(E) + P(\bar{E}) = 1$.

[BOARD 2024]

36. **Assertion** (A): The probability that a leap year has 53 Sundays is $\frac{2}{7}$.

Reason (R): The probability that a non-leap year has 53 Sundays is $\frac{5}{7}$.

[BOARD 2023]

37. **Assertion** (A): The probability of selecting a number at random from the numbers 1 to 20 is 1.

Reason (R): For any event, if P(E) = 1, then E is called a sure event. **[BOARD 2025]**

2 marks:

- 1. In a pack of 52 playing cards one card is lost. From the remaining cards, a card is drawn at random. Find the probability that the drawn card is queen of heart, if the lost card is a black card.

 [BOARD 2024]
- 2. One card is drawn at random from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability that the card drawn
 - (i) is queen of hearts
 - (ii) is not a jack.

[BOARD 2024]

- 3. The king, queen and ace of clubs and diamonds are removed from a deck of 52 playing cards and the remaining cards are shuffled. A card is randomly drawn from the remaining cards. Find the probability of getting
 - (i) A card of clubs
 - (ii) A red coloured card.

[BOARD 2024]

- 4. While shuffling a pack of 52 cards, one card was accidently dropped. Find the probability that the dropped card
 - (i) Is not a face card.
 - (ii) Is a black king.

[BOARD 2025]

- 5. A carton consists of 60 shirts of which 48 are good, 8 have major defects and 4 have minor defects. Nigam, a trader will accept the shirts which are good but Anmol, another trader will only reject the shirts which have major defects. One shirt is drawn at random from the carton. Find the probability that it is acceptable to Anmol.

 [BOARD 2024]
- 6. A bag contains 4 red, 3 blue and 2 yellow balls. One ball is drawn at random from the bag. Find the probability that drawn ball is (i) red (ii) yellow. **[BOARD 2023]**

7. The probability of getting the correct answer of a certain test question is $\frac{x}{12}$. If the probability of not guessing the correct answer is $\frac{5}{6}$, then find the value of x.

[BOARD 2025]

8. A fair coin tossed twice, find the probability of getting at most one head?

[BOARD 2023]

- 9. Two friends Anil and Ashraf were born in the December month in the year 2010. Find the probability that
 - (i) They share same date of birth.
 - (ii) They have different date of birth.

[BOARD 2025]

3 marks:

- 1. Three coins are tossed simultaneously. What is the probability of getting
 - (i) At least one head?
 - (ii) Exactly two tails?
 - (iii) At most one tail?

[BOARD 2024 & 2025]

- 2. A box contains 90 discs which are numbered 1 to 90. If one disc is drawn at random from the box, find the probability that it bears a
 - (i) 2-digit number less than 40.
 - (ii) Number divisible by 5 and greater than 50.
 - (iii) A perfect square.

[BOARD 2024]

- 3. Three unbiased coins are tossed simultaneously. Find the probability of getting
 - (i) At least one head
 - (ii) Exactly one tail
 - (iii) Two heads and one tail.

[BOARD 2024]

- 4. Two dice are thrown at the same time. Determine the probability that the difference of the numbers on the two dice is 2. **[BOARD 2025]**
- 5. Two dice are rolled together. Find the probability of getting:
 - (i) a multiple of 2 on one and a multiple of 3 on the other die.
 - (ii) the product of two numbers on the top of the two dice is a perfect square number. [BOARD 2025]
- 6. All face cards of spades are removed from a pack of 52 cards and the remaining pack is shuffled well. A card is then drawn at random from the remaining pack. Find the probability of getting:

Prepared by: <u>H.Sabareesh (PGT Mathematics)</u>

- (i) A face card
- (ii) An ace or jack.

[BOARD 2025]

7. A jar contains 54 marbles, each of which is blue, green or white. The probability of selecting a blue marble at random from the jar is $\frac{1}{3}$, and the probability of selecting a green marble at random is $\frac{4}{9}$. How many white marbles does this jar contain?

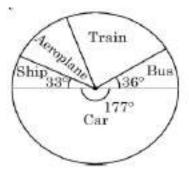
[BOARD 2024]

- 8. If 65% of the population has black eyes, 25% have brown eyes and the remaining have blue eyes, what is the probability that a person selected at random has:
 - (i) Blue eyes?
 - (ii) Brown or black eyes.

[BOARD 2025]

Case Based Questions:

 In a survey on holidays, 120 people were asked to state which type of transport they used on their last holiday. The following pie chart shows the results of the survey.
 [BOARD 2024]



Observe the pie chart and answer the following questions:

- (i) If one person is selected at random, find the probability that he/she travelled by bus or ship.
- (ii) (a) A person is selected at random. If the probability that he did not use train is $\frac{4}{5}$, find the number of people who used train.

OR

- (b) The probability that randomly selected person used aeroplane is $\frac{7}{60}$. Find the revenue collected by air company at the rate of Rs 5,000 per person.
- (iii) Which is most favorite mode of transport and how many people used it? 1
- 2. Computer-based learning (CBL) refers to any teaching methodology that makes use of computers for information transmission. At an elementary school level,

Prepared by: <u>H.Sabareesh (PGT Mathematics)</u>

computer applications can be used to display multimedia lesson plans. A survey was done on 1000 elementary and secondary schools of Assam and they were classified by the number of computers they had.

[BOARD 2023]



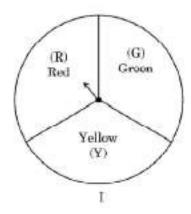
Number of Computers	1-10	11 - 20	21-50	51-100	101 and more
Number of Schools	250	200	290	180	80

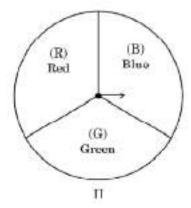
One school is chosen at random. Then:

- (i) Find the probability that the school chosen at random has more than 100 computers.
- (ii) (a) Find the probability that the school chosen at random has 50 or fewer computers.

OR

- (b) Find the probability that the school chosen at random has no more than 20 computers.
- (iii) Find the probability that the school chosen at random has 10 or less than 10 computers.
- 3. A middle school decided to run the following spinner game as a fund-raiser on Christmas carnival.
 - Making purple: Spin each spinner once. Blue and red make purple. So, if one spinner shows Red (R) and another Blue (B) then you 'win'. One such outcome is written as 'RB'. [BOARD 2023]





1

1

Based on the above information, answer for the following questions:

(i) List all possible outcomes of the game.

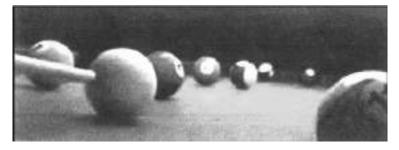
(ii) (a) For each win, a particular gets Rs 10, but if he/she loses, he/she has to pay Rs 5 to the school. If 99 participants played calculate how much fund could the school have collected.

OR

- (b) If the same amount of Rs 5 has been decided for winning or losing the game, then how much fund had been collected by school? (Number of participants=99).
- (iii) Find the probability of 'Making Purple'.

4. "Eight Ball" is a game played on a pool table with 15 balls numbered 1 to 15 and a "cue ball" that is solid and white. Of the 15 numbered balls, eight are solid (non-white) coloured and numbered 1 to 8 and seven are stripped balls numbered 9 to 15.

[BOARD 2023]



The 15 numbered pool balls (no cue ball) are placed in a large bowl and mixed, then one ball is drawn out at random.

Based on the above information answer the following questions:

((i)	What is the probability that the drawn ball bears number 8?	
•	. ,	J	

(ii) (a) What is the probability that the drawn ball bears an even number? 2

OR

- (b) What is the probability that the drawn ball bears a number, which is a multiple of 3?
- (iii) What is the probability that the drawn ball is a solid coloured and bears an even number?
- 5. Rahul is a lucky charm for his cricket team. He has a jar of cards with numbers from 10 to 74. Before each match, he draws a card from the jar. If the card bears an even number, the team wins. If the number is even and divisible by 5, they win by a big margin. If the number is an odd number less than 30, they win by a small margin. And if the number is a prime number between 50 and 74, they lose.

[BOARD 2025]



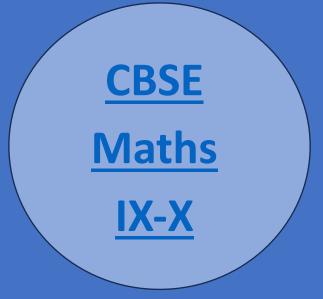
Answer the following questions if Rahul draws a card today:

- (i) What is the probability that Rahul draws a card with an even number? 1
- (ii) What is the probability that Rahul draws a card with an odd number less than 30?
- (iii) (a) What is the probability that Rahul draws a card with a prime number between 50 and 74?

OR

(b) What is the probability that Rahul draws a card with an even number divisible by 5?

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